Introduction

Hi everyone, I'm Lucy Bradshaw and I lead the Black devil Vere at EA. Over the course of the last year, we have been hiding in the basement working on a top secret project and we're very excited to finally show it to you today. It's called SimCity.

Creating a successful experience that always keeps a spin for SimCity - and the design decision that drives our development process for the game. You need to be able to update world-building elements in the franchise and we've taken great care to make sure that every time of the world is incredibly flexible.

To do this, we knew we had to make sure we put our heart and soul into the simulation, and the team created the most sophisticated simulation that we've ever built. Everything you see in the game is driven by the simulation. Every Sim has needs and feelings like excitement, boredom, anger, and even the crucial emotional state that we've come to refer to as a "bucket emotional focus on the mind."

There is a massive amount of complexity that plays out in this, and SimCity's world is by calibrating portions of the overlapping 4,00 services that create and evolve on the player's local computer.

Perhaps Cream Quigley, or Charlotte Church, won't ever see the road that was done but she's not event in a bubble. They share a region and affect one another. Sometimes Sims even form groups of neighboring regions, with a few allows us to make a fun but challenging game. Let's take a look at how we've been able to do this with the Glass Box engine.

Thanks

Lucy Bradshaw, SVP Maxis

Millions of people around the world have been playing SimCity since it first came out in 1989. It's been eight years since the last game in the series, SimCity Societies, and we've been working hard to bring you the next SimCity.

SimCity is about working cycles. It's a game of strategy, experimentation, creativity, and fun. The version of the game's issues and it's important to create an city that's unique to you. Each player will have a different vision for their city and will have to make decisions to find that, with the version of SimCity, people who played in the game so that we can introduce it to their children.

The game is easy to learn and immediately accessible, but not at "dumbed down," making SimCity a delight to veteran players. We've been working hard to make sure that the game is deep and has a lot of replay value. We've been playing it internally for a long time, and we're still finding new things to do.

There is no "right way" to play SimCity. One player may decide that she wants to maximize her city's population, while another may want to create the most beautiful city. Another player may want to build a huge industrial powerhouse.

You may wish to keep your Sims happy in such a paradise, or build a wildly profitable, crime-ridden city whose economy is entirely dependent on imports. It's entirely up to you. The only limit is your imagination. We've been very careful to make sure that there are many different ways to approach the game and that players can be successful in many different ways.

One thing you'll notice right away, the game is connected to maxis. Sims love to work and socialize, show-and-tell is very profession or provide an energy source. Societies arrive at Sims desires to spend Simoleons at your city's commercial and cultural buildings. Sims will become aware of different issues that affect their city, such as pollution or crime rates, and will begin to complain about them.

There are dozens of these systems, in fact, more than we've ever had with their own internal purpose. To give a sense of how deep the simulation is, I'll give you a couple of examples.

Each system in SimCity is clear and simple to understand. Build a Water Tower near that new aquifer and, as long as you've connected it to the grid, it will provide water to your Sims. Build a Power Plant and it will provide power to your city and all of the Sims' needs. As you build up your city, more systems and services are needed to keep the residents happy.

As one simple system feeds into another, the complexity of the game increases. An accident in a chemical factory contaminates the ground, such as Sims become angry and start to complain to City Hall. If you do not build a Police Station, Sim crimes will grow to a massive scale. Sim these systems are new, but we've continued to use city, but worked to the heart and the Sims.

This is why SimCity never gets old, and why players will continue to log in every day to see experiment with each terrain of the game and to see how their city has grown and changed. Every time you play SimCity, you'll have a new and unique experience. Each city is one-of-a-kind and entertainment and we've done to preserve the results of your decisions. Our goal is to

Do some right in and anything. I hope you enjoy playing the game as much as we've enjoyed designing it.

Stone Librarian, Lead Designer

SimCity is one of those games that transcends gaming. It's a game that is real and ideal to my heart. It's a franchise that I've been a huge fan of since I was a little kid playing it on my Commodore 64. I've been working on SimCity for a long time, and I'm very excited to finally show you today.

SimCity brought me about how cities work and I never knowed or even about in the same. Maxis gives me the tools to to anything I wanted, to which I can be completely creative and express myself.

With a little of my mouse, I was transformed into a highly-polished, planning highways, financial districts, and raising taxes. I'm an avid gamer of simulation, and I've been a huge fan of games like SimCity since I was a kid playing the original SimCity on my Commodore 64. I didn't even say cheated for Lincoln Square to work on the latest SimCity. Knowing that it wasn't built to

Another reason I love it? SimCity was all of these. It's a game that's a lot of fun, and a lot of work, but always driven – it's hard to know that I'm on my way to play and I'm done. This is because SimCity is also designed to change all of that. Cities are never finished, and SimCity is a game that's never finished. The cities are always

Now I'm a mid-level dev. I work on designing and creating new parts of the game. I'm also the Community Manager for the game, which means I'm the person who you'll see on the forums and in the videos.

Here's a new record of the collaborative effort and that it provides a better of what the game's various systems function and interact with one another. For example, did you know that you can connect garbage pipes for and Traffic Simulator? Or that you can connect Commercial Zones to Industrial Zones with Rail Lines? Or that you can connect Police Stations by connecting the centers of their jurisdictions, and then connecting them with Roads?

Experiment with strange combinations like a green city full of wind turbines powered by neighboring city, and a Stem Cell Research Center that's powered entirely by a Coal Power Plant. Or a Prison that's powered entirely by Solar Power. Or a city with an entirely new level of technology, but no roads.

Once you've mastered the ins and outs to playing a single city, try to be two cities, three cities, or more. Anyone familiar to you will appreciate the added depth that we've built into the game for the experts. Anyone new to SimCity will wonder how anyone could have played SimCity any other way.

The team here at Maxis has worked hard to bring you the most ground city builder. Enjoy!

Ocy Kalowsky, Senior Producer

A Message from the Author

Welcome to the official guide to SimCity, by Lucy and Stone here aficheil. His is the most ambitious SimCity and giving players an unprecedented amount of scope and control while encompassing the same level of creativity that has been a hallmark of the franchise since its inception in 1989.

We both got involved when we first saw SimCity and wanted to be a part of it. Stone was a huge fan of the guide on that, and I didn't see any chapters for Lincoln Square to work on the latest SimCity. Knowing that it wasn't built to

Another reason I love it? SimCity was all of these. It's a game that's a lot of fun, and a lot of work, but always driven – it's hard to know that I'm on my way to play and I'm done. This is because SimCity is also designed to change all of that. Cities are never finished, and SimCity is a game that's never finished. The cities are always

Now I'm a mid-level dev. I work on designing and creating new parts of the game. I'm also the Community Manager for the game, which means I'm the person who you'll see on the forums and in the videos.

As a SimCity veteran Stone likes to split in what is new to play the game. Innovative an imaginative vision and see to see how it all comes together, even the maps of the terrain and the regions that you can build your city on. Lucy and I had to know, both an employee on providing you with all the information you need to create the city and region you want.

The organization of the guide reflects this, as it is divided into three sections: Getting Started, Building Your City, and Advanced Gameplay. Each section builds upon the previous one, so you can read it from start to finish or skip around to the topics that interest you, or read it over to learn about topics that you're familiar with.

As all SimCity veterans know, there is no right or wrong way to play the game. Innovative an imaginative vision and see to see how it all comes together, even the maps of the terrain and the regions that you can build your city on. Lucy and I had to know, both an employee on providing you with all the information you need to create the city and region you want.

The organization of the guide reflects this, as it is divided into three sections: Getting Started, Building Your City, and Advanced Gameplay. Each section builds upon the previous one, so you can read it from start to finish or skip around to the topics that interest you, or read it over to learn about topics that you're familiar with.

As all SimCity veterans know, there is no right or wrong way to play the game. Innovative an imaginative vision and see to see how it all comes together, even the maps of the terrain and the regions that you can build your city on. Lucy and I had to know, both an employee on providing you with all the information you need to create the city and region you want.

What's New?

SimCity is a royal Wizarding that literally opens groundbreaks. Many of us who grew up with the game are now playing it side by side with our children, nephews, and nieces. While the essence of SimCity remains intact, the latest iteration adds several new and exciting dimensions even whenever of the most beloved of the franchise.

But don't worry, the game you know and love is still here. Instead of fundamentally changing the game, these additions simply add more depth and gameplay experience and expand the boundaries of the game.

Multi-City Play

You've not alone. Look at beyond your city and seek opportunities to trade and collaborate with other mayors in the region.

The concept that "no city exists in a bubble" comes alive with multi-city play. While regions aren't new to SimCity - the very first SimCity let you connect multiple cities together - the ability to interact with your neighbors is. Now you can share resources with your neighbors, work with them to build massive projects, and more.

Cities interact with each other in numerous ways. They can sell each other Simoleons and resources or share services with each other. Cities can also form alliances and build projects together. Cities can also collaborate on Great Works, building massive projects that require the resources of multiple cities. Finally, cities can compete with each other in challenges and projects.

Each city in the region is impacted by the actions of its neighbors. Cities can also suffer disasters that affect multiple cities at once. You can even trade Sims, learning from their successes and mistakes. Before long you'll begin thinking about the region as a whole, and develop ownership for Mayor of multiple cities in collaborating with friends and strangers!

Live Service

There's no need to manually save that masterpiece of a city - your game is automatically saved to the cloud.

As a core component to the franchise, SimCity requires a constant online connection to play - like most video games in 2013. While this is a departure from past installments, the benefits far outweigh any drawbacks, providing a truly integrated experience. Your game is always synced so that you can access your city from any computer, and you never have to worry about losing your progress.

One of the coolest features is the global market, a virtual marketplace where in-game resources are exchanged - the market is where you can purchase resources such as water supply and demand! Cities where there are more integrated, meaning that you can't just build a city and forget about it.

The game even declares you when players trade, potentially leaving for receiving consumptions. But don't worry. You can always choose to disable Trade if you're more interested in learning and experimenting - the choice offered in Hamilton mode marks the pure touch-style fostering.

City Specializations

Thanks to a variety, you'll Make as a thousand. If you're hoping to create millions in the particular business.

Proof of making an owner to 30 your city's borrowed? With the new specialization options you can now turn to a variety of alternative sources of income. Have an abundant, your city? Pursue the petroleum industry, providing more oil from the ground to export on the global market for a quick profit.

Or take that oil and process it in an Oil Refinery to produce plastic and fuel for even larger profit margins. By specializing in petroleum, metals, trade, electronics, or gambling, there's an exciting variety of economic avenues available. But you'll need to carefully evaluate how transportation, and other and to be a steady flow of resources from factories to

Modules

Each casino has a variety of modules to accommodating and bring more tourists into your city.

All new RCI buildings in the game can now be customized with modules to better meet the demands of your growing city. Each building can have up to three modules, and there are a variety to choose from. For example, a Residential building can have modules for Low Density, Medium Density, and Luxury Housing.

The game you much Sims control over how Office and City services are implemented and expanded. But these modules aren't just for RCI buildings. Each Service building can also be customized with modules. For example, a Police Station can have modules for Police Cars or Helicopters. It's a very flexible, if does work your city will allow it. Otherwise, you'll gain functions a by level the city is thriving cities.

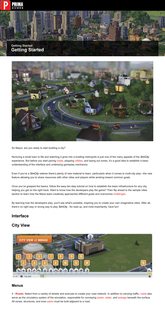
SimCity World

Check out the leaderboard to see how your cities and stack up against the competition.

SimCity World is the underlying network that lets everyone's gaming experience together through leaderboards, achievements, challenges, and the global market. There are a total of fifteen leaderboards tracking data and ranking players through a variety of categories including wealth, crime, and pollution, as well as all the city specializations.

This adds a competitive element to the game by players interested in sticking to the top of the rankings or at least nudging past their friends. Achievements and challenges offer optional goal-oriented tasks to complete, sometimes requiring the cooperation of other players in your region.

The global market tracks the prices of resources based on real-time supply and demand. This makes the import/export game mechanics more dynamic and interesting, as you'll have to keep an eye on the market to get the best deals. SimCity World leaves the game fresh, always presenting new tasks and experiences in every city whether or your own.



Getting Started

Hi Mayor, are you ready to start building a city?

Nurturing a small town in its slot and being it grow into a bustling metropolis is just one of the many appeals of this SimCity Buildit guide. Whether you're looking to expand your city, or you're just starting out, we've got you covered with all the tips and tricks you need to start becoming a great city planner.

Even if you're a SimCity veteran there's still a lot you need to learn, particularly when it comes to how to effectively use the new Districts and Specializations features. Let's get started!

Once you've grasped the basics, follow the way-to-max tutorial or look to establish the best software that you can. Whether you're looking to build a city that's the envy of your friends or you're looking to [Get Simoleons Fast](), we've got you covered with all the tips and tricks you need to start becoming a great city planner.

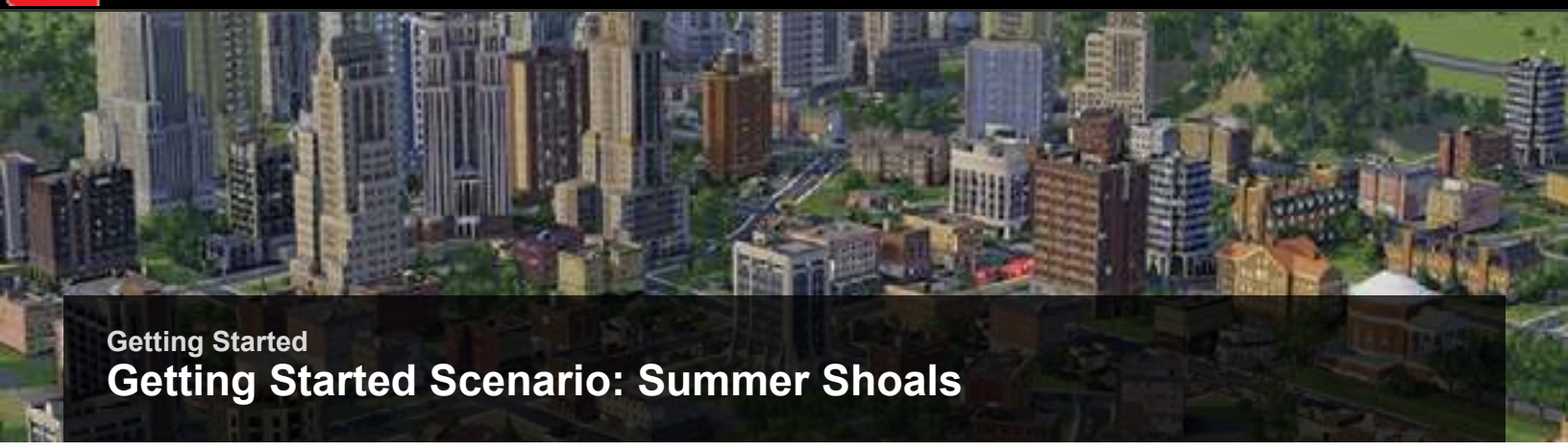
By learning how the developers play you'll also be rewarded in-game, and you'll unlock your own Megalopolis. After all, there's no right way or a way that is SimCity. No real ay, and most importantly, have fun!

Interface

City View

Menus

- **Avatar:** Select from a variety of styles and avatars to create your own avatar. In addition to avatar outfits, mark also serve as the occasion pattern of the simulation, responsible for conserving [power, water,](), and [service]() towards the surfaces. Each building has a unique [Service Coverage]() requirement.
- **Zones:** Use the [Zones]() to build your city. Residential zones will grow [Sims]() when [Road Stubs]() are built on them. Commercial zones will grow [Simoleons]() when [Road Stubs]() are built on them.
- **Power:** Use will you your own [Oil Clouds from Rich Zoal, Ore Stone, and Bunnies From Plants.]() Some [buildings]() require [Power]() to operate. Power is provided by [Power Plants]() and [Power Lines]() and can be [Upgraded]() and [Maintained]() with [Upgrade Kits]() and [Maintenance Kits]().
- **Water:** Whether you build a [water tower]() or [Water Pumping Station]() all cities require [water.]() Will a [Water Tower]() provide water to a small area, a [Water Pumping Station]() can provide water to a large area. Water is provided by [Water Towers]() and [Water Pipes]() and can be [Upgraded]() and [Maintained]() with [Upgrade Kits]() and [Maintenance Kits]().
- **Garbage:** Build a [Garbage Facility]() to keep your city clean. Garbage is provided by [Garbage Facilities]() and [Garbage Trucks]() and can be [Upgraded]() and [Maintained]() with [Upgrade Kits]() and [Maintenance Kits]().
- **Service:** Build a [Service Outpost]() to provide [Police]() and [Fire]() protection to your city. Service is provided by [Police Stations]() and [Fire Stations]() and can be [Upgraded]() and [Maintained]() with [Upgrade Kits]() and [Maintenance Kits]().
- **Alarm Disaster:** Will [damage]() to the [generated]() [Mayor]() [Simoleons]() [Simoleons]() [Simoleons



Getting Started

Getting Started Scenario: Summer Shoals

You may have noticed the... protesters. Our last mayor left the city in a terrible state. We're hoping you can fix it up for us.
TOWN HALL

Can you save Summer Shoals? Learn the basics of city management by completing this step-by-step tutorial.

Jumping into the seat of a small town mayor is no easy task…especially when your predecessor didn't know what they were doing. Such is the situation in Summer Shoals, a quaint seaside community with big problems. The previous mayor has been run out of town and you've been brought in to clean up the mess.

When you first start *SimCity* , you're prompted to play through this short scenario, which takes you through a step-by-step process of getting Summer Shoals on the right track. In addition to familiarizing you with the basic controls, the tutorial also covers the fundamentals of establishing and maintaining a functional city.

Here you'll learn the importance of connecting your city to the region's highway as well as providing vital utilities and city services. The scenario also touches on the interaction between neighboring cities in the region, giving you a glimpse at the nearby city of Lucky Shores.

Overall, spending some time in Summer Shoals is a great idea whether you're a *SimCity* veteran or a rookie. The lessons learned here will carry over to your own cities, serving as a cautionary tale of what happens when a mayor neglects his or her duties.

Guide

Building Your Own City

by Jeroen Staring and Maarten Stapper, Frontier Developers

Jeroen Staring and Maarten Stapper from Frontier Developers share their experiences on how to design and build your own city. Starting with the basics, they explain how to lay out roads, design buildings and how to make your city look great.

In each of the sections they will discuss the design decisions we made for the game and how you can apply them to your own city.

Cities Series

Cities Series

Cities Series is a series of city building games published by Frontier Developers. The first game in the series, Cities: Skylines, was released in March 2015 and was followed by Cities: Skylines - Parklife Edition in March 2017. Cities: Skylines - Industries was released in October 2017.

Cities: Skylines is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Before Regular

Before Regular

Before Regular is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Before Regular is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Before Regular is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Bird's Eye Regular

Bird's Eye Regular

Bird's Eye Regular is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Bird's Eye Regular is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Bird's Eye Regular is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Cities City

Cities City

Cities City is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Cities City is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Cities City is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Starting a New City - 1.2 Steps to Success

1. Survey and Planning
2. Zoning in Detail
3. Roads Construction
4. Area Decoration Props
5. Utilities
6. Public Transport
7. Garage
8. Travel Hall
9. Waste Disposal
10. City Services

1. Survey and Planning

Survey and Planning

Survey and Planning is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Survey and Planning is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Survey and Planning is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

2. Zoning in Detail

Zoning in Detail

Zoning in Detail is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Zoning in Detail is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Zoning in Detail is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

3. Roads Construction

Roads Construction

Roads Construction is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Roads Construction is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Roads Construction is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

4. Area Decoration Props

Area Decoration Props

Area Decoration Props is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Area Decoration Props is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Area Decoration Props is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

5. Utilities

Utilities

Utilities is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Utilities is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Utilities is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

6. Public Transport

Public Transport

Public Transport is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Public Transport is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Public Transport is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

7. Garage

Garage

Garage is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Garage is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Garage is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

8. Travel Hall

Travel Hall

Travel Hall is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Travel Hall is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Travel Hall is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

9. Waste Disposal

Waste Disposal

Waste Disposal is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Waste Disposal is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Waste Disposal is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

10. City Services

City Services

City Services is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

City Services is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

City Services is a city building game where you design and build your own city. You can zone areas for residential, commercial and industrial use, and you can build roads, public transport, utilities, and services. You can also manage your city's budget and policies.

Become Build City Scale

Get Inspiration, Learn and Improve!

Getting Started
A Tale of Two Cities

Rome wasn't built in a day, and in *SimCity* , no city is built overnight. Instead, cities go through different stages of development, starting out as quaint small towns, and growing into sprawling urban centers packed with skyscrapers. In this section we take a look at the multi-stage development and specialization of two very different cities.

As Mayor, it's your decision to choose how your city develops. Will you emphasize education and high tech? Or will your rely on natural resources and city specialization to develop an industrial juggernaut?

Starting city

Green terrain
Flat area with lots of tretes.
No coal
No easy way to generate extra revenue.
Plenty of water
Player never needs to worry about water shortages.

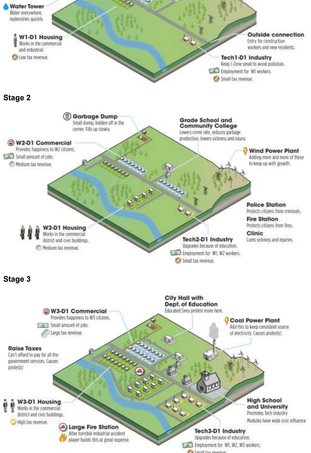
Berkeley: High Tech City

Berkeley is located on an relatively flat piece of land, making it easy to develop. However, other than wind and water, the city has no significant natural resources such as raw ore, coal, or crude oil. This city grows utilizing a balanced RCI approach, relying largely on tax revenue to pay for utilities and city services.

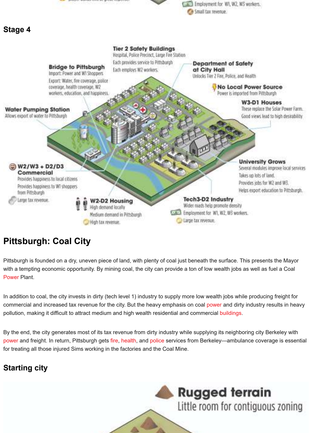
Emphasizing education, the city builds a Community College, allowing for the growth of clean (tech level 2) industry, supplying the city with jobs. Later, the addition of a University spurs the growth of high tech (tech level 3) industry, offering even more jobs.

With the increased tax revenue from more prosperous residential and commercial zones, advanced city services like the Hospital, Large Fire Station, and Police Precinct can be funded. By the final stage, the city can extend its fire, health, and police services to the neighboring city of Pittsburgh. In return, Pittsburgh supplies Berkeley with power.

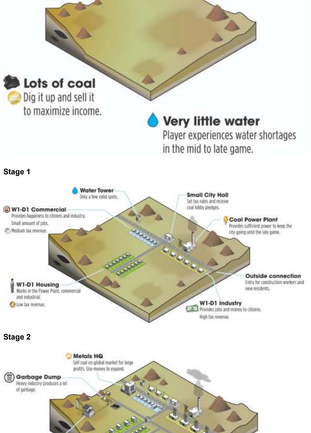
Stage 1


Small City Hall
Set tax rates and receive cash safety pledges.
W1-D1 Commercial
Provides happiness to W1 citizens.
Small amount of jobs.
Low tax revenue.
Wind Power Plant
Provides only a small, inconsistent amount of power.
Water Tower
Water everywhere, supersizes quickly.
Outside connection
Entry for construction workers and new residents.
W1-D1 Housing
Works in the commercial and industrial.
Low tax revenue.
Tech1-D1 Industry
Keep I-Zone small to avoid pollution.
Employment for W1 workers.
Small tax revenue.

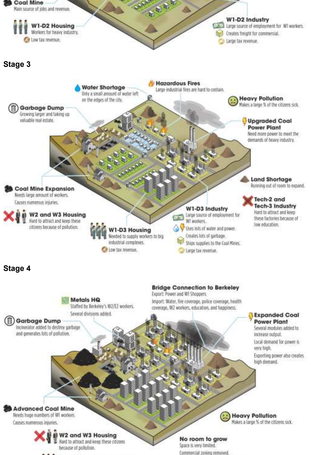
Stage 2


Garbage Dump
Small dump, hidden off in the corner. Fills up slowly.
Grade School and Community College
Lowers crime rate, reduces garbage production, lowers sickness and injury.
W2-D1 Commercial
Provides happiness to W2 citizens.
Small amount of jobs.
Medium tax revenue.
Wind Power Plant
Adding more and more of these to keep up with growth.
Police Station
Protects citizens from crimes.
Fire Station
Protects citizens from fires.
Clinic
Cures sickness and injuries.
W2-D1 Housing
Works in the commercial district and civic buildings.
Medium tax revenue.
Tech2-D1 Industry
Upgrades because of education.
Employment for W1, W2 workers.
Small tax revenue.

Stage 3


City Hall with Dept. of Education
Educated Sims protect more here.
W3-D1 Commercial
Provides happiness to W3 citizens.
Small amount of jobs.
Large tax revenue.
Cool Power Plant
Add this to keep consistent source of electricity. Causes protests!.
Raise Taxes
Can't afford to pay for all the government services. Causes protests!
High School and University
Promotes Tech Industry
Modules have wide civic influence
W3-D1 Housing
Works in the commercial district and civic buildings.
High tax revenue.
Large Fire Station
Allow horrible industrial accident power builds fire at great expense.
Tech3-D1 Industry
Upgrades because of education.
Employment for W1, W2, W3 workers.
Small tax revenue.

Stage 4


Tier 2 Safety Buildings
Hospital, Police Precinct, Large Fire Station
Each provides service to Pittsburgh
Each employs W2 workers.
Bridge to Pittsburgh
Import, Power and W1 Shoppers*
Export: Water, fire coverage, police coverage, health coverage, W2 workers, education, and happiness.
Department of Safety at City Hall
Unlocks Tier 2 Fire, Police, and Health
No Local Power Source
Power is imported from Pittsburgh
Water Pumping Station
Allows export of water to Pittsburgh
W3-D1 Houses
These replace the Solar Power Farm. Good views lead to high desirability
University Grows
Several modules improve local services Takes up lots of land.
Provides jobs for W2 and W3.
Helps export education to Pittsburgh.
W2/W3 + D2/D3 Commercial
Provides happiness to local citizens
Provides happiness to W1 shoppers from Pittsburgh
Large tax revenue.
W2-D2 Housing
High demand locally
Medium demand in Pittsburgh
High tax revenue.
Tech3-D2 Industry
Water needs help generate density
Employment for W1, W2, W3 workers.
Large tax revenue.

Pittsburgh: Coal City

Pittsburgh is founded on a dry, uneven piece of land, with plenty of coal just beneath the surface. This presents the Mayor with a tempting economic opportunity. By mining coal, the city can provide a ton of low wealth jobs as well as fuel a Coal Power Plant.

In addition to coal, the city invests in dirty (tech level 1) industry to supply more low wealth jobs while producing freight for commercial and increased tax revenue for the city. But the heavy emphasis on coal power and dirty industry results in heavy pollution, making it difficult to attract medium and high wealth residential and commercial buildings.

By the end, the city generates most of its tax revenue from dirty industry while supplying its neighboring city Berkeley with power and freight. In return, Pittsburgh gets fire, health, and police services from Berkeley—ambulance coverage is essential for treating all those injured Sims working in the factories and the Coal Mine.

Starting city

Rugged terrain
Little room for contiguous zoning
Lots of coal
Dig it up and sell it to maximize income.
Very little water
Player experiences water shortages in the mid to late game.

Stage 1

Water Tower
Sits a few valid spots.
Small City Hall
Set tax rates and receive cual lobby pledges.
W1-D1 Commercial
Provides happiness to citizens and industry.
Small amount of jobs.
Medium tax revenue.
Coal Power Plant
Provides cheap power to keep the city going until the late game.
Outside connection
Entry for construction workers and new residents.
W1-D1 Housing
Works in the Power Plant, commercial and industrial.
Low tax revenue.
W1-D1 Industry
Provides jobs and money to citizens.
High tax revenue.

Stage 2

Metals HQ
Sell coal on global market for large profits. Use money to expand.
Garbage Dump
Moves industry produces a lot of garbage.
Coal Mine
Main source of jobs and revenue.
W1-D2 Housing
Workers for heavy industry.
Low tax revenue.
W1-D2 Industry
Large source of employment for W1 workers.
Creates freight for commercial.
Large tax revenue.

Stage 3

Water Shortage
Area a small amount of water left on the edges of the city.
Hazardous Fires
Large industrial fires are hard to contain.
Heavy Pollution
Makes a large % of the citizens sick.
Garbage Dump
Growing larger and taking up valuable real estate.
Upgraded Coal Power Plant
Need more power to meet the demands of heavy industry.
Land Shortage
Running out of room to expand.
Coal Mine Expansion
Needs large amount of workers. Causes numerous injuries.
Tech-2 and Tech-3 Industry
Hard to attract and keep these factories because of low education.
W2 and W3 Housing
Need to attract and keep these citizens because of pollution.
W1-D3 Housing
Needed to supply workers to big industrial complexes.
Low tax revenue.
W1-D3 Industry
Large source of employment for W1 workers.
Uses lots of water and power.
Creates lots of garbage.
Ships supplies to the Coal Mines.
Large tax revenue.

Stage 4

Bridge Connection to Berkeley
Export: Power and W1 Shoppers*
Import: Water, fire coverage, police coverage, health coverage, W2 workers, education, and happiness.
Metals HQ
Staffed by Berkeley's W2/L2 workers. Several divisions added.
Expanded Coal Power Plant
Several modules added to increase output.
Local demand for power is very high.
Exporting power also creates high demand.
Garbage Dump
Incinerator added to destroy garbage and generates lots of pollution.
Advanced Coal Mine
Needs huge numbers of W workers Causes numerous injuries.
Heavy Pollution
Makes a large % of the citizens sick.
W2 and W3 Housing
Need to attract and keep these citizens because of pollution.
No room to grow
Space is very limited.
Commercial zoning removed.
Incinerator needed to remove garbage.
Berkeley replaces local services.
W1-D3 Housing Everywhere
Huge demand for W1 workers.
Low tax revenue.

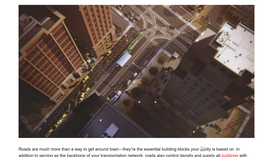
Sponsored Links

Ugly Bug Ball Trailer | Official Wolfenstein: II Prison Pinball
Bethesda Softworks

Ugly Bug Ball Trailer | Official Wolfenstein: II Prison Pinball

Bethesda Softworks

Wolfenstein: II The New Colossus Trailer



Roads are much more than a way to get around town—they're the essential building blocks your [city](#) is based on. In addition to serving as the backbone of your transportation network, roads also control density and supply all [buildings](#) with [water](#), [power](#), and [sewage](#) service.

Given their significance, nothing in the city can be built without proper road access. In this chapter we take a close look at the different roads available, as well as considerations relating to [road construction](#), density, and congestion.

Road Selection

There are two different types of roads to choose from: streets and avenues. Each road is designed to carry a specific volume of traffic, determined by how many lanes it offers. The flow of traffic is also affected by whether the road is equipped with stop signs or traffic lights at intersections. The roads also support different density [buildings](#), giving you control over how quickly your city grows. Here's a quick look at the different roads available as well as some helpful advice on where to use each one.

Tip

Follow road guides to maximize your city's density.

Low Density Dirt Road

- **Cost:** $ 2
- **Number of Lanes:** 1
- **Maximum Density Supported:** Low
- **Description:** This dirt-cheap narrow road supports low density zones with only stop signs at intersections.

This road is best reserved for areas where you're expecting little to no traffic. While you can construct zones along this road, it isn't recommended, unless you're going for that rustic shotgun shack appeal. Instead, consider building this dirt road out to your [Sewage](#) Outflow Pipe or your *Wind* or *Solar* [Power](#) Plant—these [power](#) plants require no deliveries, keeping traffic to a minimum. If necessary, this road can later be upgraded to a Low Density Street.

Low Density Street

- **Cost:** $ 4
- **Number of Lanes:** 2
- **Maximum Density Supported:** Low
- **Description:** This narrow two lane road supports low density zones with only stop signs at intersections.

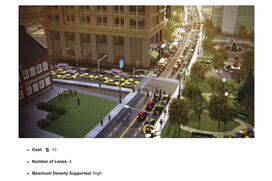
Want to create that perfect suburban neighborhood? This is the street you want! The Low Density Street is the perfect choice when constructing low density residential areas filled with small single family houses. However, do your best to avoid creating too many intersections. The stop signs on these streets interrupt the flow of traffic and may lead to congestion, particularly in the mornings and evenings as Sims travel to and from work.

Medium Density Street

- **Cost:** $ 8
- **Number of Lanes:** 4
- **Maximum Density Supported:** Medium
- **Description:** This narrow four lane road supports up to medium density zones with only stop signs at the intersections.

This street is very versatile, ideal for serving the transportation needs of a growing city. When starting out, these streets are great for connecting your commercial and industrial areas. With four lanes, the street doubles the capacity of the Low Density Street, allowing for medium density [buildings](#) and steadier flow of traffic. But like the Low Density Street, work to minimize intersections to avoid congestion caused by the stop signs.

High Density Street



- **Cost:** $ 10
- **Number of Lanes:** 4
- **Maximum Density Supported:** High
- **Description:** This narrow four lane road supports high density zones with traffic lights at intersections. This road cannot be upgraded further.

Although this street only has four lanes, identical to the Medium Density Street, the [introduction](#) of traffic lights greatly increases the flow of traffic, helping ease congestion in crowded corridors. Before building or upgrading to a High Density Street, pay close attention to the impact caused by increasing the density of adjacent zones. Creating this street may prompt the construction of high density residential, commercial, and industrial [buildings](#), drawing more traffic and congestion to the area. If you're satisfied with the density of the adjoining zones, you may want to rezone those areas to prohibit growth.

Medium Density Avenue

- **Cost:** $ 10
- **Number of Lanes:** 4
- **Maximum Density Supported:** Medium
- **Description:** This wide four lane road supports medium density zones with traffic lights at intersections.

When beginning a new city, the Medium Density Avenue is the ideal choice when connecting to the regional highway. This avenue is capable of supporting the high volume of traffic coming off the highway, plus the tree-lined median is a nice, aesthetically pleasing touch to the entrance of your city. Additionally, when your city grows, the Medium Density Avenue is a High Density Street, this avenue is often preferable because it can later be upgraded to accommodate heavier traffic as well as [streetcars](#). But avenues are also much wider, making them difficult to build in already developed areas without bulldozing existing structures. Plan ahead and figure out where to build your avenues before [zoning](#).

High Density Avenue

- **Cost:** $ 20
- **Number of Lanes:** 6
- **Maximum Density Supported:** High
- **Description:** This wide six lane road supports high density zones with traffic lights at intersections.

When experiencing gridlock on your Medium Density Avenue, consider upgrading it to this avenue to ease congestion. The addition of two extra lanes may not sound like much, but it can make all the difference during rush hour, even if it means the elimination of that quaint tree-lined median. But like the High Density Street, this avenue supports high density [buildings](#). So before upgrading to this avenue, consider the consequences of increasing the density in the adjoining residential, commercial, and industrial zones. In addition to drawing more traffic, high density [buildings](#) often require more [water](#) and [power](#) while outputting more garbage and [sewage](#).

High Density Streetcar Avenue

- **Cost:** $ 30
- **Number of Lanes:** 6
- **Maximum Density Supported:** High
- **Description:** This wide six lane road supports high density zones with traffic lights at intersections. Streetcar tracks running down the center provide support for streetcar stops.

This avenue performs identically to the High Density Avenue, but the addition of streetcar tracks down the center median allows more Sims to share the road. Before you can take advantage of [streetcars](#) you must first construct a Streetcar Depot—available in the [Mass Transit](#) menu—adjacent to this avenue. Streetcar stops can then be constructed along the avenue's median, giving Sims a place to board and disembark from the streetcar. As ridership increases, fewer and fewer cars appear on the avenue, reducing congestion. Running a streetcar system isn't cheap, but it's a worthwhile investment when attempting to counter gridlock due to high population and [tourists](#).

Note

Once constructed, roads incur no hourly operational cost. However, it does cost to upgrade streets and avenues.

Road Type	Cost	Bridge Cost	Fancy Bridge	Tunnel Cost
Low Density Dirt Road	$ 2	$ 10	$ 11	$ 14
Low Density Street	$ 4	$ 12	$ 13	$ 16
Medium Density Street	$ 8	$ 16	$ 17	$ 20
High Density Street	$ 10	$ 18	$ 19	$ 22
Medium Density Avenue	$ 10	$ 26	$ 28	$ 34
High Density Avenue	$ 20	$ 36	$ 38	$ 44
High Density Streetcar Avenue	$ 30	$ 46	$ 48	$ 54
Streetcar Tracks	$ 10	$ 18	$ 19	$ 22
Heavy Rail Tracks	$ 20	$ 28	$ 29	$ 32

Roads
Road Construction

Select the desired road type from the Roads menu to begin construction. Make sure the selected road can accommodate the traffic and desired density for the area.

Roads are purchased from the Roads menu. There are several types of roads available, and each serves a purpose. Hover over each option to view its name, a description, and how many Simoleons it takes to lay a single stretch of road. Select your preferred road, and then click the left mouse button and drag the road to where you'd like to place it.

How much the total stretch of road costs is shown above your cursor. Release the left mouse button to build. Click the right mouse button to cancel. The type of road can drastically change the zoning density in the city. The wider the road, the more traffic it can handle, affecting how quickly your city can be populated.

The higher your population, the more money you can acquire. Keep in mind the value and density of each zone as you lay down roads.

Tip

Want to build a bridge? Simply draw a road across a body of water within your city site. Bridges can also be used to span canyons and other challenging geographical features. Tunnels are created in the same fashion when drawing a road through steep terrain.

Road Tools

Use the Circle tool to create to create ring-shaped road systems, using the road guides to determine proper spacing between each road.

You can lay curved, arced, rectangular and even circle roads. Click the Line, Curve, Arc, Rectangle, or Circle icons on the left side of the menu to adjust the shapes of the roads you can draw. The Curve and Arc tools allow you to build curved streets, while the Rectangle tool can lay down entire city blocks, perfect for creating a quick grid layout.

The Circle tool is ideal for creating elliptical and perfect circular roads. Select the road type, then click and drag along the ground to pave the road. Press SHIFT to quickly toggle the selected tool—or simply click on the desired tool on the left side of the menu. Remember to leave enough space for houses, shops, and factories as you start creating city grids.

Road Guides

A neighboring city with a Department of Transportation has earned approval for Pebble Bend to use advanced mass tra
$1,837

The white dotted road guides are helpful tools when creating new roads. Follow the guides to optimize spacing for zoning.

As you lay down roads, you'll see white dotted lines appearing nearby. Hover the mouse over a road to make the guides appear. These lines are suggested guides for additional roads. Use them to help with spacing. Spacing is particularly important when zoning residential, commercial, and industrial areas.

If a zone is too cramped, there may not be enough room to build additional houses, shops, or factories within a block, resulting in empty unused space. It may not seem like much early on, but undeveloped space is essentially a wasted piece of land, generating no tax revenue for your city.

The better planned out your roads are, the more organized your city. Press ALT to toggle the guides on/off, or simply click on the Guides box below the road tools options.

Tip

Start with cheaper streets, then use the Road Selector tool to upgrade as traffic increases.

Tip

Medium Density Avenues make a good region connection because they can be upgraded later.

Upgrading/Downgrading Roads

As traffic builds up, use the Road Selector tool to upgrade existing roads. There's no need to bulldoze unless you want to replace a street with an avenue.

As your city grows, traffic increases along your road network, leading to congestion. Upgrading your roads is important because cluttered streets can cause problems, including slowing down fire or police services or delaying assistance from neighboring cities. Fortunately, you don't have to bulldoze existing roads in order to upgrade or downgrade them.

By using the Road Selector tool, also available in the Roads menu, you can select any road segment and determine its density. Simply click on the Road Selector tool and then select any stretch of road you wish to upgrade or downgrade. A small window appears above the selected road giving you options to upgrade or downgrade.

Upgrades always cost more money, but downgrades are performed free of charge. Due to the difference in width, streets cannot be upgraded into avenues and avenues can't be downgraded to streets. If you wish to replace a street with an avenue, you'll need to bulldoze the existing street as well as any buildings that are in the way.

For this reason it's a good idea to carefully plan the placement of your avenues, constructing them before you really need them. At the very least, set aside open land to construct avenues in the future. To avoid costly demolitions, make a habit of placing expensive buildings such as Hospitals, Bus Terminals, and landmarks next to avenues instead of streets. You can also use the Road Selector tool to upgrade bridges.

Tip

Roads equipped with stoplights allow for much smoother flow of traffic. All avenues and the High Density Street are equipped with stoplights.

Traffic Jams

Look for flashing yellow and red road segments to identity areas of congestion. Perhaps it's time to upgrade roads or roll out a mass transit solution?

If your road network is experiencing congestion, the Roads menu button will flash yellow or red, depending on the severity of the situation. Once the Roads menu is open, you can see certain segments of road in your city flashing yellow or red. Yellow segments indicate areas where congestion is becoming a problem.

Red segments show areas where traffic has reached a gridlock state, with little or no movement. Take these warnings as a cue to upgrade these road segments to better accommodate high volumes of traffic. But even upgrading your city's roads may not be enough to completely eliminate congestion. As traffic increases along your road network, consider turning to mass transit options to reduce the number of vehicles on your roads.

Note

During some hours of the day your roads can look deserted. But during the 6-8AM commute they can become gridlocked. When looking for upgrade opportunities, pay attention to the time of day.

Roads

Road Planning and Management

The construction of your road network is one of the most important elements of developing an efficient and prosperous city. Before you start randomly drawing roads across your empty city site, take some time to think through design and ask yourself a few basic questions relating to your city's infrastructure.

Where will your city get water? Where will you build your power plant? What about sewage and waste disposal? Roads must be created to support these basic utilities of city infrastructure. Taking it a step further, consider what kind of city specializations your city can support by studying the tiles maps.

If you plan to drill for oil or mine ore and coal, those facilities will also need to be connected to your road network. In a sense, each city site is a puzzle and, as the player, it is up to you to figure out where all the pieces go and how they fit together. A rudimentary plan of your road network at the outset can save you a lot of time and money in the long run. In this section we take a look at a few considerations to keep in mind while constructing and expanding your city's road network.

Tip

Dirt roads are useful for remote buildings that don't require many workers, like Water Towers.

Transportation Overview

Keep a close eye on your road system. In some instances road upgrades may not be enough to alleviate gridlock. It may be time for a mass transit station.

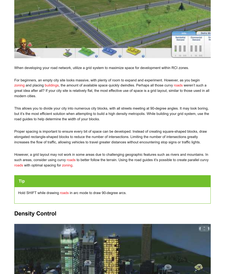
SimCity is all about movement, and the core function of your road network is to transport Sims resources throughout your city. To understand the significance of roads it's first important to grasp the interconnected relationship between the various RCO buildings in your city. Sims live in residential zones and must travel to industrial or commercial zones to work at a job.

Factories in industrial zones create goods called freight. This freight must then be shipped to shops in commercial zones where these manufactured goods are purchased by Sims with money they earned at their jobs. Roads are absolutely essential for carrying out the cycle, not to mention the intricate supply chain concerns associated with city specializations like drilling and mining.

As Mayor, there's a lot of issues vying for your attention, but a serious accident's effect to slow down and stop the flow of transportation throughout your city should be considered one of the most critical issues to be addressed quickly.

Failure to address problems with the city's road network may lead to a serious economical downturn as shops and factories go out of business and Sims lose their jobs, all leading to lower revenue from taxes. So it literally pays to keep a close eye on your roads.

Highway Connection



Placing interconnections too close to your highway connection can lead to major backups on the highway.

When starting a new city from scratch, your first line of business is connecting the city to the regional highway by constructing a road. The task is relatively simple and straightforward as the early stage may have the consensus as your city grows.

First of all, make sure you choose the right kind of road when making the connection to the highway. The Medium Density Avenue is the best choice for connecting your city to the highway. With four lanes and traffic lights, this avenue can handle the volume and travel time flowing in and out of your city at steady rate.

Plus, the avenue can later be upgraded to accommodate more vehicles and even streetcars. Next, avoid placing any cross streets too close to the highway connection. Even with traffic lights, intersections can become bottlenecks, potentially leading to backups on the highway.

Instead, let traffic flow into your city with minimal interruptions. As your city expands, consciously limit the number of intersections along the avenue connected to the highway.

Grid Layout

When developing your road network, utilize a grid system to maximize space for development within RCO zones.

For beginners, an empty city site looks massive, with plenty of room to expand and experiment. Soon, however, as huge zoning and buildings, the amount of available space quickly diminishes. Perhaps all those zoning tools weren't such a good idea after all? Any city veteran can tell you that the most effective use of space is a grid layout, similar to those seen in all modern cities.

This allows you to divide your city into numerous city blocks, with all streets meeting at 90-degree angles. It may look boring, but it's the most efficient solution when attempting to build a high density metropolis. While building your grid system, use the road guides to help determine the width of your blocks.

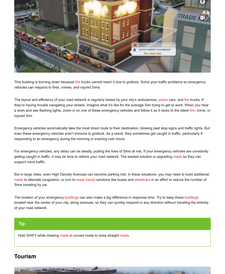
Proper spacing is important to ensure every bit of space can be developed. Instead of creating square-shaped blocks, three staggered rectangular grid blocks is reduce the number of intersections. Limiting the number of intersections progressively increases the flow of traffic, allowing vehicles to travel greater distances without encountering stop signs or traffic lights.

However, a grid layout may not work in some areas due to challenging geographic features such as rivers and mountains. In this case, you'll have to improvise and bend the rules a little bit to fit the terrain. Using the road guides it's possible to create partial curves with split-optimal spacing for zoning.

Tip

Hold SHIFT while drawing roads in an mode to draw 90-degree arcs.

Density Control



All cities experience growing pains when increasing density. Make sure your roads, utilities, and city services are capable of handling the increased density.

One of the most important functions of roads is their ability to control density in adjoining residential, commercial, and industrial zones. Unlike previous installments where this was controlled by zoning for different densities, this time around density is governed by the roads assigned to that zone.

This helps ensure the nearby roads are capable of handling the traffic associated with larger buildings. As previously discussed, each road can support the different densities. But if you want to create a city with only low and medium density, you build roads that allow a maximum of medium density. This automatically puts on the brakes, preventing out-of-control growth, regardless of the zone.

There may be instances where you need the traffic benefits of a high density road, but want to maintain the current low and medium density buildings in the area. If such is the case,use the Decrease tool (in the Zones menu) to remove the zoning from the area you want to prevent from growing.

This essentially bans the buildings preventing them from altering the next level of density, regardless of which road is present. Keep in mind that this option, always take into account the composition of nearby buildings. Increasing a density. With greater density comes greater problems, such as increased traffic, power/water consumption, and garbage/sewage output.

Tip

If you're not careful, upgrading multiple roads in a short span of time could lead to a massive increase in density, putting a sudden strain on city utilities and services.

Utilities

Nobody wants to get stuck behind a slow-moving garbage or recycling truck. Consider upgrading your two-lane roads if congestion becomes an issue.

In addition to carrying your Sims around town, your city's road network is also responsible for conveying all crucial utilities to every building. Access the Power, Water, or Sewage menus to view these vital services circulating beneath the city streets. Any road that is marked to construct any building or zone, all buildings are automatically connected to these utilities by default.

There's no need to construct a separate pipe or power line system. However, deficits in these utilities can still lead to outages. Usually buildings farthest from the source are the first to be affected. For instance, a factory on the west side of town will likely be the first to lose power. Keep this in mind when you're planning out where to place new buildings. Buildings closest to the utility source are less likely to be affected by such setbacks.

Garbage and recycling trucks also rely on the road system to function. Unlike utilities, these vehicles don't require roads. Dirt roads will work just fine. However, always take into account the composition of nearby buildings when planning to develop. With greater density comes greater problems, such as increased traffic, power/water consumption, and garbage/sewage output.

This is the building is burning down because fire trucks cannot reach it due to gridlock. Solve your traffic problems so emergency vehicles can respond in time, contain fires, and save lives.

The layout and efficiency of your road network is regularly tested by your city's ambulances, police cars, and fire trucks. If they're having trouble navigating your streets, imagine what it's like for the average Sim trying to get to work. When you hear reports that emergency vehicles, even in one or two of these emergency vehicles and follow it as it makes its way to the latest fire, crime, or accident.

Emergency vehicles automatically take the most direct route to their destination, blowing past stop signs and traffic lights. But even these emergency vehicles aren't immune to gridlock. As a result, they sometimes get caught in traffic, particularly if responding to an emergency during the morning or evening rush hours.

For emergency vehicles, any delay can be deadly, putting the lives of Sims at risk. If your emergency vehicles are constantly getting caught in traffic, it may be time to rethink your road network. The easiest solution is upgrading roads so they can support more traffic.

But in large cities, even High Density Avenues can become parking lots. In these situations, you may need to build additional roads. Alternatively, consider one of the transit solutions like buses and streetcars in an effort to reduce the number of Sims traveling by car.

The location of your emergency buildings can also make a big difference in response time. Try to keep these buildings located near the center of your city, along avenues, so they can quickly respond in any direction without traveling the entirety of your road network.

Tip

Hold SHIFT while drawing roads in curved mode to draw straight roads.

Tourism

Culture buildings like the Expo Center draw large numbers of tourists into your city. Implement a mass transit system before constructing these attractions in order to minimize the consequences of cars and taxis clogging your roads.

No matter how well planned or designed, even the most robust road network cannot handle a massive influx of tourists. If the highway in your city's only connection to the region, tourists can only arrive by car and taxi, often leading to backups on your roads and even the highway.

Gridlock caused by the arrival of tourists can absolutely cripple your city, blocking emergency vehicles and preventing Sims from getting to work. Even if you're not a big fan of mass transit, consider implementing one. Benefits ranging from shipping freight to shops, leading to the failure of buildings in your industrial and commercial zones.

Therefore, don't try to attract tourists until your city has the transportation infrastructure required to handle large numbers of visitors. Construction of a Bus Terminal or Passenger Train Station reduces the number of cars and taxis flooding your city streets while helping ease large numbers of tourists to your city's attractions.

Roads: Points to Remember

- Roads carry traffic (cars, power, and sewage).
- Roads can be upgraded to handle more traffic.
- Roads can be upgraded with the Road Detector tool.
- Buildings won't upgrade in density unless they are in zones along roads which support that density.
- Bridges and tunnels can be built over roads or through mountains—just drag a road across them.

Road to SimCity Success

Chris Schmidt, Tuning Designer

Hey everyone! My name is Chris Schmidt and I am a Tuning Designer here at Maxis. I work closely with the Scripting and QA teams to refine and improve SimCity by tweaking the gameplay and smoothing out the rough edges as we approach completion. Before working on SimCity, I worked on Spore, Sim Ant, Sim Earth, Sim Safari, Sim Golf, Sim Tunnels, and a few unannounced titles. I've been in the industry for a long time!

I am here to talk about roads, zones, and density. We have ditched the grid in favor of our new agent-based system powered by the Clausewitz Engine that allows us to take a more "ground up," road-centric approach.

To better get acquainted with how this works, let me first explain how roads affect density. With the new road-centric approach, players can get the same functionality they used to get by zoning by density, but instead of using different zone densities, we think density is road based.

Zones and player-placed buildings can only be created on tiles existing infrastructure, since our new agent system uses the roads for living (power, water, sewage, and the agents themselves to and from your buildings).

As for the roads themselves, we have two size categories of road, each of which has their own upgrade path. We have the small roads (which start out as dirt roads and move on up through four tiers: roads with traffic lights), and we have the larger roads (which start out with boulevards and can be upgraded up to avenues with streetcar tracks like you'd see in Market Ville New Riverside).

The dirt roads and two lane roads are limited to the lowest density buildings, and each upgrade thereafter gets you to the next density. So, for example, the Two Lane Road can support low density and medium density buildings, and can be upgraded to support the high density buildings as well.

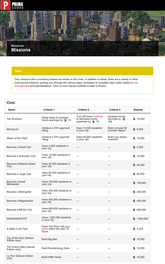
In addition to allowing higher density buildings to be built, upgrading your roads will also improve your intersections, as higher tier roads will create straight intersections, and lower tier roads will generally have stop signs to regulate traffic. Upgrading your roads is a great way to improve the flow of traffic through your city, and traffic flowing is a major concern as to where they're needed.

Since we no longer have a grid to work from, it was important to us to make sure that traditional SimCity players still had the tools they needed to make the most efficient use of their space, and to that end, I've come up a grid or taking advantage of the new Curvy Road tool to work around some of the more challenging terrain features.

As a result we have a new road guide that appears once you have placed your first road to show you the optimal placement for roads to create the most efficient use of space. Additionally, we have added a new Curvy Road tool which is a tool to build out a grid in less parallel curves, and the distance is calculated based on the depth away from the road that the cursor can grow.

Since larger buildings have larger depths, and the roads themselves are two different sizes, I have curvy width the Curvy Road and the Small Road tool operate at different scales. But to make the grids work out as nicely as possible, we have made it so that the Curvy Road tool can be adjusted to be slightly smaller or larger than the Small Road. This is so that you can make sure you have a little extra space behind it at first, but don't overly. But those tweakers you'll get as a kid, your city will grow into it.

I hope this gives you a better sense of how much control you have over roads and density in SimCity. We've worked hard to make this system as friendly and intuitive as possible to both new players and city-building veterans. From everyone here at Maxis and Electronic Arts, we hope you enjoy SimCity. We've had a blast developing it and can't wait to hear feedback coming up with new ways to lay out our cities, and can't wait to see what you guys come up with.



Season
Wildworks

Note:

This network will completely transmit and stream in the year 2. In addition to News, there are a variety of new programming and updating. Click on the Network Name to see more details on its management and specifications. Click on the Show Name to see more details on its management.

Civic

Name	Criteria 1	Criteria 2	Criteria 3	Criteria 4	Results
Tax Simulator	Have less than 5 lines	Is not a Residential Zone	You do receive a tax bill from the Federal Government	Have a Tax Rate of 0%	$ 5,000
Moving 47	Achieve a 75% approval rating	—	—	—	$ 5,000
Point a Fire Hose	Achieve a 75% approval rating	—	—	—	$ 5,000
Become a Small City?	Have 5,000 residents in your city	—	—	—	$ 5,000
Become a Suburban City	Have 10,000 residents in your city	—	—	—	$ 5,000
Become a Medium-Sized City	Have 25,000 residents in your city	—	—	—	$ 5,000
Become a Large City?	Have 50,000 residents in your city	—	—	—	$ 5,000
Become a Large Metropolitan City	Have 100,000 residents in your city	—	—	—	$ 100,000
Become a Huge City	Have 250,000 residents in your city	—	—	—	$ 250,000
MASSAGEMONY	Have 500,000 residents in your city	—	—	—	$ 1,000,000
A Walk in the Park	Have 200 Trees and your residents are happy	—	—	—	$ 500
Tag All Those Jobless Bums	Build Big Ben	—	—	—	$ 1,000
Tag All Those Jobless Bums	Build Mid-Century Cafe	—	—	—	$ 1,000
Tag Those Jobless Bums	Build Eiffel Tower	—	—	—	$ 1,000
Tag Those Jobless Bums	Build Arc de Triomphe	—	—	—	$ 1,000
Tractor Pull	Increase the number of Industrial Zones by 10	—	—	—	$ 1,000

City Services

Name	Criteria 1	Criteria 2	Criteria 3	Criteria 4	Results
Fireworks Show	Have a Fire Station	—	—	—	$ 10,000
Firework Fun!	Have less than 5 fires	—	—	—	$ 10,000
Firework Fun!	Have less than 5 fires	—	—	—	$ 10,000
You're Fired!	Eliminate all traffic from Fire Station	Put out a Fire	—	—	$ 10,000
Use Fire Hose	Put out a fire	—	—	—	$ 10,000
Building Rain	Build a Fire Station	Put out a fire	—	—	$ 10,000

Education

Name	Criteria 1	Criteria 2	Criteria 3	Criteria 4	Results
College Town Start	Build a Town Hall	Build a Public School	Have 50 citizens graduate	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Bus Depot	Add a second School Bus to your Public School	Build two School Bus Depots	Have 100 citizens graduate from College	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Bus Depot	Add a second School Bus to your Public School	Build two School Bus Depots	Have 100 citizens graduate from College	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Dorms	Add a Dormitories to the Public School	Build a Public Library to the Public School	Have 200 citizens graduate from College	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Dorms	Build a high School	Add a School Bus to your Public School	Have 200 citizens graduate from College	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Dorms	Add a Dormitories to the Public School	Build a Public Library to the Public School	Have 200 citizens graduate from College	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Graduation	Build a Community College	Add an Dormitory Wing to the Community College	Have 500 citizens graduate from College	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Graduation	Build a Community College	Add an Dormitory Wing to the Community College	Have 500 citizens graduate from College	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Sports	Increase the number of Recreational Zones by 10	Increase the number of Commercial Zones by 10	Have 1,000 citizens graduate from College	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Sports	Build a Nuclear Power Plant	Have no unpowered buildings	—	—	$ 10,000
College Town: Sports	Have no unpowered buildings	—	—	—	$ 10,000
New Energy Source	Have no unpowered buildings	Build a High School	Build a Public Library	—	$ 10,000

Specialization: Metals

Name	Criteria 1	Criteria 2	Criteria 3	Criteria 4	Results
Gold Train Display	Build a Coal Mine	Build a Steel Mill	Have a Steel Mill that produces 100 steel per day	Achieve Record Steel Production	$ 10,000
Gold Train Fuel Depot	Build a Clinic	Have Clinics accredited by the Federal Government	—	—	$ 10,000
Gold Train Fuel Depot	Build a Train Depot	Have Clinics accredited by the Federal Government	Sell 10,000 of fuel at the Train Depot	—	$ 10,000
Gold Train: Head to Coal Mine	Build a Coal Mine	Have 50 tons of coal in the Coal Mine	Build a Metals HQ	—	$ 10,000
Gold Train: Head to Steel Mill	Upgrade Town Hall to City Hall	Add a Factory that produces Steel to your Steel Mill	—	—	$ 10,000
Gold Train: Head to Steel Mill	Build a Hospital	Add a Factory that produces Steel to your Steel Mill	Successfully treat 5 citizens at the Hospital	—	$ 10,000
Gold Train: Steel Mill	Increase your steel output by 100 units per day	Upgrade the Metals HQ to Regional Metals HQ	Have 100 tons of steel in the Steel Mill	—	$ 10,000
Coal Town: Ice Mine	Build an Advanced Coal Mine	Employ 90% of your citizens	Sell 50 tons of coal	—	$ 17,000
Build Train Tracks	Build a Train Depot	Build a Train Track	Have a Train Depot with 5 Train Tracks	—	$ 10,000
Coal Town: Ice Mine	Build an Advanced Coal Mine	Employ 90% of your citizens	Sell 50 tons of coal	—	$ 17,000
Coal Town: Train Yard	Build a Train Depot	Upgrade the Metals HQ to Regional Metals HQ	Have 100 tons of steel in the Steel Mill	—	$ 10,000
Coal Town: Train Yard	Build a Train Depot	Upgrade the Metals HQ to Regional Metals HQ	Have 100 tons of steel in the Steel Mill	—	$ 10,000
Coal Town: Train Yard	Build a Bowling Alley	Have 100 tons of steel in the Steel Mill	Sell 100 tons of steel	—	$ 10,000
Coal Town: Train Yard	Build a Train Depot	Have 100 tons of steel in the Steel Mill	Sell 100 tons of steel	—	$ 10,000
Coal Town: Train Yard	Add a Railway Train Garage	Have 100 tons of steel in the Steel Mill	Sell 100 tons of steel	—	$ 10,000
Coal Town: Train Yard	Add a Train Car Terminal	Have 100 tons of steel in the Steel Mill	Sell 100 tons of steel	—	$ 10,000
Coal Town: Train Yard	Add a Train Car Terminal	Have 100 tons of steel in the Steel Mill	Sell 100 tons of steel	—	$ 10,000

Specialization: Petroleum

Name	Criteria 1	Criteria 2	Criteria 3	Criteria 4	Results
Oil Fields: Put in a Refinery	Build a Train Depot	Build a Train Track	Have a Train Depot with 5 Train Tracks	Earn $ 50,000 in profit from the Refinery	$ 10,000

Utilities

Before you start zoning, take a moment to ask yourself a few basic questions pertaining to your city's infrastructure.

Where will your city get power and water? How will you dispose of sewage and garbage? As mayor, you need to address these issues soon after connecting your city to the regional highway. And since most utilities lower land value and spread pollution, it's a good idea to establish your utility infrastructure before you set aside land for houses, shops, and factories.

In this chapter we take an in-depth look at power, water, sewage, and waste disposal, explaining how each system works, as well as detailing the differences between the various buildings and their associated modules.

Fig. 1.1 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.2 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.3 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.4 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.5 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.6 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.7 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.8 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.9 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

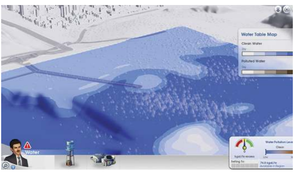
Fig. 1.10 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.11 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig. 1.12 - Overview of the Oil Refinery and Petrochemical Complex. Source: Author's own work.

Fig.

Utilities
Water



The Water menu shows the flow of water circulating throughout your city while the Water data map shows the water table beneath your city.

Sims aren't the only ones who get thirsty. Without a constant and dependable water supply, many buildings will cease to function. You can pump water directly from the water table beneath your city—access the Water data map to see underground aquifers. Most city sites have plenty of water just beneath the surface. By placing a Water Tower or Water Pumping Station over an aquifer, you can supply your city with a steady supply of refreshing water.

All data relating to water production and availability is visible within the Water info tab, on the right side of the Water menu. The analog gauge here represents the surplus amount of water flowing through your system, measured in kilogallons (kgal). As long as the needle on this gauge stays within the green area, you have more than enough water. But if the needle moves into the yellow or red zones, you may be facing a water shortage. Build another Water Tower or purchase water from a neighboring city in the region—the amount of surplus water available in the region is also shown.

Water is susceptible to contamination, originating from ground pollution. The info tab also keeps track of how much pollution is in the water. If pollution gets high, you may see an increase in sick Sims due to germs in the water. Address pollution by keeping your water pumping facilities far from sources of ground pollution, like the Garbage Dump or Sewage Outflow Pipe. Pollution can also be filtered out of the system by constructing the Water Filtration module at a Water Pumping Station. Deal with polluted water as quickly as possible to avoid a massive germ outbreak.

While the water menu is open you can also view the water flowing beneath your city's streets. Water is represented by blue lines, with small branches entering buildings along each road. The blue circles beneath each building represent water demand—the larger the blue circle, the greater the demand. With a simple glance at your city you can quickly view usage and identify outages. If there's enough water in the system, all buildings are served. However, if there's a shortage, buildings farthest from your water source will be the first to suffer shortages. Act quickly to address deficits in your water system to prevent buildings from becoming abandoned due to lack of water.

Water Tower

- **Cost:** § 3,500
- **Operational Cost:** § 100 per hour
- **Average Water Pump Rate:** 6 kgal/hr
- **Description:** Pumps a decent amount of water from the water table to your city. Beware of ground pollution, which can carry sickness-transmitting germs.

The Water Tower is a simple, no-frills solution to your city's water needs. These structures are cheap and small, making it easy to expand your water coverage with the construction of additional Water Towers.

When a Water Tower is selected from the Water menu, the Water data map is automatically activated, showing all aquifers beneath your city, appearing as blue pools—the darker the blue, the more water available. Before plopping a Water Tower, make sure you place it directly over a dark blue aquifer.

Also, avoid placing the Water Tower anywhere near sources of ground pollution. This means keeping it far away from your Garbage Dump and Sewage Outflow Pipe. If placed in an area of high ground pollution, the water pumped is contaminated, spreading germs to all Sims who drink it. This can cause a massive public health crisis, leading to overfilled Clinics and Hospitals as sick Sims seek treatment for sickness.

Tip

Given their small footprint, Water Towers can be placed on steep, uneven terrain, unsuitable for zoning or other structures. If you can't place anything else there, you might as well build Water Towers.

Water Pumping Station

- **Cost:** § 44,000
- **Operational Cost:** § 400 per hour
- **Average Water Pump Rate:** 80 kgal/hr
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Town Hall in the region.
  - Town Hall upgraded to a City Hall in the region.
  - Department of Utilities in the region.
- **Description:** Thirsty? Quench it with this large, expandable water production facility. With all the extra water, you could make a bit of extra income selling water to neighboring cities.

If your network of Water Towers isn't cutting it, consider upgrading to the far more efficient Water Pumping Station—you'll need a Department of Utilities in the region first. Although this facility is much larger than a Water Tower, it produces high volumes of water, capable of quenching the thirst of any sized city.

Capacity can even be increased by adding extra Basic Water Pump modules. The Filtration Pump module can also be added to remove any contaminants caused by ground pollution. But don't bulldoze those old Water Towers just yet. It may take a while for the Water Pumping Station to reach peak efficiency.

If you suspect ground pollution may contaminate your water supply, build the Water Pumping Station with a Filtration Pump module at the outset, removing the existing Basic Water Pump at the same time. The Filtration Pump filters out 100% of all contaminants, ensuring your city's water supply is safe. But if you're running a Basic Water Pump as well, contaminants may get through. So make sure you replace all Basic Water Pumps with Filtration Pumps.

Modules

Basic Water Pump

- **Cost:** § 30,000
- **Operational Cost:** § 200 per hour
- **Average Water Pump Rate:** 80 kgal/hr
- **Maximum Modules:** 6 (one comes with base)
- **Description:** If there's still water in the water table, add another Basic Water Pump to extract more to meet your city's needs or sell it to the region.

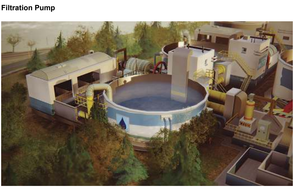
Tip

Plop your Water Towers and pumps away from ground pollution.

Note

Water Towers and Water Pumping Stations built next to rivers have an unlimited supply of water.

Filtration Pump



- **Cost:** § 60,000
- **Operational Cost:** § 400 per hour
- **Average Water Pump Rate:** 80 kgal/hr
- **Maximum Modules:** 6 (one comes with base)
- **Description:** Everyone needs water, but if your ground is polluted, you don't want to drink germs! This filters out all contaminants as it pumps, sending mostly clean water to your city.

Water: Points to Remember

- Place Water Towers to provide water.
- RCI buildings that don't get enough water will go abandoned.
- If a building doesn't get water it will stop providing services.
- Dark blue areas of the Water map hold the most water.
- Rain will replenish the water table.
- Rivers and lakes supply unlimited water.
- Water Towers on polluted ground will make many Sims sick.
- A city creating water makes its excess water available to its neighbors.
- Purchase water with the Buy button in Region View.
- Cities pay a fee to their neighbors for water they purchase.
- Cities only buy the amount of water they need.
- Cities automatically increase the amount of water they buy as needs increase.

Utilities
Sewage

The brown blobs beneath your city's road system are raw sewage. Don't let sewage build up in the pipes, otherwise it will become ground pollution.

It may be unpleasant to think about, but shortly after your Sims gain access to water, they'll begin converting it into raw sewage. This sewage builds up in the pipes beneath your road system, appearing as brown blobs when the Sewage menu is open.

If ignored, the sewage will eventually back up, creating ground pollution all over your city. Not only are Sims disgusted by the sight of sewage pooling in their yards and streets, they can also get sick from it due to the spread of germs.

So as Mayor, it's your job to make sure sewage is moved out of the pipes and into a designated disposal area. Build a Sewage Outflow Pipe to dump raw sewage onto an open piece of land far from your residents. Or collect it at a Sewage Treatment Plant and dispose of it properly. If you don't want to deal with sewage at all, simply buy service from a neighboring city in the region.

For all information relating to your city's sewage system, reference the info tab within the Sewage menu. The analog gauge here shows the excess capacity of your sewage system, measured in kilogallons (kgal). Keep the needle in the green to ensure sewage is flowing properly through the pipes with no backups.

But if the needle moves into the yellow or red zones, you may be facing a flow or capacity problem—build another Sewage Outflow Pipe or add another Sewage Treatment Tank to your Sewage Treatment Plant to fix the problem. The info tab also shows the percentage of sewage being treated—make sure this reads 100% if you have a Sewage Treatment Plant. If it doesn't read 100%, your facility may be over capacity or understaffed, resulting in ground pollution. You can also see the amount of sewage capacity available for purchase in the region, if you decide to send your sewage elsewhere.

While the info tab reveals a wealth of information, simply opening the Sewage menu and watching the brown blobs flowing beneath your city streets is usually adequate to spot deficiencies in your system. As long as these blobs are moving at a steady rate, things are working well.

But if movement of sewage is slow or stagnant, you need to address the problem quickly by increasing capacity. As your city grows, it will produce more and more sewage. As high density buildings start popping up, periodically click on the Sewage menu to ensure your system is still handling the increased flow streaming from new high rises.

Sewage Outflow Pipe

- **Cost:** § 3,500
- **Operational Cost:** § 100 per hour
- **Maximum Sewage Flow Rate:** 11.7 kgal/hr
- **Maximum Ground Pollution Rate:** 120,000 ppm/hr
- **Description:** Converts sewage into ground pollution. Better in a spot you pick than backing up in John and Jane Q. Public's backyard.

Until a Department of Utilities has been built in the region, the Sewage Outflow Pipe is the only option for handling a city's sewage problem. This utility pumps raw sewage out of the pipe system and simply dumps it onto an open piece of land, creating plenty of icky ground pollution in the process.

As a result, keep the smelly Sewage Outflow Pipe far away from your population centers to prevent the spread of germs. Speaking of germs, never build a Water Tower or Water Pumping Station near the Sewage Outflow Pipe. Ground pollution seeps into the water table and can contaminate your water source.

Pumping polluted water throughout your city is a surefire way to trigger a massive public health crisis. To avoid water contamination, access the Ground Pollution data map to view the pollution surrounding the Sewage Outflow Pipe. Ground pollution spreads beyond the utility, but eventually stops—you don't need to worry about ground pollution spreading over a vast area.

But no matter how crowded your city is, it's a good idea to keep some open space around the Sewage Outflow Pipe. This allows ground pollution to spread without serious consequences.

Sewage Treatment Plant

- **Cost:** § 64,000
- **Operational Cost:** § 400 per hour
- **Maximum Sewage Treatment Rate:** 52.5 kgal/hr
- **Maximum Sewage Flow Rate:** 70.5 kgal/hr
- **Ground Pollution Output:** None
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Town Hall in the region.
  - Town Hall upgraded to a City Hall in the region.
  - Department of Utilities in the region.
- **Description:** What kind of civilized city dumps their waste into a field? Clean that sewage before disposing of it with this Sewage Treatment Plant. If you don't want a sewage spill, be mindful of its capacity!

If reducing ground pollution is a concern, and it should be, build the Sewage Treatment Plant as soon as possible—you'll need a Department of Utilities in the region first. Unlike the Sewage Outflow Pipe, this facility treats raw sewage in massive treatment tanks, removing all waste and contaminants.

When functioning properly, the Sewage Treatment Plant produces no ground pollution, returning treated water to the water table. But if the facility loses power or water, is understaffed, or reaches capacity, raw sewage may spill from the tanks, creating ground pollution.

Keep a close eye on this facility to ensure it's functioning properly. Click on the building to open its information window. Here you can see the current capacity of the facility. Hard data is also displayed showing the total amount of sewage processed, including sewage that has been treated and untreated. If any amount of processed sewage is going untreated, consider adding an additional Sewage Treatment Tank.

Once your Sewage Treatment Plant is functioning, remember to turn off or bulldoze your old Sewage Outflow Pipes to stop polluting the ground.

Modules

Sewage Treatment Tank

- **Cost:** § 40,000
- **Operational Cost:** § 200 per hour
- **Maximum Sewage Treatment Rate:** 52.5 kgal/hr
- **Maximum Modules:** 7 (one comes with base)
- **Ground Pollution Output:** None
- **Description:** Ew! Holds even more sewage water! Increase your Sewage Treatment Plant's capacity, so it doesn't overflow with human waste.

Sewage: Points to Remember

- Sims create sewage.
- Sewage Outflow Pipes collect sewage but don't treat it.
- Uncollected sewage creates ground pollution.
- Germs from ground pollution make Sims sick and unhappy.
- A city providing sewage treatment can take in sewage from other cities.
- Send sewage for treatment with the Buy button in Region View.
- Cities pay a fee to their neighbors for sending their sewage.

Tip

If your Sewage Outflow Pipe is clogged, plop another but be sure to keep your first one.

Utilities

Waste Disposal

Keep an eye on the Waste Disposal's fill rate to ensure all garbage cans and recycling bins are being collected each day. If not, it may be time to expand coverage with additional trash collectors.

Garbage can't be very germ-separating nuisance accumulating throughout your city. All [buildings](#) subject garbage, appearing as [Trash Piles](#) in the streets. If you don't address this problem soon, the number of garbage piles will increase along with ground pollution.

In addition to spreading germs, uncollected garbage also increases the risk of fires, potentially forcing you to expand [fire](#) coverage unnecessarily. Furthermore, garbage can also ruin the business making certain [buildings](#) less effective. So soon after starting a new city, construct a Garbage Dump to deal with this issue before it gets out of hand.

Later on you can even construct a Recycling Center, reducing the amount of garbage collected while producing utility, metal, and plastic for use in industry or for pure profit.

The info box in the Waste Disposal menu displays the information you need to know about your garbage and recycling services. The top number shows the daily number of garbage cans collected out of the total number of garbage cans in the city.

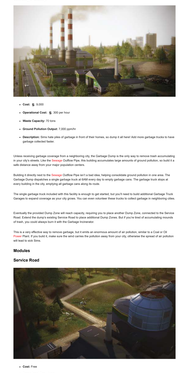
If every garbage can has been collected by the end of each day, you're doing a good job. But if there are several cans not collected each day, expand coverage with more garbage trucks—or even additional Garbage Truck Garages or your Garbage Dump.

The same goes for the second number in the info tab showing the number of recycling bins collected daily out of the total number of recycling bins. If many recycling bins are going uncollected each day, then more recycling collectors focus by building additional Recycling Collection Truck Garages at your Recycling Center.

When the Waste Disposal menu is open, you can see how many garbage and recycling collection trucks driving around the city, and how much garbage and recycling each one. A few truck expansion areas each truck—garbage trucks are marked with a brown icon and recycling trucks with a blue icon.

Each truck leaves its respective facility at 8AM each day and begins its work. Monitor the trucks' movement along service box area streets, as their progress is occasionally impeded by traffic congestion, with trucks who have to retrace each route. If your trucks are getting stuck in traffic frequently, consider upgrading affected roads with the Road Services tool.

Garbage Dump



- **Cost:** $ 3,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 50 per hour
- **Waste Capacity:** 75 tons
- **Ground Pollution Output:** 7,000 pounds
- **Description:** Serves as the center of garbage in front of their homes, so during it all hand-fed trucks garbage trucks to have garbage collected faster.

Building a Garbage Dump is the cheapest way to start dealing with your city's garbage problem. The garbage truck stops at every building in the city, emptying all garbage cans along its route.

The single garbage truck included with the facility is enough to get started, but you'll need to build additional Garbage Truck Garages to expand coverage as your city grows. You can even volunteer these trucks to collect garbage in neighboring cities.

Eventually the provided Dump Zone will reach capacity, requiring you to place another Dump Zone, connected to the Service Road. Each Dump Zone can hold 75 tons of garbage, and you can place up to 3 Dump Zones. But if you have that many accounts of trash, you could always turn it with the Garbage Incinerator.

This is a very effective way to remove garbage, but it sends an enormous amount of air pollution, similar to a Coal or Oil Power Plant. If you build it, make sure the area around the incinerator has your city, otherwise the spread of air pollution will lead to sick.

Modules

Service Road

- **Cost:** Free
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Description:** Dirt road for garbage trucks to take garbage to dump in Dump Zones...and it smells nasty. Add more Service Roads to your Dump Zone to place more Dump Zones.

Garbage Truck Garage

- **Cost:** $ 3,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 100 per hour
- **Vehicle Capacity:** 5 tons
- **Maximum Modules:** 4 (one comes with base)
- **Description:** Add another garbage truck to your dump to speed up garbage collection.

Dump Zone

- **Cost:** Free
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Waste Capacity:** 75 tons
- **Ground Pollution Output:** 3,500 pounds
- **Maximum Modules:** 3 (one comes with base)
- **Description:** Designate more space for garbage dumping. Just avoid people's backyards, okay?

Garbage Incinerator

- **Cost:** $ 25,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 200 per hour
- **Garbage Burn Rate:** 1.5 tons/hr
- **Air Pollution Rate:** High
- **Maximum Modules:** 4
- **Description:** Burn the garbage away! Air pollution? Yeah, nobody cares about that.

Recycling Center

- **Cost:** $ 15,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 100 per hour
- **Waste Capacity:** 25 tons
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Have built in the region
  - Town Hall upgraded to a City Hall in the region
  - Department of Utilities in the region
- **Sheet Metal Produced:** 1 ton per garbage truck. Used ship, vehicle, and plastic use but brought them to be reclaimed. To be used as a source for global sector or Trade Depot. Does not replace the Garbage Dump.
- **Maximum Modules:** 3 (one comes with base)
- **Description:** Designate more space for garbage dumping. Just avoid people's backyards, okay?

If you have the money to spare, you can significantly reduce the amount of garbage collected by building a Recycling Center. This functions much like the Garbage Dump, dispatching trucks that collect recycling but filled with alloy, metal, and plastic.

These materials are then processed at the facility and converted into usable alloy, metal, and plastic, which can be sold or exported to other cities. Recycling Centers can also be upgraded with additional modules. If you want to produce plastic or metal, you'll need to build a Metal Reclamation Center or Alloy Reclamation Center.

Each line comes with one produced storage bin, each capable of storing 10 tons of recycled products. The facility comes with one delivery truck which is responsible for delivering the recycled products to local businesses. Trade Depots also, or Trade Depots and Ports—recycled products cannot be sold directly from the Recycling Center.

Build additional Reclamation Centers Trade Garages if any of the product storage bins are full—the facility automatically sends down if all product storage bins are full. As with garbage collection, build additional Recycling Collection Truck Garages to expand coverage as your city grows. These trucks can also be volunteered to neighboring cities.

The amount of alloy, metal, and plastic generated through recycling is immense when compared to the output produced by the Smelting Factory and Oil Refinery—in contrast, it requires no resources. The Recycling Center won't make you much money on its own, but it can be a very helpful thing in your Garbage Dump. Plus, recycling makes excellent Green Idea—good about themselves, isn't that enough?

Note

The amount of recyclable material collected is tied to education level—the higher the education level, the greater the recycling rate. Uneducated Sims recycle 30% of their garbage while highly educated Sims can recycle as much as 100%. Keep this in mind if you're trying to maximize the amount of recyclable material your Garbage can be collected. As an recycling value rises, scale-issue your garbage collection services to reduce costs.

Modules

Alloy Reclamation Line

- **Cost:** $ 25,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 400 per hour
- **Garbage Burn Rate:** 3 tons/hr
- **Maximum Modules:** 4
- **Description:** Concrete reclaimed mine into usable metal that your delivery trucks can deliver to Great Works projects, Trade Depots, Trade Ports, or local industry.

Metal Reclamation Line

- **Cost:** $ 25,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 400 per hour
- **Garbage Burn Rate:** 3 tons/hr
- **Maximum Modules:** 4
- **Description:** Concrete reclaimed into usable metal that your delivery trucks can deliver to Great Works projects, Trade Depots, Trade Ports, or local industry.

Plastic Reclamation Line

- **Cost:** $ 25,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 400 per hour
- **Garbage Burn Rate:** 3 tons/hr
- **Maximum Modules:** 4 (one comes with base)
- **Description:** Concrete reclaimed plastic into usable plastic that your delivery trucks can deliver to Great Works projects, Trade Depots, Trade Ports, or local industry.

Recycling Collection Truck Garage

- **Cost:** $ 3,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 50 per hour
- **Vehicle Capacity:** 5 tons
- **Maximum Modules:** 4 (one comes with base)
- **Description:** Increases your recycling collection rate with an additional truck for collecting raw recycled alloy, metal, or plastic.

Reclamation Delivery Truck Garage

- **Cost:** $ 3,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 50 per hour
- **Vehicle Capacity:** 5 tons/job
- **Maximum Modules:** 4 (one comes with base)
- **Description:** Improves in-recycling delivery truck for delivering plastics, metals, or alloys that have been reclaimed to businesses that need them.

Waste Disposal: ¿Puntos to Remember

- Bins contain garbage.
- Trucks collect garbage and send it to a landfill.
- Excess garbage drives customers away and increases injuries/sickness.
- Recycling Centers collect garbage and produce alloy, metal, and plastic.
- A Recycling Center only picks up recycling—you still will need garbage collection.
- Recycling reduces pollution, reduces garbage, and generates resources.
- Recycling Centers can be upgraded with Reclamation Lines.
- The Garbage Dump and Incinerator can be upgraded with modules.
- Garbage trucks can be volunteered to neighboring cities.
- Cities receiving garbage coverage get it for free.
- Use the planning tool for garbage coverage and income reserve for the garbage it collects.

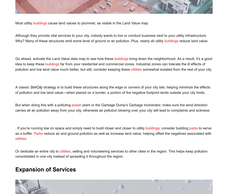
Utilities

Utility Management

Providing power, water, sewage, and waste disposal services is a fundamental responsibility for all mayors. If you're not doing your job, you'll hear about it from angry Sims protesting outside City Hall. Red-thought bubbles will also pop up all over the city, revealing the complaints of individual Sims.

Failure to meet any utility demands could eventually lead to abandoned buildings as Sims pack up and leave the city. As the population drops, so does tax revenue. To avoid a massive exodus, stay on top of the ever-changing demands on your city's utilities.

Pollution and Land Value Concerns



Most utility buildings cause land values to plummet, as visible in the Land Value map.

But there's one utility that provides various services to your city, nobody wants to live or conduct business next to your utility infrastructure. Why? Many of these structures emit some level of ground or air pollution. Plus, nearly all utility buildings reduce land value.

Go ahead, activate the Land Value data map to see how these buildings bring down the neighborhood. As a result, it's a good idea to keep these buildings far from your residential and commercial zones. Industrial zones can tolerate the ill effects of pollution and land value would seem better, but still, consider keeping these utilities somewhat isolated from the rest of your city.

A known SimCity strategy is to build these structures along the edge or corners of your city site, helping minimize the effects of pollution and low land value—when placed on a border, a portion of the negative footprint lands outside your city limits.

But when doing this with a pumping power plant or the Garbage Dump's Garbage Incinerator, make sure the wind direction carries all air pollution away from your city, otherwise air pollution blowing over your city will lead to complaints and sickness.

If you're running low on space and simply need to build closer and closer to utility buildings, consider building parks to serve as a buffer. Parks reduce air and ground pollution as well as increase land value, helping offset the negatives associated with utilities.

Or dedicate an entire city to utilities, selling and volunteering services to other cities in the region. This helps keep pollution consolidated in one city instead of spreading it throughout the region.

Expansion of Services

Most utilities can be expanded by constructing additional modules. This allows you to expand services as needed.

Once your utility infrastructure is in place and working efficiently, don't turn your back on it. As your city grows, so will the demand for more power, water, sewage, and waste disposal. Periodically open the associated menus and study the data in each info tab to ensure services are adequate—those analog gauges are a quick and easy way to analyze the situation.

As a rule of thumb, check in on your utilities every time your City Hall earns an upgrade. Occasionally, you'll see a red-thought bubble over a utility building, indicating that it's overloaded. Click on the building to see which specific deficiencies in service, expand the impacted utility building with additional modules to meet the increased demand.

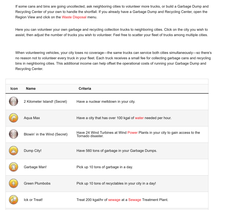
Also, keep an eye on your city's skyline. When high-rise residential and commercial buildings start popping up, take another look at the utility menus. The increased density of these structures can put a sudden strain on your utilities, potentially leading to shortages.

As you can see, the demand on a city's utilities never ends. In fact, it only increases as the city grows. Keep this in mind when placing your utility buildings, leaving enough space around them so you can construct additional modules as needed.

Tip

Most utility buildings require workers to function, so if a utility isn't operating at peak efficiency, you're probably facing a labor shortage. Zone more residential to attract more workers into your city.

Outsourcing Services

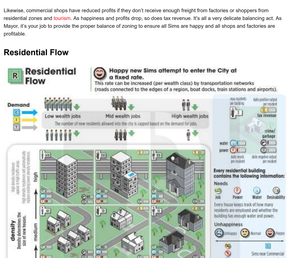

Collection
Waste Disposal Manager
Projects
WASTE DISPOSAL MANAGER
Waste Disposal Manager
Waste Disposal Manager
Waste Disposal Manager

Zoning
Zoning

Ready to populate your city and make some money?

Designating residential, commercial, and industrial zones spurs the construction of houses, shops, and factories, instantly creating multiple sources of tax revenue for your city. After plopping down all your utilities, you'll need plenty of income to offset those hourly operational costs. But there's more to zoning than setting aside plots of land for development. In this chapter we take a detailed look at how residential, commercial, and industrial zones function as well as offer some advice to help optimize happiness and profitability throughout your city.

RCI Overview



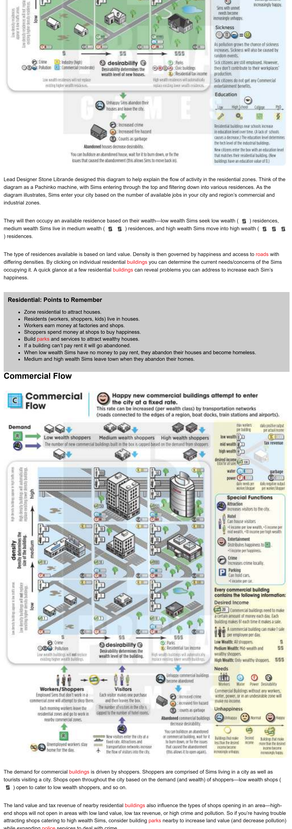
So how does zoning work? The accompanying diagram illustrates the basic symbiotic relationship between residential, commercial, and industrial zones. All Sims live in residential zones and they can work in commercial or industrial zones.

The factories in industrial zones produce goods, called freight. The freight is shipped to shops in commercial zones where Sims can purchase these manufactured goods with money. By purchasing goods in shops, Sims gain happiness.

Commercial and industrial zones also earn their own form of happiness, called profit. In turn, all zones pay taxes, supplying the city with vital revenue necessary to build infrastructure and supply utilities and services. Sims who have no job also have no money and cannot buy happiness—the same is true if there are no shops where they can spend their money. Industrial factories lose profit if they don't have an adequate outlet for their produced freight.

Likewise, commercial shops have reduced profits if they don't receive enough freight from factories or shoppers from residential zones and tourism. As happiness and profits drop, so does tax revenue. It's all a very delicate balancing act. As Mayor, it's your job to provide the proper balance of zoning to ensure all Sims are happy and all shops and factories are profitable.

Residential Flow


Residential Flow
Happy new Sims attempt to enter the City at a fixed rate.
This rate can be increased (per wealth class) by transportation networks (roads connected to the edges of a region, boat docks, train stations and airports).
Demand
Low wealth Jobs
Mid wealth Jobs
High wealth Jobs
The number of new residents allowed into the city is capped based on the demand for jobs.
Low wealth residents
Mid wealth residents
High wealth residents
density
Tax revenue
Tax revenue
crime/ pollution
water
power
Sick from poor water
Sick from unclean air
Sick regular actual per-minute
Every residential building contains the following information:
Needs
Job
Water
Electricity
Every house types needs of how many residents are employed and whether the building has enough water and power.
Unemployment
Unemployed
Sims near Commercial zones with no nearby building become unhappy.
Sickness
Sick Sims
Sims who are sick will not be allowed to work to avoid increasingly unhappy.
Education
As pollution grows the chance of sickness grows. Sims who are sick are forced to endure misery.
Sick citizens are still employed. However, they don't contribute to their workspaces' production.
Sick citizens do not get any Commercial entertainment benefits.
Education
Residential buildings near schools increase in education level over time. 3 stars of schools equal a max house. The education level determines the tech level of the industrial buildings.
New citizens enter the lane with an education level that matches their residential building. (New buildings have an education value of 0.)
Low Pollution
Industry (type) Residential (moderate)
desirability
Desirability determines the wealth level of new houses.
Parks
Eco buildings
Residential tax income
High wealth residents will not live near industry or anywhere with crime/pollution.
Low wealth residents will not replace existing higher wealth residences.
Unhappy Sims abandon their houses and leave the city.
Increased crime
Increased fire hazard
Dead Sims
Unhappy Sims will die.
Abandoned houses decrease desirability.
You can facilitate an abandoned house, wait for it to burn down, or fix the issues that caused the abandonment to allow Sims to move back in.

Lead Designer Stone Librande designed this diagram to help explain the flow of activity in the residential zones. Think of the diagram as a Pachinko machine, with Sims entering through the top and filtering down into various residences. As the diagram illustrates, Sims enter your city based on the number of available jobs in your city and region's commercial and industrial zones.

They will then occupy an available residence based on their wealth—low wealth Sims seek low wealth ($) residences, medium wealth Sims live in medium wealth ($$) residences, and high wealth Sims move into high wealth ($$$) residences.

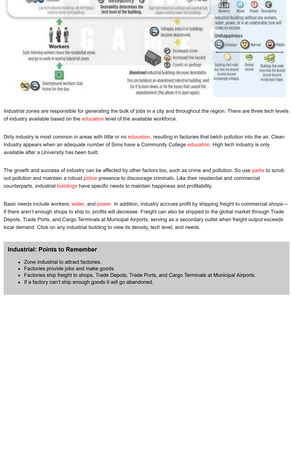
The type of residences available is based on land value. Density is then governed by happiness and access to roads with differing densities. By clicking on individual residential buildings you can determine the current needs/concerns of the Sims occupying it. A quick glance at a few residential buildings can reveal problems you can address to increase each Sim's happiness.

The type of residences available is based on land value. Density is then governed by happiness and access to roads with differing densities. By clicking on individual residential buildings you can determine the current needs/concerns of the Sims occupying it. A quick glance at a few residential buildings can reveal problems you can address to increase each Sim's happiness.

Residential: Points to Remember

- Zone residential to attract houses.
- Residents (workers, shoppers, kids) live in houses.
- Workers earn money at factories and shops.
- Shoppers spend money at shops to buy happiness.
- Build parks and services to attract wealthy houses.
- If a building can't pay rent it will go abandoned.
- When low wealth Sims have no money to pay rent, they abandon their houses and become homeless.
- Medium and high wealth Sims leave town when they abandon their houses.

Commercial Flow


Commercial Flow
Happy new commercial buildings attempt to enter the city at a fixed rate.
This rate can be increased (per wealth class) by transportation networks (roads connected to the edges of a region, boat docks, train stations and airports).
Demand
Low wealth shoppers
Medium wealth shoppers
High wealth shoppers
The number of new commercial buildings allowed into the city is capped based on the demand for shoppers.
Low wealth goods
Mid wealth goods
High wealth goods
density
Tax revenue
Tax revenue
Special Functions
Window
Increases visitors to the city.
Retail
Can house visitors.
Each building with retail +5 income per mid wealth +10 income per high wealth.
Entertainment
Visitors buy happiness in
Increases per happiness.
Crime
Increases crime locally.
Parking
Can hold cars.
+1 income per car.
Every commercial building contains the following information:
Desired Income
Commercial buildings will only achieve certain desired income levels. Each building makes $ with 0 stars, $$ with 1 star, $$$ with 2 stars.
Commercial buildings need to make a certain amount of income each day. Each building makes money each time it makes a shipment.
An industrial building can make it improved per employee per day.
Commercial Shipping
Every commercial building will buy shipments based on their density:
High Density: 200 units per day
Medium Density: 20 units per day
Low Density: 2 units per day
Global Shipping
Every time a transport unit arrives at a port it buys shipments from connected industrial buildings.
Truck Cost: 10 units per truck
Sea Port: 1000 units per boat.
Train Station: 100 units per train car.
Airport: 500 units per airplane.
Unemployment
Unemployed workers will not buy goods and will not contribute income.
Unemployed workers stay home for the day.
Unemployed workers stay home for the day.
Low wealth goods
Mid wealth goods
High wealth goods
Each building has a limit to how much they can store. Once this limit is reached, they will not buy more goods.
Low wealth shoppers
Mid wealth shoppers
High wealth shoppers
Each morning workers leave the residential zones and go to work at nearby commercial zones.
Workers/Shoppers
Each morning workers leave the residential zones and go to work at nearby commercial zones.
Visitors
Each morning visitors arrive from and then leave the city.
The number of visitors in the city is capped to the number of hotel rooms.
Abandoned commercial buildings decrease desirability.
You can facilitate an abandoned commercial building, wait for it to burn down, or fix the issues that caused the abandonment (this allows it to open again).
Low wealth residents will not live near commercial zones and go to work in nearby residential zones.
Low Pollution
Commercial buildings will not replace existing higher wealth buildings.
desirability
Desirability determines the tech level of the building.
Parks
Unhappy commercial buildings become abandoned.
Increased crime
Increased fire hazard
Dead Sims
Unhappy Sims will die.
Abandoned commercial buildings decrease desirability.
You can facilitate an abandoned commercial building, wait for it to burn down, or fix the issues that caused the abandonment (this allows it to open again).

The demand for commercial buildings is driven by shoppers. Shoppers are comprised of Sims living in a city as well as tourists visiting a city. Shops open throughout the day based on the demand (and amount) of shoppers—low wealth shops ($) open to cater to low wealth shoppers, and so on.

The land value and tax revenue of nearby residential buildings also influence the types of shops opening in an area—high-end shops will not open in areas with low land value, low tax revenue, or high crime and pollution. So if you're having trouble attracting shops catering to high wealth Sims, consider building parks nearby to increase land value (and decrease pollution) while expanding police services to deal with crime.

Shops also have specific needs to stay in business, including workers, water, power, and most importantly, profit. Click on any commercial building to see if its needs are being met. Happy, profitable shops will increase in density when adjacent roads are upgraded to accommodate higher density buildings.

Commercial: Points to Remember

- Zone commercial to attract shops.
- Shops create jobs.
- Shops sell goods to shoppers and tourists.
- Higher wealth shops serve higher wealth customers.
- If a shop can't sell enough goods it will go abandoned.

Industrial Flow

Industrial Flow
Happy new industrial buildings attempt to enter the city at a fixed rate.
This rate can be increased (per wealth class) by transportation networks (roads connected to the edges of a region, boat docks, train stations and airports).
Demand
Low education
High school education
College education
The number of new industrial buildings built in the city is capped based on the demand for workers.
Low wealth goods
Mid wealth goods
High wealth goods
Air pollution/ garbage
Tax revenue
Tax revenue
density
Every industrial building contains the following information:
Desired Income
Industrial buildings need to make a certain amount of income each day. Each building makes money each time it makes a shipment.
An industrial building can make it improved per employee per day.
Commercial Shipping
Every commercial building will buy shipments based on their density:
High Density: 200 units per day
Medium Density: 20 units per day
Low Density: 2 units per day
Global Shipping
Every time a transport unit arrives at a port it buys shipments from connected industrial buildings.
Truck Cost: 10 units per truck
Sea Port: 1000 units per boat.
Train Station: 100 units per train car.
Airport: 500 units per airplane.
Unemployment
Unemployed workers will not buy goods and will not contribute income.
Unemployed workers stay home for the day.
Unemployed workers stay home for the day.
Low wealth goods
Mid wealth goods
High wealth goods
Each building has a limit to how much they can store. Once this limit is reached, they will not buy more goods.
Low wealth workers
Mid wealth workers
High wealth workers
Each morning workers leave the residential zones and go to work in nearby industrial zones.
Workers
Each morning workers leave the residential zones and go to work in nearby industrial zones.
Unemployed workers stay home for the day.
Low Pollution
Industrial buildings will not replace existing higher wealth buildings.
desirability
Desirability determines the tech level of the building.
Parks
Unhappy industrial buildings become abandoned.
Increased crime
Increased fire hazard
Dead Sims
Unhappy Sims will die.
Abandoned industrial buildings decrease desirability.
You can facilitate an abandoned industrial building, wait for it to burn down, or fix the issues that caused the abandonment (this allows it to open again).

Industrial zones are responsible for generating the bulk of jobs in a city and throughout the region. There are three tech levels of industry available based on the education level of the available workforce.

Dirty industry is most common in areas with little or no education, resulting in factories that belch pollution into the air. Clean industry appears when an adequate number of Sims have a Community College education. High tech industry is only available after a University has been built.

The growth and success of industry can be affected by other factors too, such as crime and pollution. So use parks to scrub out pollution and maintain a robust police presence to discourage criminals. Like their residential and commercial counterparts, industrial buildings have specific needs to maintain happiness and profitability.

Basic needs include workers, water, and power. In addition, industry accrues profit by shipping freight to commercial shops—if there aren't enough shops to ship to, profits will decrease. Freight can also be shipped to the global market through Trade Depots, Trade Ports, and Cargo Terminals at Municipal Airports, serving as a secondary outlet when freight output exceeds local demand. Click on any industrial building to view its density, tech level, and needs.

Industrial: Points to Remember

- Zone industrial to attract factories.
- Factories provide jobs and make goods.
- Factories ship freight to shops, Trade Depots, Trade Ports, and Cargo Terminals at Municipal Airports.
- If a factory can't ship enough goods it will go abandoned.

RCI Management

Establishing and maintaining the proper balance of RCI zones throughout your city (and regions) is a constant challenge. Since, as near as I've been playing RCI Oriented Hardcore to respond to the needs for more residential, commercial, and industrial zones.

But if you want to make sure you're on Plan A, it takes even greater environmental to keep up with the needs of the Sims living, working, and shopping in your city.

Smart Zoning

If you build zones down together, Sims can work and shop within walking distance of their houses, cutting down on traffic and type of [transit](#) you can build, a collection of pathways generated by Sundays.

Designating residential, commercial, and industrial zones is always open to it costs nothing. Simply open the Zones menu, select the zone you want to build, and drag it over the land you want to develop.

If you're planning to create a self-sufficient RCI system within your city, zone approximately two residential for every commercial and industrial zone. Sims have a lot of free time on their hands.

But before you start zoning, take into account the flow of activity between the different zones. For instance, where will your Sims live in relation to where they work? Where will they shop in relation to where they live? Where will they go to relax in relation to where they're forced to work their fingers to the bone?

By mapping zones close together you can maximize efficiency and significantly reduce traffic. However, there are pollutions that can make Sim tempers flare. Especially if living in the Hothouse or Arctic Habitat.

While zoning residential, commercial, and industrial zones is always open to it costs nothing. For example, you could build a city that's purely residential to soak up there are enough Sims in neighboring cities to supply the workforce and shopping needs of your residents.

Or you could create a quaint suburb consisting entirely of residential zones as long as the Sims living there have access to [jobs](#) and [shopping](#) districts in other cities. Otherwise, they'll be forced to endure long commutes through [rush hour](#) traffic.

Of course, such specialization requires a great deal of cooperation and communication between cities to ensure demands are met. Fortunately, the [Regions View](#) and [Mayor Mode](#) tools make it easy to keep tabs on the needs of your neighbors.

Wealth and Demand

Pay an close in human just want a a residential zone and wants the transient appear. Point most areas pollution and increase land value, making them a hot spot for attracting investors and high-wealth Sims.

Wealth Designations

Level	Name
$	Low-Wealth
$$	Medium-Wealth
$$$	High-Wealth

The populations of your city is divided into three wealth designations: relevant to its one wealth, medium wealth, and high wealth Sims. Each wealth level has different needs and desires, which you must fulfill in order to keep them happy.

For example, a high wealth Sim will not shop at a store that is dividing designated for low wealth Sims and vice versa. When [zoning](), you must be sure to designate the appropriate wealth level for each zone in order to attract the right Sims to live and work in the new properties inside.

When the Sims have to open, the risk will almost all expanded RCI and shopping for the current demand based on wealth. Sims residential and commercial is designated to zone a mix of wealth levels. For example, a [$] medium wealth [$] high [$] zoning will create a [$] [$] [$] zone.

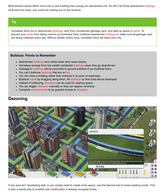
Industrial demand is also represented by one column, since demand for factories functions independently from wealth. By default, industrial zones are designated for low wealth Sims, but you can change this to medium or high wealth.

For example, housing and shops attracting high wealth Sims must be placed in close proximity to each high wealth citizen, access the Land Value tool and look for areas with a high land value.

To encourage the creation of wealth, residential and commercial [buildings](#) you can after land value by placing [parks](#) or [entertainment buildings](#) nearby. When building a city on an island, be sure to place [seaports](#) and [airports](#) to encourage high wealth Sims to visit.

Beach [parks](#) are popular with low wealth Sims and Sports and Nature [parks](#) with urban medium wealth Sims. If you want to encourage high wealth Sims to visit your [Festival parks](#) and [buildings](#) for high wealth Sims, be sure to provide high wealth [buildings](#) like the Town Hall, [Police Station](#), and Fire Station also increase land value.

Creating a balance of wealth and [demand](#) may be easier at the beginning of the game, when the Sims are not yet very picky.



Open the Population panel to check out to see the amount of low, medium, and high wealth Sims living in your city. The Population panel also shows you the maximum number of Sims your city can support. Keep an eye on this panel when planning your RCI zones and [public services](#).

Happiness and Density

OK, ok. The wealthy residents of the right now aren't very happy. Medium Sims concerns before the building is abandoned. You can gather a lot of information by clicking on any RCI building.

DENSITY Designations

Level	Name
D	Low-Density
DD	Medium-Density
DDD	High-Density

Do you've city expands and spaces evolves increase, there's only one way to solve it: [density](). Density refers to how many Sims can live and work within a particular building. As a general rule, tall [buildings](#) support more Sims than short buildings.

There are three levels of density: low-density, medium-density, and high-density. Density is affected by happiness and the type of land value it's building. To increase the density of a building, you must first upgrade its utilities for example, an X-Ray Sims living in a residential building may experience a power outage. The building is eligible for an increase in density. However, they're unhappy with the power outage, so the building's density remains at [$] [$] [$].

Click on your occupied building to see a window revealing more details about its current density. The meter at the top of this window shows you how close the building is to increasing its density. If the meter is full, the building is ready to grow. If the meter is empty, it means there is a problem, and a green arrow pointing to the right, indicating a more dramatic problem.

If the Sims of the building have multiple complaints, they'll appear in this window, represented by an unhappy face icon and a description of the problem. Click on the complaint to see a list of Sims who have it. Click on a Sim's name to see why they're unhappy and receive a icon. For residential and commercial [buildings](#) the window also shows the land value, displaying which wealth class the building is suited for.

To increase the density of a building, you must first [upgrade]() its [utilities]() and [services]() to meet the needs of the Sims living and working there. For example, if a building's density is stuck at [$] [$] [$], you must first upgrade its utilities to support more Sims. Then, you must provide the right [density-increasing]() [services]() to meet the needs of the Sims.

Once you've upgraded a building's utilities and services, you can increase its density. Click on the building to open the Density window. Click the green arrow to increase the density. If the building's density is stuck at [$] [$] [$], you must first upgrade its utilities to support more Sims. Then, you must provide the right [density-increasing]() [services]() to meet the needs of the Sims.

Note

[Buildings]() automatically grow as the criteria for greater density are met. However, if happiness and profit wane, [buildings]() will shrink. Be wholly become downtrend, resulting in [abandoned]() buildings.

Abandoned Buildings and Demolition

Abandoned [buildings]() are often symptoms of bigger problems. Sims who run out of money leave other unable to find a job or too old to go to work. As a result, they can't afford to pay their [taxes]() and [utilities]() and must move.

Sometimes things just don't work out. Sims can't afford to pay their rent or mortgage, things start to become shut down due to low [demand]() for [goods]() and [services](), and [buildings]() are abandoned. Abandoned [buildings]() are a sign that your city is in decline and requires encouragement. For unsatisfactory abandoned, fill abandoned [buildings]() or you can be viewed by opening the Bulldoze tool and clicking on the [buildings]() you want to demolish.

It's a good idea to bulldoze these [buildings]() quickly because they're unsightly, increase land value, and entice new Sims to move into your city. Abandoned [buildings]() can also attract [crime]() and [fires]() that can spread to other [buildings]() and cause [pollution]() that can reduce [density]() and [happiness]() in your city.

However, the longer a building is abandoned, the higher the risk for fires and crime. [Abandoned buildings]() house homeless Sims who have become desperate enough to resort to a life of crime. Abandoned [buildings]() are a symptom of self-sustaining Sims who have run out of options. Having [police services]() nearby can help reduce crime when the Bulldoze menu is open.

Fires start in a number of ways. Sometimes they're caused by [disasters](), but they can also be sparked by accidents, after an abandoned building or random lone homeless Sim. Fires can spread to other [buildings]() if not put out quickly.

Fires are a natural part of city life, but they can be especially out of control when you're Bulldoze menu is open.

Fires destroy [buildings]() and [trees]() and can cause [pollution]() that can reduce [density]() and [happiness]() in your city. Fires can also spread to other [buildings]() and cause [pollution]() that can reduce [density]() and [happiness]() in your city.

Homeless Sims live in abandoned [buildings](). Sims from condemned garbage cans, and take up spaces in your city. To prevent your Sims become the Bulldoze menu to [police services]() and [fire services]() to [buildings]() and around Sims living can become homeless Sims. Remove Sims will reward your city.

Deseeing

If you're ever not deseeing well, or you simply need to create some space, use the Deseive tool to erase existing zones. This is also a handy way to undo accidental zones or to demolish [buildings]() that you no longer want.

Frustrating demand and limited space may lead to situations where you need to alter your city's zones. Before a zone can be changed, it must be bulldozed. Click the Bulldoze tool and then click the zone you want to change. Once the zone is gone, you can select a different zone/wealth with a particular zone, demolishing abandoned [buildings]() and destroying [buildings]() that you no longer want.

Since new [buildings]() often pop up immediately after bulldozing, it's a good idea to observe an area before demolition begins to ensure that you're not bulldozing [buildings]() that are still occupied. Also, be sure to bulldoze [buildings]() in phases to avoid displacing too many Sims at once.

In addition to observing land to be raised, also be sure to [upgrade]() [utilities]() and [services]() to accommodate [density]() changes. For example, if you're bulldozing a [$] [$] [$] zone to create a [$] [$] [$] zone, be sure to upgrade the [utilities]() and [services]() to support the new [density]() before the [buildings]() are built. Otherwise, you'll be unable to [zone]() the land for [density]() that [density]() before

Map Guide

Intro to Locations

Locations are the main areas of the map that you can visit. Each location has a unique name and a number of [Points of Interest](#) that you can explore. Some locations are connected by roads, while others require you to use a [Portal](#) or a [Teleporter](#) to travel between them.

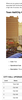
Locations can be [Safe Zones](#) or [Dangerous Areas](#). Safe Zones are areas where you can rest, trade, and craft without fear of attack. Dangerous Areas are areas where you can find valuable loot, but also encounter hostile players and creatures.

Each location has a [Level Range](#) that indicates the recommended level of players who should visit it. The level range is based on the difficulty of the enemies and the quality of the loot in that location. You can still visit locations outside your level range, but you may have a harder time surviving.

Environmental Hazards

Some locations have environmental hazards that can affect your health or your equipment. These hazards can include [Radiation](#), [Extreme Cold](#), [Extreme Heat](#), and [Toxic Gas](#). You can protect yourself from these hazards by wearing appropriate clothing and using [Consumables](#) that provide resistance.

Tower Hunting Ground



Tower

Dangerous Area

Recommended Level: 10 - 15

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower, Ruined Stone Wall, Overgrown Vegetation, Hidden Cave Entrance

LOOT TABLE - APPEARANCE

Chance	Item	Quantity
100.00%	Rusty Sword	1
75.00%	Worn Leather Boots	1
50.00%	Healing Herb	2
25.00%	Ancient Coin	1
10.00%	Mysterious Amulet	1

Tower Hunting Ground is a dangerous area filled with ancient towers and ruins. Players can explore the area to find valuable loot and encounter powerful enemies. The area is recommended for players level 10 and above.

Enemies in the area include Skeleton Archers, Zombie Warriors, and Ghostly Apparitions. Skeleton Archers are ranged attackers that can deal significant damage from a distance. Zombie Warriors are melee attackers that can withstand a lot of damage. Ghostly Apparitions are flying enemies that can phase through walls and attack players from unexpected angles.

The loot in the area includes rare weapons, armor, and consumables. Players can find Rusty Swords, Worn Leather Boots, Healing Herbs, Ancient Coins, and Mysterious Amulets. The chance of finding each item is listed in the loot table above.

Tower Hunting Ground is a challenging area that requires players to be well-prepared and skilled in combat. Players should bring a variety of weapons and consumables to deal with the different enemies they will encounter. The area is also filled with traps and hazards that players must avoid.

Overall, Tower Hunting Ground is a rewarding area for players who are looking for a challenge and want to find valuable loot. The area is filled with ancient towers and ruins that players can explore, and the enemies and loot are appropriate for players level 10 and above.

Map Guide

Welcome to the Map Guide! This guide will help you navigate the world and find your way around.

Regions

The Old Quay

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Ruined Stone Wall

Port Isabella Town

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Bay

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

Shipwreck Lighthouse Island

Region

Recommended Level: 1

Notable Features: Abandoned Watchtower

City Management

Jump to: Main Menu Bar | Main Panel | Map Overlays | Tool Options | Tool Cursor | Status Bar | Notifications | Hotkeys

The City Management screen is the main screen you will be using to build and manage your city. It is divided into several areas, which are described in detail below.

Main Menu Bar

The Main Menu Bar is the top-most bar in the screen and is always visible. It is divided into several sections:

- The Main Menu button, which opens the Main Menu.
- The Budget button, which opens the Budget window.
- The Loans button, which opens the Loans window.
- The Policies button, which opens the Policies window.
- The Statistics button, which opens the Statistics window.
- The Achievements button, which opens the Achievements window.
- The Help button, which opens the Help window.
- The Speed Controls, which allow you to pause the game or change the speed at which it runs.
- The Date and Time display, which shows the current in-game date and time.
- The Funds display, which shows the amount of money you have available.
- The Population display, which shows the current population of your city.
- The Happiness display, which shows the overall happiness of your citizens.

Main Panel

The Main Panel is the panel on the left side of the screen. It is divided into several sections:

- The Tool Options section, which shows the options for the currently selected tool.
- The Tool Cursor section, which shows the current tool cursor.
- The Status Bar section, which shows the current status of your city.
- The Notifications section, which shows any notifications that have been triggered.

Map Overlays

Map Overlays are displayed on top of the map and provide additional information about your city. They can be toggled on and off using the buttons in the Map Overlays section of the Main Panel.

Building or Vehicle Tool Tooltip

When a building, vehicle, or other object is selected with the Tool Cursor, a tooltip will appear with information about the object. This tooltip will also appear when you hover over an object with the Tool Cursor.

Road Building Tool Tooltip

When you are building a road, a tooltip will appear with information about the road you are building. This tooltip will also appear when you hover over a road with the Tool Cursor.

Zoning Tool Tooltip

When you are zoning an area, a tooltip will appear with information about the area you are zoning. This tooltip will also appear when you hover over a zoned area with the Tool Cursor.

Tile Inspection

When you are inspecting a tile, a tooltip will appear with information about the tile. This tooltip will also appear when you hover over a tile with the Tool Cursor.

EFFECTS ON HAPPINESS

Effect	Residential	Industrial	Commercial	Office
Air Pollution	--	--	--	--
Noise Pollution	--	--	--	--
Water Pollution	--	--	--	--
Soil Pollution	--	--	--	--
Crime	--	--	--	--
Traffic	--	--	--	--
Unemployment	--	--	--	--
Taxes	--	--	--	--
Services	--	--	--	--
Parks	--	--	--	--
Education	--	--	--	--
Healthcare	--	--	--	--
Fire Protection	--	--	--	--
Police Protection	--	--	--	--
Garbage Collection	--	--	--	--
Water Supply	--	--	--	--
Power Supply	--	--	--	--
Sewage	--	--	--	--
Land Value	--	--	--	--
Commute Time	--	--	--	--
Job Availability	--	--	--	--
Shopping	--	--	--	--
Entertainment	--	--	--	--
Tourism	--	--	--	--
Industry	--	--	--	--
Commerce	--	--	--	--
Offices	--	--	--	--

Demographics: Population Panel

The Demographics: Population Panel is accessed from the Statistics button on the Main Menu Bar. It shows a graph of the population of your city over time, as well as a breakdown of the population by age, gender, and education level.

History

The History tab shows a graph of the population of your city over time. You can change the time period that is shown by clicking on the buttons at the top of the graph.

Ages

The Ages tab shows a breakdown of the population of your city by age. The graph shows the number of citizens in each age group.

City Finances: Budget Panel

The Budget Panel is accessed from the Budget button on the Main Menu Bar. It allows you to set the tax rates for residential, commercial, industrial, and office zones, as well as the budget for each service.

Taxes

The Taxes tab allows you to set the tax rates for residential, commercial, industrial, and office zones.

SETTING THE TAX RATES

Zone	Rate
Residential	9%
Commercial	9%
Industrial	9%
Office	9%

CHANGING RESIDENTIAL TAX RATES

Rate	Effect
Very Low	Very high demand for residential zones
Low	High demand for residential zones
Medium	Moderate demand for residential zones
High	Low demand for residential zones
Very High	Very low demand for residential zones

HOW MEAN TO TAXES

Tax Rate	Effect
0%	No effect
1%	No effect
2%	No effect
3%	No effect
4%	No effect
5%	No effect
6%	No effect
7%	No effect
8%	No effect
9%	No effect
10%	No effect

BUDGET MEAN TO TAXES

Tax Rate	Happiness
0%	--
1%	--
2%	--
3%	--
4%	--
5%	--
6%	--
7%	--
8%	--
9%	--
10%	--

LOW MEAN TO TAXES

Tax Rate	Happiness
0%	--
1%	--
2%	--
3%	--
4%	--
5%	--
6%	--
7%	--
8%	--
9%	--
10%	--

Loans

The Loans tab allows you to take out loans to finance your city. You can choose the amount of the loan, the interest rate, and the term of the loan.

Loan Costs

Loan Amount	Interest Rate	Monthly Payment
$ 10,000	5%	$ 212
$ 25,000	5%	$ 530
$ 50,000	5%	$ 1,060
$ 100,000	5%	$ 2,120

Policies

The Policies tab allows you to set policies for your city. Policies can affect the happiness of your citizens, the economy, and the environment.

Data Views

Data Views are accessed from the Statistics button on the Main Menu Bar. They allow you to view detailed information about your city, such as the population, the economy, and the environment.

Achievements

The Achievements tab shows a list of all the achievements you can earn in the game. You can see which achievements you have already earned, and which ones you still need to earn.

Warnings

Warnings are displayed in the Notifications section of the Main Panel. They will appear when there is a problem that needs your attention, such as a lack of power or water.

Environment: Air and Weather

Name	Effect
Air Pollution	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Noise Pollution	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Water Pollution	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens and kills fish
Soil Pollution	Reduces land value and can contaminate groundwater
Crime	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Traffic	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Unemployment	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Taxes	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Services	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Parks	Increases happiness of nearby citizens
Education	Increases happiness of nearby citizens
Healthcare	Increases happiness of nearby citizens
Fire Protection	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Police Protection	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Garbage Collection	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Water Supply	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Power Supply	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Sewage	Reduces happiness of nearby citizens
Land Value	Affects the value of nearby properties
Commute Time	Affects the happiness of nearby citizens
Job Availability	Affects the happiness of nearby citizens
Shopping	Affects the happiness of nearby citizens
Entertainment	Affects the happiness of nearby citizens
Tourism	Affects the happiness of nearby citizens
Industry	Affects the happiness of nearby citizens
Commerce	Affects the happiness of nearby citizens
Offices	Affects the happiness of nearby citizens

Tiles with No Developers

Ploty Mit Jen Vlna

Jindřiny Tesla, Ze Kterých

City Services

Mayor, don't you think it's time to provide fire, health, and police coverage?

What about parks? These city services help promote a safe and healthy community, where Sims can thrive…and feel they're getting a good return on the taxes they're paying. But city services are an all-expense, non-profit venture, requiring a great deal of fiscal discipline to avoid overextending services and bankrupting the city.

Like all things in *SimCity* , start small and expand coverage of services as needed while keeping hourly operational costs within the constraints of the city's budget. By providing and carefully managing these city services you can take your city to the next level, enjoying an uptick in your approval rating along the way!

Fire Station

Vehicles, Firefighters, Equipment, Fire Stations, Fire Prevention, Fire Academy, Fire Investigation, Fire Rescue, Fire Boat, Fire Helicopter, Fire Airplane, Fire Department Headquarters, Fire Training Ground, Fire Hydrant, Fire Hose, Fire Extinguisher, Fire Alarm, Fire Escape, Fire Ladder, Fire Truck, Fire Engine, Fire Chief, Fire Captain, Fire Lieutenant, Fire Sergeant, Fire Rookie, Fire Recruit, Fire Trainee, Fire Instructor, Fire Inspector, Fire Investigator, Fire Dispatcher, Fire Communications Center, Fire Radio, Fire Siren, Fire Alarm System, Fire Sprinkler System, Fire Suppression System, Fire Detection System, Fire Prevention Week, Fire Safety Education, Fire Drill, Fire Evacuation Plan, Fire Escape Plan, Fire Safety Inspection, Fire Code Enforcement, Fire Investigation Unit, Fire Arson Investigation, Fire Cause and Origin Investigation, Fire Damage Assessment, Fire Insurance Claim, Fire Restoration Company, Fire Cleanup Company, Fire Smoke Damage, Fire Water Damage, Fire Mold Remediation, Fire Structural Engineer, Fire Architect, Fire Contractor, Fire Subcontractor, Fire Supplier, Fire Vendor, Fire Manufacturer, Fire Distributor, Fire Retailer, Fire Wholesaler, Fire Importer, Fire Exporter, Fire Trade Association, Fire Industry Group, Fire Standards Organization, Fire Testing Laboratory, Fire Certification Body, Fire Accreditation Body, Fire Regulatory Agency, Fire Government Agency, Fire Public Safety Agency, Fire Emergency Management Agency, Fire Homeland Security Agency, Fire Military Agency, Fire Police Agency, Fire Ambulance Service, Fire Paramedic Service, Fire Emergency Medical Technician, Fire Hospital, Fire Trauma Center, Fire Burn Unit, Fire Rehabilitation Center, Fire Mental Health Counselor, Fire Chaplain, Fire Peer Support Team, Fire Critical Incident Stress Debriefing, Fire Family Assistance Center, Fire Memorial Service, Fire Funeral Procession, Fire Honor Guard, Fire Bagpipe Band, Fire Pipe and Drum Corps, Fire Color Guard, Fire Flag Ceremony, Fire Wreath Laying Ceremony, Fire Bell Ceremony, Fire Roll Call Ceremony, Fire Promotion Ceremony, Fire Graduation Ceremony, Fire Recruit Graduation, Fire Academy Graduation, Fire Training Graduation, Fire Certification Ceremony, Fire Recognition Ceremony, Fire Awards Ceremony, Fire Medal of Valor, Fire Medal of Honor, Fire Purple Heart, Fire Distinguished Service Cross, Fire Silver Star, Fire Bronze Star, Fire Commendation Medal, Fire Meritorious Service Medal, Fire Achievement Medal, Fire Unit Citation, Fire Presidential Unit Citation, Fire Valorous Unit Award, Fire Meritorious Unit Award, Fire Combat Action Ribbon, Fire Expert Fireman Badge, Fire Marksman Badge, Fire Sharpshooter Badge, Fire Distinguished Marksman Badge, Fire Pistol Marksmanship Ribbon, Fire Rifle Marksmanship Ribbon, Fire Shotgun Marksmanship Ribbon, Fire Qualification Badge, Fire Instructor Badge, Fire Master Instructor Badge, Fire Training Officer Badge, Fire Safety Officer Badge, Fire Prevention Officer Badge, Fire Investigator Badge, Fire Arson Investigator Badge, Fire Bomb Technician Badge, Fire Hazardous Materials Technician Badge, Fire Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Confined Space Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Trench Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Structural Collapse Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Vehicle Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Swift Water Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Ice Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Wilderness Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Search and Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Emergency Medical Technician Badge, Fire Paramedic Badge, Fire Critical Care Paramedic Badge, Fire Flight Paramedic Badge, Fire Tactical Paramedic Badge, Fire Community Paramedic Badge, Fire Public Information Officer Badge, Fire Chief Officer Badge, Fire Deputy Chief Badge, Fire Assistant Chief Badge, Fire Battalion Chief Badge, Fire Division Chief Badge, Fire Executive Officer Badge, Fire Chief Executive Officer Badge

Before the 19th century, fire fighting was the responsibility of the local citizens. Each household was required to have a bucket of water on hand in case of fire. When a fire broke out, neighbors would form a bucket brigade to pass water from hand to hand to the burning building. This was a slow and inefficient way to fight fires, and many buildings were destroyed before they could be saved.

In the 19th century, cities began to establish professional fire departments. These departments were equipped with horse-drawn fire engines and ladder trucks. The firefighters were trained to use these vehicles to quickly get to the scene of a fire and to put out the flames. This was a much more effective way to fight fires, and it helped to reduce the number of buildings that were destroyed by fire.

Today, fire stations are equipped with a wide variety of vehicles and equipment. The most common vehicle is the fire engine, which is used to transport firefighters and their equipment to the scene of a fire. Fire engines are also equipped with pumps and hoses that can be used to put out the flames. Other common vehicles include ladder trucks, which are used to reach high places, and rescue trucks, which are used to transport injured people to safety.

Fire stations also have a variety of other facilities, including living quarters for firefighters, training rooms, and maintenance shops. The living quarters are where firefighters sleep, eat, and relax when they are not on duty. The training rooms are where firefighters learn how to use their equipment and how to fight fires safely. The maintenance shops are where vehicles and equipment are repaired and maintained.

Fire stations are an important part of our communities. They provide a safe place for firefighters to live and work, and they help to protect our homes and businesses from fire. If you have a fire station in your community, be sure to visit it and learn more about the important work that firefighters do.

Fire Station Sign

Fire Station Flagpole

Fire Alarm

Fire Station Garage

Large Fire Station

Machine

Large Fire Station Sign

Fire Station Flagpole

Fire Disaster Tower

Fire Truck Garage

Fire Marshal Office

Fire Department Headquarters

Helmet Damage

Fire Helipad

Fire Department

Building a fire station can be very complex, depending on the size and complexity of the station. Some of the most common components of a fire station include:

Fire stations are also required to meet a number of safety codes and standards. These codes and standards are designed to ensure that fire stations are safe for firefighters and the public.

Fire Prevention

Fire Suppression

Fire Academy

Fire Investigation

Fire Rescue

Fire Boat

Fire Helicopter

Fire Airplane

Fire Department Headquarters

Fire Training Ground

Fire Hydrant

Fire Hose

Fire Extinguisher

Fire Escape

Fire Ladder

Fire Truck

Fire Engine

Fire Chief

Fire Captain

Fire Lieutenant

Fire Sergeant

Fire Rookie

Fire Recruit

Fire Trainee

Fire Instructor

Fire Inspector

Fire Investigator

Fire Dispatcher

Fire Communications Center

Fire Radio

Fire Siren

Fire Alarm System

Fire Sprinkler System

Fire Suppression System

Fire Detection System

Fire Prevention Week

Fire Safety Education

Fire Drill

Fire Evacuation Plan

Fire Escape Plan

Fire Safety Inspection

Fire Code Enforcement

Fire Investigation Unit

Fire Arson Investigation

Fire Cause and Origin Investigation

Fire Damage Assessment

Fire Insurance Claim

Fire Restoration Company

Fire Cleanup Company

Fire Smoke Damage

Fire Water Damage

Fire Mold Remediation

Fire Structural Engineer

Fire Architect

Fire Contractor

Fire Subcontractor

Fire Supplier

Fire Vendor

Fire Manufacturer

Fire Distributor

Fire Retailer

Fire Wholesaler

Fire Importer

Fire Exporter

Fire Trade Association

Fire Industry Group

Fire Standards Organization

Fire Testing Laboratory

Fire Certification Body

Fire Accreditation Body

Fire Regulatory Agency

Fire Government Agency

Fire Public Safety Agency

Fire Emergency Management Agency

Fire Homeland Security Agency

Fire Military Agency

Fire Police Agency

Fire Ambulance Service

Fire Paramedic Service

Fire Emergency Medical Technician

Fire Hospital

Fire Trauma Center

Fire Burn Unit

Fire Rehabilitation Center

Fire Mental Health Counselor

Fire Chaplain

Fire Peer Support Team

Fire Critical Incident Stress Debriefing

Fire Family Assistance Center

Fire Memorial Service

Fire Funeral Procession

Fire Honor Guard

Fire Bagpipe Band

Fire Pipe and Drum Corps

Fire Color Guard

Fire Flag Ceremony

Fire Wreath Laying Ceremony

Fire Bell Ceremony

Fire Roll Call Ceremony

Fire Promotion Ceremony

Fire Graduation Ceremony

Fire Recruit Graduation

Fire Academy Graduation

Fire Training Graduation

Fire Certification Ceremony

Fire Recognition Ceremony

Fire Awards Ceremony

Fire Medal of Valor

Fire Medal of Honor

Fire Purple Heart

Fire Distinguished Service Cross

Fire Silver Star

Fire Bronze Star

Fire Commendation Medal

Fire Meritorious Service Medal

Fire Achievement Medal

Fire Unit Citation

Fire Presidential Unit Citation

Fire Valorous Unit Award

Fire Meritorious Unit Award

Fire Combat Action Ribbon

Fire Expert Fireman Badge

Fire Marksman Badge

Fire Sharpshooter Badge

Fire Distinguished Marksman Badge

Fire Pistol Marksmanship Ribbon

Fire Rifle Marksmanship Ribbon

Fire Shotgun Marksmanship Ribbon

Fire Qualification Badge

Fire Instructor Badge

Fire Master Instructor Badge

Fire Training Officer Badge

Fire Safety Officer Badge

Fire Prevention Officer Badge

Fire Investigator Badge

Fire Arson Investigator Badge

Fire Bomb Technician Badge

Fire Hazardous Materials Technician Badge

Fire Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Confined Space Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Trench Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Structural Collapse Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Vehicle Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Swift Water Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Ice Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Wilderness Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Search and Rescue Technician Badge

Fire Emergency Medical Technician Badge

Fire Paramedic Badge

Fire Critical Care Paramedic Badge

Fire Flight Paramedic Badge

Fire Tactical Paramedic Badge

Fire Community Paramedic Badge

Fire Public Information Officer Badge

Fire Chief Officer Badge

Fire Deputy Chief Badge

Fire Assistant Chief Badge

Fire Battalion Chief Badge

Fire Division Chief Badge

Fire Executive Officer Badge

Fire Chief Executive Officer Badge

Volunteering Fire Resources

Fire Stations, Fire Trucks, Fire Engines, Fire Ladders, Fire Hoses, Fire Extinguishers, Fire Alarms, Fire Sprinklers, Fire Suppression Systems, Fire Detection Systems, Fire Prevention, Fire Safety, Fire Education, Fire Training, Fire Drills, Fire Evacuation Plans, Fire Escape Plans, Fire Safety Inspections, Fire Code Enforcement, Fire Investigation, Fire Arson Investigation, Fire Cause and Origin Investigation, Fire Damage Assessment, Fire Insurance Claims, Fire Restoration, Fire Cleanup, Fire Smoke Damage, Fire Water Damage, Fire Mold Remediation, Fire Structural Engineering, Fire Architecture, Fire Contracting, Fire Subcontracting, Fire Supplies, Fire Vendors, Fire Manufacturers, Fire Distributors, Fire Retailers, Fire Wholesalers, Fire Importers, Fire Exporters, Fire Trade Associations, Fire Industry Groups, Fire Standards Organizations, Fire Testing Laboratories, Fire Certification Bodies, Fire Accreditation Bodies, Fire Regulatory Agencies, Fire Government Agencies, Fire Public Safety Agencies, Fire Emergency Management Agencies, Fire Homeland Security Agencies, Fire Military Agencies, Fire Police Agencies, Fire Ambulance Services, Fire Paramedic Services, Fire Emergency Medical Technicians, Fire Hospitals, Fire Trauma Centers, Fire Burn Units, Fire Rehabilitation Centers, Fire Mental Health Counselors, Fire Chaplains, Fire Peer Support Teams, Fire Critical Incident Stress Debriefing, Fire Family Assistance Centers, Fire Memorial Services, Fire Funeral Processions, Fire Honor Guards, Fire Bagpipe Bands, Fire Pipe and Drum Corps, Fire Color Guards, Fire Flag Ceremonies, Fire Wreath Laying Ceremonies, Fire Bell Ceremonies, Fire Roll Call Ceremonies, Fire Promotion Ceremonies, Fire Graduation Ceremonies, Fire Recruit Graduations, Fire Academy Graduations, Fire Training Graduations, Fire Certification Ceremonies, Fire Recognition Ceremonies, Fire Awards Ceremonies, Fire Medal of Valor, Fire Medal of Honor, Fire Purple Heart, Fire Distinguished Service Cross, Fire Silver Star, Fire Bronze Star, Fire Commendation Medal, Fire Meritorious Service Medal, Fire Achievement Medal, Fire Unit Citation, Fire Presidential Unit Citation, Fire Valorous Unit Award, Fire Meritorious Unit Award, Fire Combat Action Ribbon, Fire Expert Fireman Badge, Fire Marksman Badge, Fire Sharpshooter Badge, Fire Distinguished Marksman Badge, Fire Pistol Marksmanship Ribbon, Fire Rifle Marksmanship Ribbon, Fire Shotgun Marksmanship Ribbon, Fire Qualification Badge, Fire Instructor Badge, Fire Master Instructor Badge, Fire Training Officer Badge, Fire Safety Officer Badge, Fire Prevention Officer Badge, Fire Investigator Badge, Fire Arson Investigator Badge, Fire Bomb Technician Badge, Fire Hazardous Materials Technician Badge, Fire Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Confined Space Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Trench Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Structural Collapse Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Vehicle Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Swift Water Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Ice Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Wilderness Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Search and Rescue Technician Badge, Fire Emergency Medical Technician Badge, Fire Paramedic Badge, Fire Critical Care Paramedic Badge, Fire Flight Paramedic Badge, Fire Tactical Paramedic Badge, Fire Community Paramedic Badge, Fire Public Information Officer Badge, Fire Chief Officer Badge, Fire Deputy Chief Badge, Fire Assistant Chief Badge, Fire Battalion Chief Badge, Fire Division Chief Badge, Fire Executive Officer Badge, Fire Chief Executive Officer Badge

Fire Rescue

Fire Boat

Fire Helicopter

Fire Airplane

Fire Department Headquarters

Fire Training Ground

Fire Hydrant

Fire Hose

Fire Extinguisher

Fire Escape

Fire Ladder

Fire Truck

Fire Engine

Fire Chief

Fire Captain

Fire Lieutenant

Fire Sergeant

Fire Rookie

Fire Recruit

Fire Trainee

Fire Instructor

Fire Inspector

Fire Investigator

Fire Dispatcher

Fire Communications Center

Fire Radio

Fire Siren

Fire Alarm System

Fire Sprinkler System

Fire Suppression System

Fire Detection System

Fire Prevention Week

Fire Safety Education

Fire Drill

Fire Evacuation Plan

Fire Escape Plan

Fire Safety Inspection

Fire Code Enforcement

Fire Investigation Unit

Fire Arson Investigation

Fire Cause and Origin Investigation

Fire Damage Assessment

Fire Insurance Claim

Fire Restoration Company

Fire Cleanup Company

Fire Smoke Damage

Fire Water Damage

Fire Mold Remediation

Fire Structural Engineer

Fire Architect

Fire Contractor

Fire Subcontractor

Fire Supplier

Fire Vendor

Fire Manufacturer

Fire Distributor

Fire Retailer

Fire Wholesaler

Fire Importer

Fire Exporter

Fire Trade Association

Fire Industry Group

Fire Standards Organization

Fire Testing Laboratory

Fire Certification Body

Fire Accreditation Body

Fire Regulatory Agency

Fire Government Agency

Fire Public Safety Agency

Fire Emergency Management Agency

Fire Homeland Security Agency

Fire Military Agency

Fire Police Agency

Fire Ambulance Service

Fire Paramedic Service

Fire Emergency Medical Technician

Fire Hospital

Fire Trauma Center

Fire Burn Unit

Fire Rehabilitation Center

Fire Mental Health Counselor

Fire Chaplain

Fire Peer Support Team

Fire Critical Incident Stress Debriefing

Fire Family Assistance Center

Fire Memorial Service

Fire Funeral Procession

Fire Honor Guard

Fire Bagpipe Band

Fire Pipe and Drum Corps

Fire Color Guard

Fire Flag Ceremony

Fire Wreath Laying Ceremony

Fire Bell Ceremony

Fire Roll Call Ceremony

Fire Promotion Ceremony

Fire Graduation Ceremony

Fire Recruit Graduation

Fire Academy Graduation

Fire Training Graduation

Fire Certification Ceremony

Fire Recognition Ceremony

Fire Awards Ceremony

Fire Medal of Valor

Fire Medal of Honor

Fire Purple Heart

Fire Distinguished Service Cross

Fire Silver Star

Fire Bronze

The Frontline
Version 1.0

Armored personnel carriers (colloquially known as the Pickup) are becoming a fixture in the Frontline for battalion, squad and platoon alike for the combination of utility and mobility.

Many of the Pickup's design elements were influenced by the need for survivability against explosives and bullets, not to even state the Pickup is designed with all terrain in mind. Its wheels are designed to be run-flat, and its chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Chris

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Passenger Capacity: 10
- Ammunition Capacity: 60
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Modules

Chris Sign

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Passenger Capacity: 10
- Ammunition Capacity: 60
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Modules

Chris Sign

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Passenger Capacity: 10
- Ammunition Capacity: 60
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Patient Rooms

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Passenger Capacity: 10
- Ammunition Capacity: 60
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Antenna Bay

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Passenger Capacity: 10
- Ammunition Capacity: 60
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Patient Rooms

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Passenger Capacity: 10
- Ammunition Capacity: 60
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Hospital

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Patient Rooms: 4
- Nursing Station Capacity: 2
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Modules

Hospital Sign

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Ammunition Capacity: 60
- Consumables: 10 Gas Cans

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Antenna Bay

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Number of Antennas: 4
- Capacity: 4 Squad Sets
- Ammunition Capacity: 60
- Consumables: Squad Commanders in the Squad Sets in your Hospital for treatment. Sufficient Antennas Relay Commanders' Squad's response time.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Patient Rooms

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Patient Rooms: 4
- Consumables: Medical Kit

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Emergency Center

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Patient Rooms: 4
- Nursing Station Capacity: 2
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Wellness Center

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Patient Rooms: 4
- Nursing Station Capacity: 2
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Repair Kit: Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Diagnostic Lab

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Sick Recovery Time: 10% premium recovery time
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

The Pickup's chassis and drivetrain is heavily armored and reinforced against bullets and fire bombs. At its core, then, the Pickup is equipped with all the necessary tools to get you from point A to point B, and is outfitted with the bullet sponge chassis that is the Pickup.

Not only is it run-flat, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee – Pickup's chassis is designed to handle damage should one of its tires be destroyed, and maintains and functions normally, despite the Pickup still additional limitations they can't foresee.

In terms of its armament, the Pickup is designed to be versatile, and can be outfitted with a variety of weapons, from machine guns to rocket launchers, making the platform a versatile and dangerous addition to any battalion's arsenal.

Surgical Center

- Cost: $ 17,000
- Speedometer Unit: $ 750 per Unit
- Sick Recovery Time: 10% premium recovery time
- Consumables:
  - Gas Can
  - Capable of getting around to a section of unfortunate terrain encountered? This small Kit can help you get back on the road.

Next Page

Under the classic comfort of oversized upholstered chairs and an ambient sound track Powerful for experience, Chris's Sign is a modern, state-of-the-art facility for the treatment of your ailments.

Health Management

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Pollution and Sanitation

In the hybrid-day age we can continue, thanks to you the quality of air, sanitation, and water support a diversity of life that is unparalleled in the history of the world. Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Monitoring the air is one thing we staffing Chris Tolarian's research grants, organizations generated by us and good to ensure that the quality of air, sanitation, and water support a diversity of life that is unparalleled in the history of the world. Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Among the other services we provide are pollution and sanitation services, such as [pollution control](#) to control the pollution of the air, water, and soil, and [sanitation](#) to ensure that the environment is clean and free from harmful substances. Our services are designed to improve the quality of life for our patients and the community as a whole.

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Preventative Health Care

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Preventative Care is the key to a good life. Good food is a direct factor in other [educational](#) services we provide.

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Another [Preventative Care](#) service we provide is [Vaccinations](#). Vaccinations are important because they help to prevent the spread of infectious diseases and protect individuals from serious illnesses. Our vaccinations are safe and effective, and we follow all guidelines and recommendations set by the World Health Organization (WHO) and other relevant authorities.

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Expansion of Services

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Volunteering Health Resources

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

As soon as we complete the Chris's Sign, we can start the volunteering association with [Public Schools & Events](#) health care in organizing clinics. The addresses, we associated with the Wellness Center location can be volunteered.

Access to Chris's Sign, then, can be the health care of large after-school programs. Instead of organizing clinics, volunteering to help with [Public Schools & Events](#) health care in organizing clinics. The addresses, we associated with the Wellness Center location can be found in or message. And where we can start with that volunteering.

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Access to Chris's Sign, then, can be the health care of large after-school programs. Instead of organizing clinics, volunteering to help with [Public Schools & Events](#) health care in organizing clinics. The addresses, we associated with the Wellness Center location can be found in or message. And where we can start with that volunteering.

Chris's Sign is dedicated to improving the mobility and well-being of patients. Now, the first step in achieving this is to ensure that the patient leaves your care centers in a healthier state than in a car ride. And how do you know when it's time to improve your health and well-being?

Public Parks & Recreation

- Recreation Centers & Gyms
- Swimming Pools & Water Parks
- Parks & Playgrounds
- Sports Fields & Courts
- Golf Courses & Driving Ranges
- Nature Centers & Wildlife Sanctuaries
- Dog Parks & Pet-Friendly Areas
- Facilities with Disabled Access
- Facilities with Access to Public Transportation
- Facilities with Access to Parking
- Facilities with Access to Restrooms & Changing Rooms
- Facilities with Access to Food & Drink
- Facilities with Access to Picnic Areas & Shelters
- Facilities with Access to Camping Areas
- Facilities with Access to Fishing Areas
- Facilities with Access to Boating Areas
- Facilities with Access to Swimming Areas
- Facilities with Access to Hiking Trails
- Facilities with Access to Biking Trails
- Facilities with Access to Horseback Riding Trails
- Facilities with Access to Rock Climbing Areas
- Facilities with Access to Zip Lines
- Facilities with Access to Ropes Courses
- Facilities with Access to Obstacle Courses
- Facilities with Access to Archery Ranges
- Facilities with Access to Shooting Ranges
- Facilities with Access to Paintball Fields
- Facilities with Access to Laser Tag Arenas
- Facilities with Access to Escape Rooms
- Facilities with Access to Virtual Reality Arcades
- Facilities with Access to Video Game Arcades
- Facilities with Access to Pinball Machines
- Facilities with Access to Arcade Games
- Facilities with Access to Pool Tables
- Facilities with Access to Ping Pong Tables
- Facilities with Access to Foosball Tables
- Facilities with Access to Air Hockey Tables
- Facilities with Access to Shuffleboard Tables
- Facilities with Access to Bocce Ball Courts
- Facilities with Access to Horseshoe Pits
- Facilities with Access to Croquet Lawns
- Facilities with Access to Lawn Bowling Greens
- Facilities with Access to Bowling Alleys
- Facilities with Access to Billiards Rooms
- Facilities with Access to Darts Rooms
- Facilities with Access to Card Rooms
- Facilities with Access to Board Game Rooms
- Facilities with Access to Chess Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Checkers Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Backgammon Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Mahjong Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Poker Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Canasta Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Rummy Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Gin Rummy Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Pinochle Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Euchre Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Hearts Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Spades Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Whist Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Contract Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Duplicate Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Rubber Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Chicago Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Progressive Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Party Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Social Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Tournament Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Professional Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Amateur Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Beginner Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Intermediate Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Advanced Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Expert Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Master Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Grandmaster Bridge Clubs
- Facilities with Access to Bridge Clubs

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

As soon as the game starts you will have a limited selection of officers and vehicles to choose from. Police Station is the only building where you can hire officers. Police Station is also the only building where you can buy vehicles and equipment. Police Station is also the only building where you can upgrade your station.

Police Station

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Unlocks: -
- Upkeep: -
- Total Max: 1 (Limit 1)
- Prerequisites: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station Upgrade

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Modular

Police Station Flagship

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Car Lot

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Ground Floor)

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Top Floor)

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Precinct

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.
- Prerequisites: -

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Modular

Police Precinct Sign

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -

Police Helicopter Pad

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -

Police Car Lot

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Ground Floor)

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Top Floor)

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Dispatch Tower

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Detective Wing

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Station Required: -
- Prerequisites: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Crime Prevention Center

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Prerequisites: -
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Helipad

- Cost: $ 0
- Number/Limit: 1 (Limit 1)
- Prerequisites: -
- Station Required: -
- Description: Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station Upgrade

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Modular

Police Station Flagship

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Car Lot

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Ground Floor)

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Top Floor)

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Dispatch Tower

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Detective Wing

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Crime Prevention Center

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Helipad

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station Upgrade

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Modular

Police Station Flagship

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Car Lot

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Ground Floor)

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Top Floor)

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Dispatch Tower

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Detective Wing

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Crime Prevention Center

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Helipad

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station Upgrade

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Modular

Police Station Flagship

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Car Lot

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Ground Floor)

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Jail Cells (Top Floor)

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Dispatch Tower

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Detective Wing

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Crime Prevention Center

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Helipad

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

Police Station is the first building you will encounter in the game. It is the starting point for the player's career. Here you can recruit officers, buy vehicles and equipment, and upgrade your station. Police Station is also the only building where you can hire officers.

City Services

Heroes & Villains Set

With the inclusion of the Heroes and Villains set, the evil Dr. Vu is on the loose, creating havoc in your city. Police have their hands full against this super villain as he solicits Sims to become his henchmen and carry out his dastardly deeds. Fortunately, your city has a crime-fighting protector: Maxis Man!

Dr. Vu

Dr. Vu has several doctorates in vaguely sinister sounding fields, such as mental conditioning, near field communications, and biochemical manipulation. He has turned his genius to creating a global empire for technological and (secretly) criminal domination.

Dr. Vu uses his considerable wealth and company (VuCom) to subjugate others. The legitimate headquarters of his empire is Vu Tower, where he watches over his empire and creates his Cult of Vu. Used throughout the company's ads are the simple statement "Vu you."

Dr. Vu lives at Vu Tower. He leaves Vu Tower during the morning commute and travels to high tech industry buildings, giving them (and the city's treasury) small amounts of money. He only visits each business a maximum of once per day.

If it's not time for the evening commute yet and he has visited all the high tech industry, he goes home early. Otherwise, he returns to Vu Tower during the evening commute.

Ordinary citizens that visit Vu Tower at night emerge as identical cult-like criminals of different levels. They all wear the same black turtlenecks that match Dr. Vu. These cult members spread around the city, committing a variety of crimes.

Once converted to the Cult of Vu, they live at Vu Tower, traveling to and from there during the normal commute. Once Maxis Man or the police arrest these henchmen, they leave the jail as normal citizens, with their criminal levels reset.

In addition to producing criminals, Vu Tower has several other functions. As a high tech icon, the building encourages the growth of high tech (tech level 3) industry in nearby industrial zones. Vu Tower also boosts the city's attraction rating, drawing tourists and local visitors, much like a landmark.

By clicking on Vu Tower you can purchase modules like the VuMobile Garage or Vu Laboratory. Vu Laboratory allows you to dispatch the VuBot, a destructive robot that can only be stopped by Maxis Man in his Reticulator.

Maxis Man

Unbeknownst to most, Maxis Man is secretly earnest inventor Will Maxwell. Maxwell was a small businessman who sold his own inventions. Many of these worked great, but due to his own naivete and the predatory practices of companies like VuCom, his business failed.

Realizing he wasn't cut out for business, Maxwell took all of the inventions he had created and set his sights to helping the people of the city himself.

You can send out Maxis Man at any time by clicking on Maxis Manor. Maxis Man serves as an extension of your health, fire, and police services—he can patrol for crime, treat injured Sims, and even put out fires. More importantly, Maxis Man can confront Dr. Vu and his evil VuBot.

Each time Maxis Man patrols the city and performs heroic actions he earns Renown Points that allows him to level up and unlock new modules like the Turbo Machine Garage and Reticulator Landing Pad. The Reticulator is required to battle Dr. Vu (at VuTower) or the VuBot. If Maxis Man is successful, Dr. Vu is thrown in jail and Vu Tower creates no criminals. But don't expect Dr. Vu to linger in jail for long…

Image	Name	Description	Prerequisites	Max Modules	Cost	Hourly Cost
	Maxis Manor	MaxisMan trains his body and mind to defeat Dr. Vu here when he's not responding to crime, fire or injury emergencies. If MaxisMan captures Dr. Vu, he holds him captive here.	Population of 2,500	N/A	§ 40,000	§ 900
	Turbo Machine Garage	MaxisMan stores his Turbo Machine here to keep it safe from vandals. MaxisMan races to emergencies at high speed in his Turbo Machine. Much better than his regular ride, the Cautious Machine.	500 Renown Points	1	§ 15,000	None
	Reticulator Landing Pad	MaxisMan launches off on his Reticulator from here to fight fires. When he's finished extinguishing fires around the city, he returns here to land. Also useful for thwarting the plans of Dr. Vu.	2,500 Renown Points	1	§ 30,000	None
	Vu Tower	Consumers shop at Vu Tower for the ubiquitous vuTek gadgets while Dr. Vu does business with local high-tech companies. A constant stream of ordinary residents are converted into criminals to serve the villainous will of Dr. Vu.	5 criminals at large, 5 industrial buildings	N/A	§ 120,000	§ 400
	VuMobile Garage	Dr. Vu stores his VuMobile here to keep it safe from vandals. The VuMobile lets Dr. Vu drive faster and looks totally sweet.	3,000 Loot	1	§ 20,000	§ 350
	Vu Laboratory	Dr. Vu cooks up new schemes in this laboratory. Like giant, killer robots. The laboratory increases the amount of criminals Dr. Vu can create and increases the skill of nearby factories.	6,000 Loot	1	§ 80,000	§ 1,000

Here are the houses that can be upgraded using this mod.

Each house has a unique upgrade path, with some houses having multiple upgrade paths. Each upgrade path has a number of upgrades that can be purchased. Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Buildings

Each of the peasant's buildings can be upgraded to a maximum of 3 times. Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's House

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Cottage

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Small Backyard

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Small Manor

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Manor

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Manor House

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

The Two Peasants

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Estate

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Mansion

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

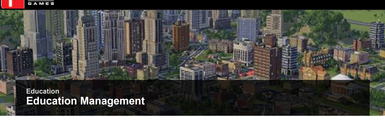
Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus

- Max Level: 3
- Max Residents: 4 (+1, +2, +3)
- Upgrade Time:
- Upgrade Cost:

Each upgrade will add a number of beds to the house, and will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house. Each upgrade will also add a number of workers to the house.

Peasant's Villa Deluxe Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus Plus



Education

Education Management

So what is your city's education level? What about tech level? In addition to showing your city's current enrollment, the info tab within the Education menu also shows your city's current education and tech level, as represented by grayed-out icons.

These icons will slowly fill in as the city's education and tech levels increase. In this section we explain how these two levels operate and their correlation to education and industry. We also look at transportation considerations and the science projects offered by the University.

Tip

Educated Sims are less likely to accidently start a fire or to get sick from germs.

Knowledge: Education Level

Access the Education data map to see education levels in your city.

Education level is a measure of how much education you currently have in the residential sections of your city. The graphical representation (in the Education menu's info tab) is an average of the individual residential buildings. The number of green graduate cap icons shown can be increased by sending more students to school.

The education level only increases when students return from school to their houses, so Dormitory students and commuting students from the region do not contribute to this.

The benefits vary with the level of education in the building—the individual unit, not the average. At education level one, the house has a reduced chance of creating a blue collar criminal, helping keep your streets safe. Level two sees a reduction in power and water usage, putting less strain on these utilities.

There are no additional benefits at level three, but at level four residential buildings see another reduction in power and water usage. At level five, residents install solar panels on their roof, greatly reducing the building's need for power.

Note

In addition to gaining perks from the various education levels, educated Sims are less likely to cause fires and get sick. They also recycle more, producing less garbage.

Skill: Tech Level

Click on an industrial building to see its current tech level. High tech buildings won't show up until a University has been built in the region.

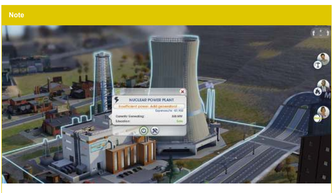
Tech level is essentially education for the industrial sections of your city. Higher tech levels provide opportunities for clean and high tech industry to be created. If a Community College and University are present in the region, you'll start to see clean (tech level 2) and high tech (tech level 3) industrial buildings when the appropriate levels of tech are reached.

Higher tech buildings create more tax revenue, making them worth the effort and expense to promote higher education. The more students that are present in the Community College or University, the more tech education is produced. This type of education is only dependent on the number of students, not their origin, so local, commuting, and Dormitory students all contribute to this production.

The benefit of education on industry is very different than on residential. Instead of providing a bonus to the buildings, it allows higher tech (based on the type of higher education placed) to be created. While these higher tech industrial buildings produce more tax revenue, they also require tech education to remain in business.

The education provided by the higher education schools (Community College and University) act as both catalyst for creation and as upkeep. So keep those higher education institutions filled to meet the demand of clean and high tech industrial buildings.

Note



Looking to staff a Nuclear Power Plant with educated workers? Educated workers are present whenever the buildings have enough tech education. The only way to ensure this is by producing as much tech education as possible by keeping your higher education buildings (Community College or University) filled with students. The proximity of the power plant to the school also will have an effect, but this must be balanced with the fact that Sims don't want to live too close to a Nuclear Power Plant.

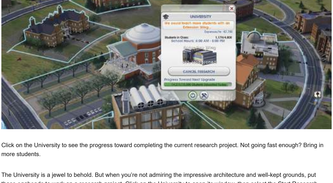
Transportation

Don't be surprised if your Community College and University draw heavy traffic. Rely on mass transit to help alleviate some of the congestion.

In a perfect city, every student could walk to the school of their choice, but it isn't feasible to construct a school in every neighborhood. When students can't reach a Grade School or High School on foot, they require a school bus to get to and from campus. Provide plenty of school buses and plop School Bus Stops throughout your city to encourage every kid in your city to get to school.

Community Colleges and Universities function a little differently since neither have school buses. Instead, most students drive to school when they can't reach a campus on foot. Given the large number of desks offered by these schools, expect traffic problems around these institutions. Therefore, build the Community College and University next to an avenue to accommodate the traffic. Also, consider mass transit options such as buses and streetcars. Equipping the University with a Dormitory or two can also reduce traffic, keeping most students on campus and off the roads.

University Research Projects



Click on the University to see the progress toward completing the current research project. Not going fast enough? Bring in more students.

The University is a jewel to behold. But when you're not admiring the impressive architecture and well-kept grounds, put those eggheads to work on a research project. Click on the University to open its window, then select the Start Research Project button. This brings up an additional window prompting you to choose from ten different projects.

Each project has a different cost and prerequisite, often requiring the construction of an additional school at the University. For example, you need a School of Medicine before you can pursue the Surgical Center project. Once completed, each project unlocks a specific module or one of the Great Works, like the Solar Farm or Space Center.

These completed research projects are shared throughout the region, giving every city access to the unlocked technology. But projects aren't completed instantly—it takes time to do all that research. The more students in the University, the faster the project is completed. So if a project is stalled or simply taking too long, consider adding a Dormitory and additional schools to increase the number of students on campus.

Tip

Got a crime problem? Add a School of Law at the University and start the Detective Wing research project. This allows your Police Precinct to dispatch a detective car and catch criminals at home, before they can commit a new crime.

Education: Points to Remember

- Kids will go to school if they can walk or ride a bus.
- All schools benefit residents through education.
- Educated houses consume less power and water.
- Educated Sims are less likely to start fires.
- Educated houses create fewer criminals.
- Educated Sims get sick less often.
- Colleges and Universities attract clean and high tech industry.

Education Achievements

Icon	Name	Criteria
	No Child Left Behind	Plop 20 School Bus Stops in one city.
	SimCity University!	Have a University with each School module.

City Specialization

City Specialization

Mayor, I have some bad news. [a]The treasury is running a little low—maintaining all these city services [/a]and schools isn't cheap.

And it don't think the Sims can tolerate another tax increase. But now for some good news. We've identified a number of natural resources, just beneath the city. Consider building mines in all Or Well to extract these resources, then export them through a Trade Depot to make a pretty profit.

Or take city specialization to great heights by processing resources through a Smelting Factory or Oil Refinery to produce even more valuable metal, alloy, plastic, or fuel. By supplying opportunities in the metals, petroleum, trading, and electronics businesses, you may get the city's budget back on track.

And all those Sims babysitting about no jobs? These specializations employ tons of workers of various wealth and education levels, potentially leading to a boost in tax revenue as more Sims move in and new shops open. It's too early to tell, but city specializations may be the economical antidote we've been looking for!

City Specialization Overview

Here you managed to get some sea ore, coal, or crude oil from the ground? What are you going to do with it? Extracting resources is just the first step and you want to maximize your profits. Whether you're mining or drilling, it's important to understand how resources and resources flow throughout your city and region.

In the accompanying example, a Coal Mine produces coal, which is stored in the mine's output lot. Trucks from the Coal Mine are then used to transport coal to a variety of possible locations—trucks automatically deliver coal to any input lots open to local deliveries. Coal can be sent to a Coal Power Plant to generate power for the city and region.

It can also be sent to a Smelting Factory where it is combined with ore to create alloy, a valuable commodity in its own right, essential in electronics or constructing Coral Reefs. The coal can also be gifted to neighboring cities or simply sold for a quick profit on the global market through a Trade Depot or Trade Port.

When a Trade Depot or Trade Port is set to export, trucks, trains, or cargo ships arrive from the region to buy coal at the current market price. If no Coal Mine exists, it's still possible to supply the Smelting Factory and Coal Power Plant with coal from imports bought on the global market or gifted from a neighboring city.

Transporting cargo

SOURCE
Sources can be built to deliver resources to load lots in the city.
Coal Mine
Oil Well
Multiple trucks can be added to increase output flow.
Neighbor's City
Resources can be imported from and exported to neighboring cities that log in and receive items.
Trade Depot or Trade Port
Sends and receives goods from the global market.
SINK
Sinks have no property lines. Use one as a dead end lot for transportation.
Smelting Factory
Coal Power Plant
Trucks can be added to increase output flow.
Trucks Depart Trade Port (Ground, Rail, Water)
Coal at an export (depart) trade is a unit. Trucks, trains, and cargo ships will depart from the trade to transport resources to another city. (Ground, rail, then boats to boat)
Coal Transport Fleet
Coal Transport Ship
Gladiuer Merchant
All trade Resort vehicles are owned by Reps.

Trucks are the key to moving resources throughout your city. Make sure your mines, Oil Wells, and other buildings have enough truck garages to accommodate the load.

As you can see, it's a very fluid process with many options and moving pieces. But whatever your intentions, it's important to keep the supply chain moving. Any interruptions can bring the whole system to a halt, reducing profits. And if your city is relying on those profits to cover its expenses, a financial collapse may be imminent.

For best results, place the participating buildings as close to each other as possible. In this case it means placing the Coal Mine, Smelting Factory, Coal Power Plant, and Trade Depot or Trade Port next to each other. Not only does this minimize transportation time, minimizing the chances of trucks getting stuck or delayed in traffic on the opposite side of the city. With less travel time, trucks from the Coal Mine can make regular deliveries to the input lot of all participants in the supply chain.

Note

For information on the Culture and Gambling specializations, click ahead to the Tourism chapter to learn what it takes to attract visitors, sending them home with fond memories…and empty pockets.

Planning

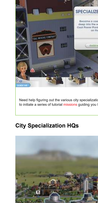
Access the data maps early on to identify resources beneath your city site. This makes it easier to plan the layout of your road system and supply chain.

The creation of an efficient city specialization supply chain should begin early on, preferably before you even connect a city to the highway. Use the data maps to locate your resources, and then determine where each building should go. (Be mindful to avoid supply shortages. It costs nothing to plan ahead.

If you intend to sell your resources on the global market, where will your Trade Depot go? Or if you have access to rail or water, plan to eventually build a Trade Port to move large amounts of cargo. Due to geography, some participants in the supply chain may need to be placed in the region.

Figure out what kind of roads will be necessary to keep resources moving, preferably avoiding high-traffic areas in the process. Try to keep the roads connecting supply chain participants isolated from the rest of the city as possible. If these roads become clogged by commuters or tourists, everything may grind to a halt.

Specialization



With three sprawling Oil Wells and a nearby Oil Refinery, this is an oil town. Consider specializing in one city specialization, especially if you have multiple resources of one natural resource in your region.

Running any one of the city specializations requires a lot of your attention. Most buildings and their associated road networks occupy a large portion of the city, lowering land value and spreading air and ground pollution. When you have a city with numerous natural resources, consider focusing on city specializations instead of taking a balanced RCI approach.

Like industry, city specializations require workers to operate, so it's important to supply a work force by zoning some neighborhoods for low-density residential. Because most goods are imported from other cities, so make sure mass transit options are available to get commodities to work in a busy fashion.

Importing workers from other cities allows your specialized city to focus solely on producing resources and making money—if citizens from other cities can't get to work, they won't have any income to spend in your city. More importantly, upgrades also give you access to new divisions, department-like buildings that can be built adjacent to the Mall.

Each division grants access to new buildings, allowing you to expand your business. For example, you'll need a Refining building before you can build a Petroleum Plant. Each time you build a new building in the attained-area division associated with an HQ, there's no stopping you—all buildings are ordered and the city's the limit.

The HQs also allow you to compete with friends and other SimCity players in the leaderboards. Once you've plopped an HQ, the production of metals, oil, or other associated resources will be tracked in the leaderboards. Feel free to compete with your friends and see who can mine the most coal or generate the most plastic. A little friendly competition won't hurt, and you'll earn a small fortune in the process.

The Global Market

The massive storage lots available at the Trade Port make it ideal for importing, exporting, or simply storing large volumes of resources.

Don't feel like digging in the dirt to extract coal or iron ore? Have a phobia of Oil Well accidents? No worries. As long as you have the money, you can import resources from your city needs directly from the global market. Or if you need money, you can sell/export those same resources, securing a nice little profit for your city.

The global market is accessed through Trade Depots and Trade Ports. Those specialized facilities serve as warehouses, standard of storing all the resources in the game: coal, raw ore, crude oil, metal, alloy, plastic, fuel, processors, TVs, and computers. These resources are stored in separate storage lots, each specific to importing or exporting.

Or if you simply want to accumulate resources for use in local industry or a Coral Reefs project, you can simply use the Trade Depot or Trade Port as a storage facility. Nothing wrong with that! Just be sure to keep an eye on the prices. When importing or exporting, the amount of money exchanged is based on the current market value of each commodity.

Just like real-world stock markets and commodity exchanges, market values change throughout the day based on real-time supply and demand. For example, the prices you imported an hour ago may be worth a lot more now, giving you the opportunity to export it for a profit. For more information on the global market value changes and managing your Trade Depots and Trade Ports, advance to the Trading section within this chapter.

Gifting

Using the Gift menu in the Region View you can send Simoleons or any of the ten resources to a connected city in your region.

If you have some surplus Simoleons or resources, why not share them with your fellow mayors? They may need the extra help now. And who knows, they may even return the favor in the future. The sharing of Simoleons and resources is handled through the Gift menu in the Region View.

Here you can select from any of the ten resources currently stored at any of your Trade Depots or Trade Ports and transfer them to another city in the region. Before a city can accept a gift, they must have a storage lot with enough capacity to contain the incoming goods. In some instances, a mayor may have to add a new storage lot to accept a shipment.

Once the gift has been initiated, resources are exchanged between the two cities by either truck, train, or cargo ship. So don't panic if the incoming resources don't appear in your storage lots immediately—they're in transit. Gifting is important as cities begin to specialize.

For example, if one city has a Coal Mine and a neighboring city has an Ore Mine, they can exchange their resources to accelerate and then maximize Smelting Factory production. It's just like a giving a head, chat with local mayors to establish deals, exchanging a predetermined volume of resources for a set price. Gifting really enhances the sense of community encouraged by multi-city play.

Sharing resources will only make your region stronger.

Depletion of Resources

There's only a one-year supply of crude oil left beneath this Oil Well. What happens when the oil runs out? Time to start planning for the future before the Oil Well runs dry.

Whether you're mining or drilling, the amount of raw ore, coal, or crude oil beneath your city should keep you in business for several years. But then what? These natural resources are finite, and if you play the same city for several years, there will come a point when these raw materials are depleted.

Periodically click on your mines and Oil Wells to see exactly how many more years you can keep extracting resources from each deposit or reservoir. As supply dwindles, access your data maps to identify other deposits or reservoirs beneath your city and consider moving operations to a new location.

If there's no more resources beneath your city it's time to rethink your business strategy. By importing crude oil, raw ore, and coal from a Trade Depot or Trade Port, you can keep your Smelting Factory and Oil Refinery in business, while continually supplying any Coal or Oil Power Plants.

Or perhaps you can get those raw materials from a neighboring city? In any case, plan ahead for this transitional phase to avoid a sudden disruption of supply. Shortly before you run out of resources, begin imports at a Trade Depot or Trade Port.

This will lessen the likelihood of a supply interruption and your businesses and power plants will continue functioning without a hitch. Shut down and bulldoze your old mines and Oil Wells to save money and clear space for new construction. Maybe it's time to pursue high-tech industry in the electronics specialization?

Mining - The Master Specialization

Mining - The Master Specialization

Mining is the Master Specialization for the Mining Profession. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions.

Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions.

Four Wars

Four Wars

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Four Wars of the Mining Specialization are the Mining Speed, Mining Efficiency, Mining Durability, and Mining Luck. Each of these Wars can be upgraded to increase the bonuses they provide."

Four Wars is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions.

Mining

Iron Pickaxe

Iron Pickaxe

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Iron Pickaxe is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Iron Pickaxe Tech Storage

Iron Pickaxe Tech Storage

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Iron Pickaxe Tech Storage is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Coal Stove

Coal Stove

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Coal Stove is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Tin Mug

Tin Mug

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Tin Mug is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

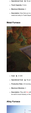
Bronze

Tin Mug Tool

Tin Mug Tool

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Tin Mug Tool is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Tin Pickaxe Tech Storage



Tin Pickaxe Tech Storage

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Tin Pickaxe Tech Storage is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Tin Stove

Tin Stove

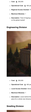
- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Tin Stove is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Smelting Factory

Smelting Factory

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Smelting Factory is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Smelting Factory Tech Storage



Smelting Factory Tech Storage

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Smelting Factory Tech Storage is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Steel Furnace

Steel Furnace

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Steel Furnace is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Blast Furnace

Blast Furnace

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Blast Furnace is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Metals / Ore Deposits

Ore	Level	Specialization	Prerequisite
Copper Ore	1	Mining	None
Tin Ore	1	Mining	None
Iron Ore	1	Mining	None
Coal Ore	1	Mining	None

Copper Ore

Copper Ore

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Copper Ore is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Tin Ore

Tin Ore

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Tin Ore is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Iron Ore

Iron Ore

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Iron Ore is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Coal Ore

Coal Ore

- Level: 1
- Specialization: Mining
- Prerequisite: None
- Description:
  - Mining Speed +5%
  - Mining Efficiency +5%
  - Mining Durability +5%
  - Mining Luck +5%
- Flavor Text: "The Coal Ore is the first Specialization that is available to all Professions. It is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions. Mining is the only Specialization that is available to all Professions."

Next Page

Managing the 2 Petroleum Specialization

Written by Rebane

Refining oil in Mek 2 is all centered on the idea that setting up a profitable network of refinery and chemical factories is a challenge in itself. This page will help you with that challenge.

There's a great tutorial available from Kimera on building a profitable network in the Tutorial Pack. Check it out!

Kimera's Tutorial Pack is available from the Mek 2 Downloads page. Click on the Tutorial Pack link to download it.

By displaying 3D fluids and image overlays you can quickly scan areas for the number and size of oil wells. Learn more about [Image Overlays](/wiki/Image_Overlays) and [3D Fluids](/wiki/3D_Fluids) in the Mek 2 Wiki.

All the pipelines in Petroleum Engineer's Handbook are designed for [Universal Cables](/wiki/Universal_Cables). You can configure [Universal Cables](/wiki/Universal_Cables) to transport any fluid, gas, heat, or electricity. Learn more about [Universal Cables](/wiki/Universal_Cables) in the Mek 2 Wiki.

Oil is a valuable resource, but it can be difficult to find. Fortunately, Mek 2 has a few tools to help you find oil. Take a look at the [Geiger Counter](/wiki/Geiger_Counter) and [Seismic Vibrator](/wiki/Seismic_Vibrator) in the Mek 2 Wiki.

Oil Well

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Production Rate: **2,000 mB/t**
- Machine Modes:
  - Pumping
  - Pumping (Silk Touch)
  - Drilling (Silk Touch)
  - Drilling (Fortune)
- Machine Upgrades: [Speed Upgrade](/wiki/Speed_Upgrade)
- Description: Pumps oil from underground. Must be placed on top of an oil deposit. Will not work if there is a block directly on top of it. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades. Can be configured to Silk Touch to collect the oil deposit block. Can be configured to Fortune to increase the amount of oil collected per operation.

Building an Oil Well is the starting point for beginning your oil refinery. Without refining oil, Mek 2 users can't advance to modern-era usage of resources. An Oil Well has a customizable automatic timer set to 20 ticks in default from The Mining Dimension.

Placing the Oil Well will start the process of searching for oil under the Oil Well. Once it finds oil, it will start to pump oil. Pumping oil requires Mek Gas. Mek Gas is produced by the Mek Gas Generator. Mek Gas is also used by the Mek Gas Turbine.

Building an Oil Well is the starting point for beginning your oil refinery. Without refining oil, Mek 2 users can't advance to modern-era usage of resources. An Oil Well has a customizable automatic timer set to 20 ticks in default from The Mining Dimension.

Placing the Oil Well will start the process of searching for oil under the Oil Well. Once it finds oil, it will start to pump oil. Pumping oil requires Mek Gas. Mek Gas is produced by the Mek Gas Generator. Mek Gas is also used by the Mek Gas Turbine.

Building an Oil Well is the starting point for beginning your oil refinery. Without refining oil, Mek 2 users can't advance to modern-era usage of resources. An Oil Well has a customizable automatic timer set to 20 ticks in default from The Mining Dimension.

Placing the Oil Well will start the process of searching for oil under the Oil Well. Once it finds oil, it will start to pump oil. Pumping oil requires Mek Gas. Mek Gas is produced by the Mek Gas Generator. Mek Gas is also used by the Mek Gas Turbine.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Gas Tank

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Fluid Capacity: **128 mB/t**
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Provides additional buffer space for storage of gas. Can be upgraded with Gas Upgrades.

Modules

- Gas Upgrade

Electrical Steam Boiler

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Fluid Capacity: **160 mB/t**
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Heats water to steam. Requires electricity to operate. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Thermal Evaporation Tower

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Fluid Capacity: **160 mB/t**
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Heats seawater to steam. Requires electricity to operate. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Oil Derrick Turret Garage

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Fluid Capacity: **128 mB/t**
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Provides additional buffer space for storage of oil. Can be upgraded with Gas Upgrades.

Modules

- Gas Upgrade

Oil Pumpjack

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Fluid Capacity: **128 mB/t**
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Pumps oil from underground. Must be placed on top of an oil deposit. Will not work if there is a block directly on top of it. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Petroleum HQ

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Fluid Capacity: **128 mB/t**
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Provides additional buffer space for storage of oil. Can be upgraded with Gas Upgrades.

Modules

- Gas Upgrade

Petroleum HQ Upgrades

Level	Name	Image	Details
1	Petroleum Engineer		Can produce level 1 oil wells
2	Petroleum Tycoon		Can produce level 1 and level 2 oil wells
3	Petroleum Mogul		Can produce level 1, level 2, and level 3 oil wells

- Petroleum HQ Upgrades: Petroleum HQ Upgrades are upgraded by right-clicking on the Petroleum HQ with a Configurator. Upgrading requires Mek Gas. Mek Gas is produced by the Mek Gas Generator. Mek Gas is also used by the Mek Gas Turbine.
- Description: Each level of Petroleum HQ Upgrades will allow you to complete the Petroleum Engineer's Handbook quests that require oil wells of that level. Each level of Petroleum HQ Upgrades will also allow you to produce oil wells of that level.

Petroleum HQ Upgrades are upgraded by right-clicking on the Petroleum HQ with a Configurator. Upgrading requires Mek Gas. Mek Gas is produced by the Mek Gas Generator. Mek Gas is also used by the Mek Gas Turbine.

Each level of Petroleum HQ Upgrades will allow you to complete the Petroleum Engineer's Handbook quests that require oil wells of that level. Each level of Petroleum HQ Upgrades will also allow you to produce oil wells of that level.

Petroleum Mk3 Digger

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Automatically digs out oil. Will not place the oil it finds on the ground. Must be placed on top of an oil deposit. Will not work if there is a block directly on top of it. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Refining Division

- Cost: **10,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Refines oil into chemicals. Requires electricity to operate. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Cooperative Dockyard

- Cost: **10,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Loads and unloads ships. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Oil Refinery

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Refines oil into chemicals. Requires electricity to operate. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Oil Refinery Sign

- Cost: **0**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Displays the name of the refinery it is connected to.

Oil Refinery Delivery Truck Garage

- Cost: **5,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Fluid Capacity: **128 mB/t**
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Provides additional buffer space for storage of oil. Can be upgraded with Gas Upgrades.

Fuel Distillation Unit

- Cost: **10,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Machine Modes:
  - Distillation
  - Distillation (Fuel Only) Only produces fuel. Does not produce any ethylene.
- Description: Refines petroleum into ethylene and fuel. Requires electricity to operate. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Plastic Polymerizer

- Cost: **10,000**
- Operational Cost: **0** Mek Gas
- Machine Modules: **1**
- Description: Plastic separated. Plastic has been separated. Can be upgraded with Speed Upgrades.

Modules

- Speed Upgrade

Managing the 2 Petroleum Specialization

Mek 2's Petroleum Specialization is a complex system that requires careful planning and management. Here are some tips to help you get started:

- **Start small:** Don't try to build a massive refinery right away. Start with a few oil wells and a small refinery, and gradually expand as you learn the ropes.
- **Use the right tools:** Make sure you have the right tools for the job, such as pipes, pumps, and storage tanks.
- **Keep an eye on your resources:** Monitor your oil production and consumption to avoid running out of oil or wasting resources.
- **Experiment:** Don't be afraid to try different things and see what works best for you.

A Craving for Crude

Petroleum Engineer's Handbook Quest Book showing the Petroleum Engineer's Handbook quest page. The quest book is open to the first quest, which is titled "A Craving for Crude". The quest page shows the quest's description and requirements.

Petroleum Engineer's Handbook is a collection of quests that will help you learn the basics of the Petroleum Specialization. The quests are organized into chapters, and each chapter focuses on a different aspect of the specialization.

To access the Petroleum Engineer's Handbook, you can craft it using the following recipe:

Crafting recipe for the Petroleum Engineer's Handbook. The recipe shows that you need a book and a piece of coal to craft the Petroleum Engineer's Handbook.

Once you have the Petroleum Engineer's Handbook, you can right-click on it to open the quest book. The first quest in the book is "A Craving for Crude". This quest will teach you how to build a simple oil refinery and produce some basic petroleum products.

As you progress through the quests, you will learn more about the different machines and processes involved in petroleum refining. You will also learn how to troubleshoot problems and optimize your production.

The Petroleum Engineer's Handbook is a great resource for anyone who wants to get started with the Petroleum Specialization. The quests are well-written and easy to follow, and they will teach you everything you need to know to build a successful oil refinery.

Oil Well Optimization

Diagram of an Oil Well showing the different components and how they work together to maximize oil production.

There's no need to build multiple Oil Wells when one will do the trick. By maximizing an Oil Well's Silk Touch, you can ensure the Oil Well is collecting the maximum amount of oil possible. This is because Silk Touch will collect the oil deposit block, which is the source of the oil.

Just like the Ore Vein in The Mining Dimension, Oil Deposits are finite. Once you've collected all the oil from a deposit, it will disappear. To avoid this, you can use Silk Touch to collect the oil deposit block. This will allow you to keep the deposit intact and continue collecting oil from it indefinitely.

But not all environments are created equal. Some areas may not have any oil deposits at all. Before building an Oil Refinery, try to find a deposit. If you can't find one, you may want to consider building your refinery in a different location.

Finding oil can be a challenge, but it's a necessary one if you want to build a successful oil refinery. With a little bit of patience and the right tools, you can find the oil you need to keep your refinery running smoothly.

Emergency Response

An oil refinery surrounded by a large fire. Flames with a chemical flavoring could be integrated to improve the look and feel of the refinery.

Every now and then, Mek and Pollutionmaster are going to have an accident. When you do, you have the appropriate technology to respond to the emergency. Whether it's a fire, a chemical spill, or a gas leak, you can use the right tools to clean up the mess and get back to business as usual.

Fires are a common accident in the Petroleum Specialization. They can occur when there's a spark or flame near a flammable substance, such as oil or gas. To put out a fire, you can use a fire extinguisher or a water bucket. Fire extinguishers are more effective, but they're also more expensive. Water buckets are cheaper, but they're not as effective.

Chemical spills can also be a problem. They can occur when a container of chemicals is damaged or when chemicals are mixed together that shouldn't be. To clean up a chemical spill, you'll need to use a special kit. These kits contain absorbent materials that can soak up the chemicals and prevent them from spreading.

Gas leaks can be dangerous, so it's important to act quickly if you suspect one. The first step is to evacuate the area. Then, you'll need to call the fire department or a hazmat team. They'll have the equipment and training to safely handle the situation.

Drilling Shrine to Remember

- Drilling Shrine to Remember
- Extract crude oil with an oil well or Pumpjack
- Refine crude oil into fuel and plastic using Fuel Distillation Unit and Plastic Polymerizer
- Store fuel in Fuel Tank and plastic in Plastic Storage Unit
- Transport fuel and plastic using Universal Cables
- Use fuel to power machines and generators

Factorio Wiki

Welcome to the Factorio Wiki, a community-driven resource for everything Factorio. Please read the Wiki:Policies and guidelines before editing.

Factorio is a game in which you build and maintain factories. You will be mining resources, researching technologies, building ever larger factories to produce even more resources, building rockets to fly into space and conquer the alien planet you crash-landed on.

By default, you must defend your factory against the local fauna, but this can be disabled. Build your factory big enough, and you will be able to produce rockets that can be launched to send supplies to a new planet.

Factorio is currently in Steam Early Access. Version 1.0 is planned to be released in 2020. Version 0.18 is the current stable version.

Resource Patches

Resource patches are the source of all raw resources in the game. Resources are extracted from resource patches by mining drills. Resource patches are randomly generated when a new map is created.

Resource patches are finite, and will eventually run out. Resource patches can be depleted by mining drills, or by using the resource patch filter in the map generation settings.

Resource patches can be found by exploring the map. Resource patches can be marked on the map by placing a map marker.

Crude oil patches are the exception to the finite resource rule. Crude oil patches are infinite resource patches, but they yield only a small amount of crude oil per second.

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore
- Crude oil
  - Water
  - Heavy oil
  - Light oil
  - Petroleum gas
- Enemy bases

Mining

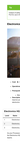
Electric Mining Drill

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Factory Train Garage

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Pumpjack



- Crude oil

Offshore Pump

- Water

Pipeline Ground Tile

- Water
- Crude oil
- Heavy oil
- Light oil
- Petroleum gas

Smelting

Stone Furnace

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal

Steel Furnace

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal

Electric Furnace

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal

Crafting

Assembling Machine

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal

Oil Refinery

- Crude oil
- Water

Chemical Plant

- Crude oil
- Water
- Heavy oil
- Light oil
- Petroleum gas

Centrifuge

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Rocket Silo

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistics

Inserter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Transport Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Underground Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Splitter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Fast Inserter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Long Handed Inserter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Fast Transport Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Fast Underground Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Fast Splitter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistic Inserter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistic Transport Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistic Underground Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistic Splitter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Managing the Electronic Specialization

Factorio is a game in which you build and maintain factories. You will be mining resources, researching technologies, building ever larger factories to produce even more resources, building rockets to fly into space and conquer the alien planet you crash-landed on.

By default, you must defend your factory against the local fauna, but this can be disabled. Build your factory big enough, and you will be able to produce rockets that can be launched to send supplies to a new planet.

Factorio is currently in Steam Early Access. Version 1.0 is planned to be released in 2020. Version 0.18 is the current stable version.

Resource Patches

Resource patches are the source of all raw resources in the game. Resources are extracted from resource patches by mining drills. Resource patches are randomly generated when a new map is created.

Resource patches are finite, and will eventually run out. Resource patches can be depleted by mining drills, or by using the resource patch filter in the map generation settings.

Resource patches can be found by exploring the map. Resource patches can be marked on the map by placing a map marker.

Crude oil patches are the exception to the finite resource rule. Crude oil patches are infinite resource patches, but they yield only a small amount of crude oil per second.

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore
- Crude oil
  - Water
  - Heavy oil
  - Light oil
  - Petroleum gas
- Enemy bases

Self-Sufficient Supply Chain

A self-sufficient supply chain is a supply chain that is not dependent on any other supply chains. It is a supply chain that can produce all of the resources it needs to produce its own products.

A self-sufficient supply chain is a supply chain that can produce all of the resources it needs to produce its own products.

Factorio Wiki

Welcome to the Factorio Wiki, a community-driven resource for everything Factorio. Please read the Wiki:Policies and guidelines before editing.

Factorio is a game in which you build and maintain factories. You will be mining resources, researching technologies, building ever larger factories to produce even more resources, building rockets to fly into space and conquer the alien planet you crash-landed on.

By default, you must defend your factory against the local fauna, but this can be disabled. Build your factory big enough, and you will be able to produce rockets that can be launched to send supplies to a new planet.

Factorio is currently in Steam Early Access. Version 1.0 is planned to be released in 2020. Version 0.18 is the current stable version.

Factorio Resource Patches

Resource patches are the source of all raw resources in the game. Resources are extracted from resource patches by mining drills. Resource patches are randomly generated when a new map is created.

Resource patches are finite, and will eventually run out. Resource patches can be depleted by mining drills, or by using the resource patch filter in the map generation settings.

Resource patches can be found by exploring the map. Resource patches can be marked on the map by placing a map marker.

Crude oil patches are the exception to the finite resource rule. Crude oil patches are infinite resource patches, but they yield only a small amount of crude oil per second.

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore
- Crude oil
  - Water
  - Heavy oil
  - Light oil
  - Petroleum gas
- Enemy bases

Factorio Resource Patches

Resource patches are the source of all raw resources in the game. Resources are extracted from resource patches by mining drills. Resource patches are randomly generated when a new map is created.

Resource patches are finite, and will eventually run out. Resource patches can be depleted by mining drills, or by using the resource patch filter in the map generation settings.

Resource patches can be found by exploring the map. Resource patches can be marked on the map by placing a map marker.

Crude oil patches are the exception to the finite resource rule. Crude oil patches are infinite resource patches, but they yield only a small amount of crude oil per second.

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore
- Crude oil
  - Water
  - Heavy oil
  - Light oil
  - Petroleum gas
- Enemy bases

Factorio Train Garage

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Pumpjack

- Crude oil

Offshore Pump

- Water

Pipeline Ground Tile

- Water
- Crude oil
- Heavy oil
- Light oil
- Petroleum gas

Stone Furnace

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal

Steel Furnace

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal

Electric Furnace

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal

Assembling Machine

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Oil Refinery

- Crude oil
- Water

Chemical Plant

- Crude oil
- Water
- Heavy oil
- Light oil
- Petroleum gas

Centrifuge

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Rocket Silo

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Inserter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Transport Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Underground Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Splitter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Fast Inserter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Long Handed Inserter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Fast Transport Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Fast Underground Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Fast Splitter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistic Inserter

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistic Transport Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistic Underground Belt

- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Logistic Splitter

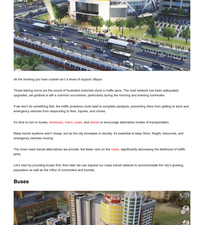
- Iron ore
- Copper ore
- Stone
- Coal
- Uranium ore

Managing the Electronic Specialization

Factorio is a game in which you build and maintain factories. You will be mining resources, researching technologies, building ever larger factories to produce even more resources, building rockets to fly into space and conquer the alien planet you crash-landed on.

By default, you must defend your factory against the local fauna, but this can be disabled. Build your factory big enough, and you will be able to produce rockets that can be launched to send supplies to a new planet.

Factorio is currently in Steam Early Access. Version 1.0 is planned to be released in 2020. Version 0.18 is the current stable version.



All the looking you hear outside isn't a show of support, Mayor.

Those fleeing towns are the source of hundred motorists stuck in traffic jams. The road network has been adequately upgraded, yet gridlock is still a common occurrence, particularly during the morning and evening commutes.

If we don't do something fast, the traffic problems could lead to complete paralysis, preventing Sims from getting to work and emergency vehicles from responding to fires, injuries, and crimes.

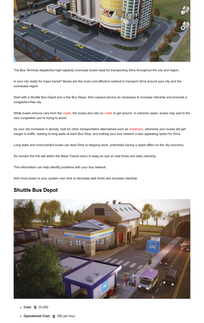
It's time to turn to buses, streetcars, trains, trolls, and planes to encourage alternative modes of transportation.

Mass transit systems aren't cheap, but as the city increases in density, it's essential to keep Sims, freight, resources, and emergency vehicles moving.

The more mass transit alternatives we provide, the fewer cars on the roads, significantly decreasing the likelihood of traffic jams.

Let's start by providing buses first, then later we can expand our mass transit network to accommodate the city's growing population as well as the influx of commuters and tourists.

Buses



The Bus Terminal dispatches high-capacity municipal buses slow for transporting Sims throughout the city and region.

Is your city ready for mass transit? Buses are the most cost-effective method to transport Sims around your city and the connected region.

Start with a Shuttle Bus Depot and a few Bus Stops, then expand service as necessary to increase ridership and promote a congestion-free city.

While buses remove cars from the roads, the buses also do crash to get around. In extreme cases, buses may add to the very congestion you're trying to avoid.

Buses are very disciplined trucks, and for other transportation alternatives such as streetcars, otherwise your buses will get caught in traffic, making it hard to keep to a set bus stop, and making sure bus-related trips aren't appearing active in Sims.

Long walks and overcrowded buses can lead Sims to skipping work, potentially having a ripple effect on the city economy.

Remember this info can aid within the Mass Transit menu to keep an eye on wait times and daily ridership.

This information can help identify problems with your bus network.

Add more buses to your system over time to decrease wait times and increase ridership.

Shuttle Bus Depot

- **Cost:** $ 20,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 300 per hour
- **Buses:** 3
- **Bus Capacity:** 40 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Town Hall
- **Description:** Help your Sims get around the city! Shuttle buses stop here for free and medium wealth Sims.

At the first sign of congestion, plop a Shuttle Bus Depot and several Bus Stops to get some cars off the roads. The small capacity buses transport Sims from the depot can only fit Sims each—half the capacity of municipal buses from the Bus Terminal.

Shuttle buses are local-level, to maintain a congestion-free city within the city limits. Still, the Shuttle Bus Depot is much more affordable, providing your city with the most economical approach to mass transit.

As township increases, add additional Shuttle Bus Lot modules. In addition to increasing ridership, dispatching more shuttle buses will reduce the wait time at stops, meaning Sims get where they need to go in a timely manner.

The Shuttle Bus Depot itself does not function as a Bus Stop, so it doesn't really matter where you plop it. Consider placing it in the traffic mess you're experiencing, then add Bus Stops where they're needed.

When expanded to capacity, one depot can dispatch a fleet of 24 buses, carrying a total of 960 Sims at any given time. If well more of the Bus Stops are still long, consider adding an additional Shuttle Bus Depot or a Bus Terminal to accommodate even more Sims.

Modules

Shuttle Bus Lot

- **Cost:** $ 7,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 100 per hour
- **Buses:** 2
- **Bus Capacity:** 40 Sims
- **Maximum Modules:** 4
- **Description:** Expand your shuttle service! Provides parking for three shuttle buses.

Bus Stop

- **Cost:** $ 200
- **Operational Cost:** $ 10 per hour
- **Bus Stop Capacity:** 120 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Shuttle Bus Depot
  - Bus Terminal in region
- **Description:** Wait for it... buses stop here for low and medium wealth Sims.

These stops function similar to the School Bus Stops available in the Education menu. However, the buses that stop here are dispatched from a Shuttle Bus Depot or Bus Terminal—school buses from the Castle School or High School will simply avoid these stops.

Bus Stops are available whenever you have a Shuttle Bus Depot or Bus Terminal—the Bus Terminal can be in your city or within a connected city in the region.

Just as you did with your School Bus Stops, place these stops at key intersections throughout your city.

With each stop placed, the nearby street turns green, indicating the stop is within walking distance (approximately 400 meters or five-minute walk) of the highlighted area.

Place another stop where the green color in the road begins to fade, expanding bus service to a new area. Continue placing Bus Stops all over the city until most of your road network is green. But don't go overboard.

Focus your Bus Stops in the most heavily populated areas. There's no need to place Bus Stops in wealthy neighborhoods, because wealthy Sims don't ride buses.

But make sure all low and medium wealth buildings and job-generating buildings are near a Bus Stop.

As ridership catches on, fewer and fewer cars will clog your streets. This is most noticeable during the morning and evening rush hour commutes.

Park and Ride

- **Cost:** $ 400
- **Operational Cost:** $ 30 per hour
- **Bus Stop Capacity:** 80 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Shuttle Bus Depot
  - 120 Bus Terminal in region
- **Description:** Municipal and shuttle buses stop here for low and medium wealth Sims. Commuters can park in the field before taking the bus.

Make sure these large buses have the highway and make stops at each of your Bus Stops and Park and Rides.

As township catches on, fewer and fewer cars will clog your streets. This is most noticeable during the morning and evening rush hour commutes.

The Park and Ride is essentially a Bus Stop with an attached parking lot. These come in handy when dealing with commuters traveling in and out of your city transferring Sims from their cars onto buses.

If you have Sims coming into your city for work or to shop, consider placing a few Park and Rides near your highway connection. This helps intercept cars early on before they clog your roads.

The commuters leave their cars behind and then hop on a bus to reach their desired destinations.

If dealing with commuters leaving your city or traveling great distances within your city, consider placing Park and Rides within residential neighborhoods.

This gives local Sims a chance to leave their car behind and board a bus to reach their job within the city or a neighboring city.

Like the Bus Stops, the Park and Ride serves buses from the Shuttle Bus Depot as well as from the Bus Terminal.

Even if you have no buses dispatched from your city, you can still build Park and Ride as long as a Bus Terminal exists in the region.

Build one Park and Ride for every couple of Bus Stops you place.

As soon as Sims start using their cars for work or to shop, consider placing a few Park and Rides near your highway connection. This helps intercept cars early on before they clog your roads.

In such cases, you can let your neighbors know the truth of the mass transit expenses while you simply supply Bus Stops and Park and Rides for them buses to service.

Bus Terminal

- **Cost:** $ 45,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 700 per hour
- **Buses:** 3
- **Bus Capacity:** 40 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - City Hall
  - Department of Transportation in region
- **Description:** A terminal for larger municipal and regional buses. Low and medium wealth Sims can arrive here before boarding buses to other cities in the region. Buses from the terminal travel to cities within the city as well as to neighboring cities with Bus Stops. Regional buses can drop off and pick up tourists here.

The Bus Terminal dispatches large 80-passenger municipal buses through the city and region, providing a significant improvement over the Shuttle Bus Depot when it comes to capacity and range. The Bus Terminal also offers a large parking garage, allowing commuters to park their car and take a bus to their destination—just like the Park and Ride.

As a result, the Bus Terminal draws plenty of traffic as cars enter and exit the parking garage.

Therefore, build the Bus Terminal along a Medium or High Density Avenue that isn't already impacted by traffic—the constant activity around the Bus Terminal can lead to sluggish traffic flow, potentially leading to the sort of gridlock you're trying to avoid.

If you already have a number of existing Bus Stops and Park and Ride stations throughout your city, there's no need to add extras—the municipal buses use the same stops as your shuttle buses.

If you have any tourist attractions in your city, such as a casino or a landmark, consider building the Bus Terminal nearby.

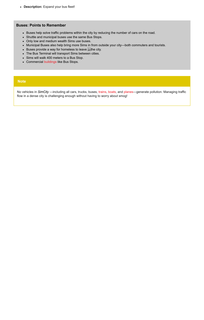
Municipal buses from the region stop at the Bus Terminal to load and unload tourists, making it a cheap and efficient transportation hub when attempting to supplement your city's economy through tourism.

As long as the Bus Terminal is close to an attraction, tourists can disembark and walk to nearby casinos, landmarks, parks, and shops.

Build a Bus Terminal alone won't solve all the congestion problems associated with tourism.

Modules

Bus Terminal Sign



- **Cost:** $ 200
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Maximum Modules:** 4
- **Description:** No, it's not a stop. You actually have to go inside!

Municipal Bus Garage

- **Cost:** $ 15,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 250 per hour
- **Buses:** 3
- **Bus Capacity:** 40 Sims
- **Maximum Modules:** 3
- **Description:** Expand your bus fleet!

Buses: Points to Remember

- Buses help solve traffic problems within the city by reducing the number of cars on the road.
- Buses are the most economical approach to mass transit.
- Only has one bus! Lookout, wealth Sims use buses.
- Buses provide a way for Sims to travel to and from the city—both commuters and tourists.
- Buses provide a way for businesses to have QJMs.
- Sims will park 400 meters or a Bus Stop.
- Commercial buildings like Bus Stops.

Note

No vehicles in SimCity—including all cars, trucks, buses, trains, trolls, and planes—generate pollution. Managing traffic flow in a dense city is challenging enough without having to worry about smog!

Mass Transit

Streetcars

The Streetcar Depot must be placed next to a High Density Streetcar Avenue. Streetcar Stops can be added to the avenue's median.

Streetcars are the quintessential image that comes to mind when most Sims think of mass transit. These train-like vehicles travel along tracks embedded in avenues, carrying up to 200 Sims per streetcar. To start an efficient streetcar system you'll need a sizable network of High Density Streetcar Avenues as well as a Streetcar Depot.

Sims board and disembark from streetcars at Streetcar Stops, placed along the median of the avenues. Once your streetcar system is up and running, monitor its efficiency within the info tab of the Mass Transit menu. Here you can see average wait times at stops as well as daily ridership.

Try to keep wait times below 20 minutes to provide a reliable service Sims actually want to use. To decrease wait times at stops, add more streetcars through the construction of additional Streetcar Garages at the Streetcar Depot. Since stops have to be placed on High Density Streetcar Avenues, the efficiency of the system is also tied to the layout of these avenues.

Unless you have a road network consisting entirely of High Density Streetcar Avenues, you'll need to carefully plan out the flow of traffic and look for opportunities to extend streetcar service into high density neighborhoods.

Streetcar Depot

- **Cost:** $ 30,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 375 per hour
- **Streetcars:** 3
- **Streetcar Capacity:** 200 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Town Hall
- **Description:** Choo Choo! Ding! This station provides the basis of a streetcar system in your city. Includes three streetcars, but you'll need to add Streetcar Stops for it to have anywhere to go. Must be placed on a High Density Streetcar Avenue.

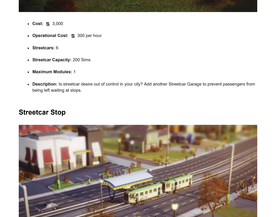
If you want to see streetcars zipping up and down your avenues, you'll need a Streetcar Depot. This building houses and dispatches streetcars throughout your city. Before placing this depot, upgrade an existing avenue to a High Density Streetcar Avenue using the Road Selector tool in the Roads menu.

Don't just upgrade any avenue. Look for areas of congestion where the addition of streetcars can help alleviate gridlock. Once you've upgraded at least one long stretch of the avenue, build the Streetcar Depot next to it—this depot must be adjacent to a High Density Streetcar Avenue so the streetcars can access the tracks running down the median.

The stock Streetcar Depot comes with three streetcars, capable of transporting 200 Sims each. You can add more streetcars by building additional Streetcar Garage modules, each capable of housing and servicing two extra streetcars. In all, one Streetcar Depot can dispatch a total of 15 streetcars, capable of transporting as many as 3,000 Sims at any given time. If your streetcars are still filled to capacity, consider adding another Streetcar Depot to increase ridership and reduce wait times at stops.

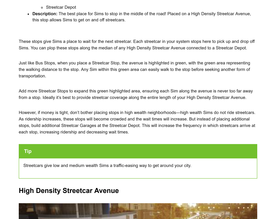
Modules

Streetcar Sign



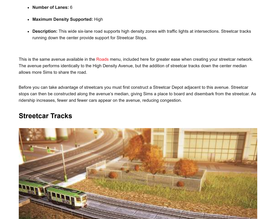
- **Cost:** $ 200
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Maximum Modules:** 1
- **Description:** It's a sign of things to come. Ha ha…what?

Streetcar Garage



- **Cost:** $ 3,000
- **Operational Cost:** $ 300 per hour
- **Streetcars:** 6
- **Streetcar Capacity:** 200 Sims
- **Maximum Modules:** 1
- **Description:** Is streetcar desire out of control in your city? Add another Streetcar Garage to prevent passengers from being left waiting at stops.

Streetcar Stop



- **Cost:** $ 500
- **Operational Cost:** $ 30 per hour
- **Streetcar Stop Capacity:** 200 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Streetcar Depot
- **Description:** The best place for Sims to stop in the middle of the road! Placed on a High Density Streetcar Avenue, this stop allows Sims to get on and off streetcars.

These stops give Sims a place to wait for the next streetcar. Each streetcar in your system stops here to pick up and drop off Sims. You can ping these stops along the median of any High Density Streetcar Avenue connected to a Streetcar Depot.

Just like Bus Stops, when you place a Streetcar Stop, the avenue is highlighted in green, with the green area representing the walking distance to the stop. Any Sim within this green area can easily walk to the stop before seeking another form of transportation.

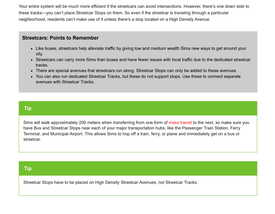
Add more Streetcar Stops to expand this green highlighted area, ensuring each Sim along the avenue is never too far away from a stop. Ideally it's best to provide streetcar coverage along the entire length of your High Density Streetcar Avenue.

However, if money is tight, don't bother placing stops in high wealth neighborhoods—high wealth Sims do not ride streetcars. As ridership increases, these stops will become crowded and the wait times will increase. But instead of placing additional stops, build additional Streetcar Garages at the Streetcar Depot. This will increase the frequency in which streetcars arrive at each stop, increasing ridership and decreasing wait times.

Tip

Streetcars give low and medium wealth Sims a traffic-erasing way to get around your city.

High Density Streetcar Avenue



- **Cost:** $ 30
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Number of Lanes:** 6
- **Maximum Density Supported:** High
- **Description:** This wide six-lane road supports high density zones with traffic lights at intersections. Streetcar tracks running down the center provide support for Streetcar Stops.

This is the same avenue available in the Roads menu, included here for greater ease when creating your streetcar network. The avenue performs identically to the High Density Avenue, but the addition of streetcar tracks down the center median allows more Sims to share the road.

Before you can take advantage of streetcars you must first construct a Streetcar Depot adjacent to this avenue. Streetcar stops can then be constructed along the avenue's median, giving Sims a place to board and disembark from the streetcar. As ridership increases, fewer and fewer cars appear on the avenue, reducing congestion.

Streetcar Tracks

- **Cost:** $ 10
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Description:** Two tracks for streetcars to travel along, useful for connecting sections of your city that do not share roads. Does not support Streetcar Stops.

These Streetcar Tracks are ideal for connecting two High Density Streetcar Avenues that never intersect. Just like roads, simply draw a line of tracks between the two avenues to make the connection. These tracks allow the streetcars to move along corridors not filled with cars, trucks, and other vehicles.

However, streetcars still have to obey basic traffic rules when intersecting other roads, causing them to stop at intersections. When possible, set these tracks in areas where they don't intersect other roads, even if it means extending the tracks through undeveloped areas of your city.

Your entire system will be much more efficient if the streetcars can avoid intersections. However, there's one down side to these tracks—you can't place Streetcar Stops on them. So even if the streetcar is traveling through a particular neighborhood, residents can't make use of it unless there's a stop located on a High Density Avenue.

Streetcars: Points to Remember

- Like buses, streetcars help alleviate traffic by giving low and medium wealth Sims new ways to get around your city.
- Streetcars can carry more Sims than buses and have fewer issues with local traffic due to the dedicated streetcar tracks.
- There are special avenues that streetcars run along. Streetcar Stops can only be added to these avenues.
- You can also run dedicated Streetcar Tracks, but these do not support stops. Use these to connect separate avenues with Streetcar Tracks.

Tip

Sims will walk approximately 200 meters when transferring from one form of mass transit to the next, so make sure you have Bus and Streetcar Stops near each of your major transportation hubs, like the Passenger Train Station, Ferry Terminal, and Municipal Airport. This allows Sims to hop off a train, ferry, or plane and immediately get on a bus or streetcar.

Tip

Streetcar Stops have to be placed on High Density Streetcar Avenues, not Streetcar Tracks.

Trains

Each train can carry as many as 400 Sims, so don't be surprised if a large crowd emerges from a Passenger Train Station.

While buses and streetcars are ideal for transportation within the city, trains address regional transit concerns by moving vast numbers of Sims between connected cities.

To take advantage of trains, your city must have an existing rail line, usually located on the perimeter of the city site. Build a Passenger Train Station directly on the main rail line, or draw the rail system deeper into your city with the addition of Heavy Rail Tracks, creating a rail hub right next to your city's busiest attractions and shops.

The Passenger Train Station is only useful for commuters if neighboring cities also have a train station of their own. If not, the Passenger Train Station is worthless, requiring commuters to rely on other forms of transportation to reach their job in a neighboring city.

Don't be surprised if floods of tourists arrive at your city's Passenger Train Station, looking for fun and excitement. For this reason, always make sure there's plenty to do around your Passenger Train Station—zoning commercial or plopping a casino or landmark nearby will keep those tourists busy!

Note

The trains that arrive at a Passenger Train Station only carry passengers. If you want to ship resources and freight, build a Trade Depot and place a Freight Rail Terminal along a rail line. This will attract cargo trains, ideal for importing and exporting large volumes of resources and freight.

Passenger Train Station

- **Cost:** § 40,000
- **Operational Cost:** § 375 per hour
- **Train Capacity:** 500 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - City Hall in region
  - Department of Transportation in region
- **Description:** All aboard! Build this station along rail tracks to service trains from the region. Passenger trains bring commuters and shoppers from cities connected by train, plus low and medium wealth tourists from the region.

If your city has a rail connection, plop a Passenger Train Station along the tracks to serve as an alternative mode of transportation for commuters and tourists flowing in and out of your city.

This station can be placed directly on the existing rail line running through your city, or you can branch off the main rail line using Heavy Rail Tracks, directing incoming trains to any point in your city.

This is helpful when you want to plop a Passenger Train Station in a more central location, allowing riders to disembark and walk to nearby shops, attractions, and jobs. Once connected to the rail line, then you must connect the station to your road network.

The road attached to the Passenger Train Station has two connection points—connect both ends to encourage better traffic flow in and out of the station's parking lot. If you have other forms of mass transit in your city, build a Bus Stop and Streetcar Stop in front of the train station to provide multiple forms of transportation to and from this central hub.

Up to 400 Sims can arrive in your city per train, so you need to provide an efficient way to transport these Sims throughout the city.

And if your city is drawing tourists from the station, make sure there's enough shops, parks, and other attractions nearby to hold their attention. It's best to keep tourists busy within walking distance of the station to prevent them from clogging the roads or your buses and streetcars.

Modules

Train Station Sign

- **Cost:** § 200
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Maximum Modules:** 1
- **Description:** Danger, train crossing!

Heavy Rail Tracks

- **Cost:** § 20
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Prerequisites:**
  - City Hall in region
  - Department of Transportation in region
- **Description:** Tracks to connect the Passenger Train Station to the rail network or to connect up to a Freight Rail Terminal at a Trade Port.

In most cities with rail service, the tracks run along the perimeter of the city site, far from key attractions, shops, and industry. Therefore, placing a Passenger Train Station along these perimeter locations doesn't always make the most sense.

Instead, use Heavy Rail Tracks to branch off the main rail line, drawing trains deeper into your city to service both the Passenger Rail Station and the Freight Rail Terminal at Trade Ports. Simply extend these tracks from the main rail line the same way you would draw a road.

These rail tracks can intersect existing roads, but traffic only stops when a train is rolling through town—trains yield to no vehicles, moving directly from the main rail line to their destination without interruption.

Once a train has reached its destination, it automatically switches directions and returns to the main rail line—there's no need to construct a circuit or loop circling back to the main line.

Note

When attempting to construct tracks over steep terrain, remember that trains can only climb a 10-degree grade. Streetcars, on the other hand, can pull a maximum 35-degree grade.

Trains: Points to Remember

- Trains carry both low and medium wealth commuter Sims between cities with Passenger Train Stations.
- Trains run less frequently, but carry more passengers.
- Trains allow factories to ship freight outside the city.
- Trains will ship resources in and out of the global market through a Trade Port.
- Through Trade Ports, trains can ship resources between cities.
- Trains can also bring in passengers from the International Airport Great Work if connected.

Mass Transit
Boats

The Ferry Terminal already comes equipped with one Passenger Ferry Dock, but no activity will occur at this dock until another Ferry Terminal is active in the city or region.

Boats take regional transportation to the next level, allowing massive ferries and cruise ships to dock at your city. Ferries are ideal for moving large volumes of workers between cities in the region connected by the same waterway.

With the addition of a Cruise Ship Dock at a Ferry Terminal, medium and high wealth tourists will flood into your city looking for places to spend their Simoleons. But before plopping a Ferry Terminal, put some thought into how you want to develop the waterfront, as space is usually limited.

Will the waterfront be used strictly for industrial imports and exports through a Trade Port equipped with a Cargo Ship Dock? Maybe you just want to use it as a commuter transportation hub, ferrying workers between cities? Or will the waterfront be a commercial center with numerous shops and attractions to lure medium and high wealth tourists arriving by cruise ships?

Whatever your decision, making the most of your waterfront will take a lot of money, so consider leaving these areas undeveloped until you can properly invest in the infrastructure. By that time you'll have a better idea of how the waterfront should be utilized.

Note

Ferry Terminals can't be placed along a shoreline that is too steep (cliffs) or where water is not deep enough for boats to travel.

Note

The boats that arrive at a Ferry Terminal only carry passengers. If you want to ship resources and freight, build a Trade Depot and place a Cargo Ship Dock along your waterfront. This will attract cargo ships, ideal for importing and exporting large volumes of resources and freight.

Ferry Terminal

- **Cost:** ⇅ 31,000
- **Operational Cost:** ⇅ 575 per hour
- **Ferry Capacity:** 1,000 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - City Hall in region
  - Department of Transportation in region
- **Description:** When placed along a shoreline, the Ferry Terminal provides a dock for commuters to travel by passenger ferry. Improve it by adding Cruise Ship Docks or additional Passenger Ferry Docks.

Is your city nestled along a picturesque shoreline or river? Then consider making use of that waterway to transport commuters and attract tourists by plopping a Ferry Terminal. The Ferry Terminal's location is restricted by your access to a natural waterfront.

Place it directly on a waterfront location of your choice, then connect the terminal to your road network. Like the Passenger Train Station, the terminal has two road connections running directly in front of the facility. Connect both ends of the road to offer easy access to the terminal's parking lot.

Initially the Ferry Terminal comes with one Passenger Ferry Dock, but can be expanded with one extra dock, including a Cruise Ship Dock—each terminal supports a maximum of two docks. If intending to use the Ferry Terminal as a hub for commuters, make sure a neighboring city also has a Ferry Terminal, otherwise the Passenger Ferry Dock will go unused.

But if you're the only city in the region with a Ferry Terminal, you can still make use the of Cruise Ship Dock module. This allows medium and high wealth tourists to enter your city. Just make sure there's plenty for these picky tourists to do once they reach your city—zone high-end commercial around the Ferry Terminal and consider plopping a casino or landmark to boost the city's attraction rating.

But don't expect all visitors to stay near the terminal. Place Bus and Streetcar Stops nearby to give visiting Sims a way to get around your city. These stops are also helpful for local Sims who want to reach the terminal without using a car.

Modules

Ferry Terminal Sign

- **Cost:** ⇅ 200
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Maximum Modules:** 1
- **Description: Caution:** Very large boats.

Tip

Trains and ferries are often used to move Sims between neighboring cities in the region. However, they can also be used to transport Sims within a city. If your city is divided by a river, use ferries to move Sims across the waterway, with Ferry Terminals on each riverbank, or place multiple Passenger Train Stations throughout the city and rapidly transport Sims across town.

Passenger Ferry Dock

- **Cost:** ⇅ 6,000
- **Operational Cost:** ⇅ 200 per hour
- **Ferry Capacity:** 1,000 Sims
- **Maximum Modules:** 2
- **Description:** Dock for a passenger ferry to bring low and medium wealth workers from other cities in the region connected by water.

Cruise Ship Dock

- **Cost:** ⇅ 10,000
- **Operational Cost:** ⇅ 375 per hour
- **Ferry Capacity:** 2,000 Sims
- **Maximum Modules:** 2
- **Description:** Anyone for a game of shuffleboard? Allows cruise ships to dock, bringing medium and high wealth tourists in from the region.

Boats: Points to Remember

- Ferries deliver large amounts of medium and high wealth Sims, both commuters and tourists.
- Ferries arrive less frequently than planes or trains, but carry many more Sims.
- The Ferry Terminal must be placed along a shoreline.
- Ferries can only send commuters between cities equipped with Ferry Terminals.
- Tourists from the region can always arrive at your Ferry Terminal.

Mass Transit
Planes

Those Sims living in the apartment building next to the Municipal Airport probably won't be too happy with the frequent air traffic, but local industry will love that Cargo Terminal.

What self-respecting city would be complete without its own airport? The addition of a Municipal Airport opens your city to new opportunities, drawing medium and high wealth commuters and tourists while offering local industry the chance to export their freight by air.

Helicopters associated with the Police Precinct, Large Fire Station, and Mayor's Mansion also require a Municipal Airport to operate, extending city services into the skies. Although the planes operating out of an airport carry fewer passengers and tourists than trains, ferries, and cruise ships, planes arrive with greater frequency, particularly as you expand the facility with additional Runways.

This keeps the commuters and tourists flowing in and out of your city at a steady rate. But remember, if relying on a Municipal Airport as a commuter hub, make sure other cities in the region also have their own airports, otherwise medium and high wealth workers must rely on other forms of transportation to commute to and from work.

Tip

Residents do not like living next to the Municipal Airport.

Municipal Airport

- **Cost:** 85,000
- **Operational Cost:** 500 per hour
- **Terminal Capacity:** 200 Sims
- **Prerequisites:**
  - City Hall in region
  - Department of Transportation in region
- **Description:** Fly medium wealth tourists to your city on small passenger planes. Upgrade the airport for high wealth tourists and greater capacity or to ship cargo. Residents do not want to live near an airport, but airports boost the happiness of nearby factories.

Sims have a love/hate relationship with the Municipal Airport—nobody wants to live next to it, but they appreciate its ability to bring in tourists and export freight. If you're interested in air transportation, be prepared to set aside a large parcel of land to accommodate this sprawling facility—particularly if you plan to add more Runway modules.

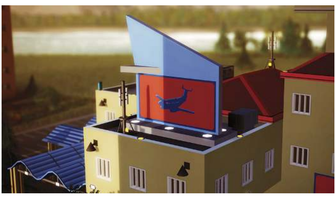
When possible, keep it far away from residential and commercial areas. Instead, consider placing it among your industrial zones. Factories love having an airport in the city because it allows them to export freight by air with the addition of a Cargo Terminal module—this works just like the Freight Shipping Warehouse at the Trade Depot and Trade Port.

If your city has plenty of factories, make sure you place a Cargo Terminal early on to boost industrial profits. If you're more interested in attracting medium and high wealth tourists, build a Passenger Terminal and watch as commercial and private jets fly into your city to sample the local shops and attractions.

As air traffic increases, so will the wait time for incoming and outgoing passengers. The addition of a new Runway or two allows the airport to accommodate more aircraft, resulting in fewer delays and less frustration on the ground. As with any mass transit hub, build Bus and Streetcar Stops next to the Municipal Airport—at least the medium wealth tourists will enjoy the opportunity to travel into your city by other means than cars or taxis.

Modules

Municipal Airport Sign



- **Cost:** 200
- **Operational Cost:** None
- **Maximum Modules:** 1
- **Description:** Has a very long list of items not allowed on board.

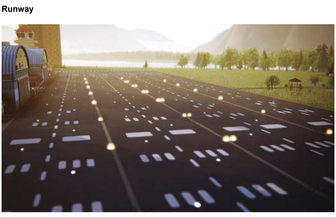
Cargo Terminal

- **Cost:** 8,000
- **Operational Cost:** 300 per hour
- **Maximum Modules:** 4
- **Description:** Send your city's industrial freight shipments out on cargo planes.

Passenger Terminal

- **Cost:** 8,500
- **Operational Cost:** 350 per hour
- **Maximum Modules:** 4
- **Description:** Increase your airport's capacity from rinky-dink to something more respectable. Allows private jet flights of high wealth tourists and large passenger planes filled with medium wealth tourists.

Runway



- **Cost:** 15,000
- **Operational Cost:** 250 per hour
- **Terminal Capacity:** 200 Sims
- **Maximum Modules:** 4
- **Description:** Add an additional runway to increase the frequency of flights carrying passengers or cargo.

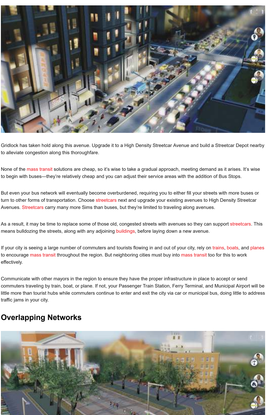
Planes: Points to Remember

- Planes deliver small amounts of medium and high wealth commuters and tourists at a high frequency.
- Add a Cargo Terminal to a Municipal Airport to ship industrial freight, making your local industry much happier.
- You need a Municipal Airport in your city to get access to emergency services helicopters.

Creating an efficient mass transit system can be challenging and expensive. To avoid costly modifications to your city later on, plan for mass transit at the outset. While buses can use existing roads, streetcars require avenues—it's easier to build all the avenues your city will need early on than to add them later.

Make note of access to rail and waterways and determine the best way to incorporate a Passenger Train Station and Ferry Terminal into your master plan. If you feel rail travel is important, set aside land for a Municipal Airport far from residential and commercial areas. Here are a few more pointers to take under consideration while establishing your mass transit network.

Gradual Expansion



Gridlock has taken hold along this avenue. Upgrade it to a High Density Streetcar Avenue and build a Streetcar Depot nearby to alleviate congestion along this thoroughfare.

None of the mass transit solutions are cheap, so it's wise to take a gradual approach, meeting demand as it arises. It's wise to begin with buses—they're relatively cheap and you can adjust their service areas with the addition of Bus Stops.

But even your bus network will eventually become overburdened, requiring you to either fit your streets with more buses or turn to other forms of transportation. Choose streetcars next and upgrade your existing avenues to High-Density Streetcar Avenues. Streetcars carry many more Sims than buses, but they're limited to traveling along avenues.

As a result, it may be time to replace some of those old, congested streets with avenues so they can support streetcars. This means bulldozing the streets, along with any adjoining buildings, before laying down a new avenue.

If your city is seeing a large number of commuters and tourists flowing in and out of your city, rely on trains, boats, and planes to encourage mass transit throughout the region. But neighboring cities must buy into mass transit too for this to work effectively.

Communicate with other mayors in the region to ensure they have the proper infrastructure in place to accept or send commuters traveling by train, boat, or plane. If not, your Passenger Train Station, Ferry Terminal, and Municipal Airport will be little more than tourist hubs while commuters continue to enter and exit the city via car or municipal bus, doing little to address traffic jams in your city.

Overlapping Networks

Give Sims as many transportation options as your city can afford. The University is a high-traffic destination, so place both Bus and Streetcar Stops next to it.

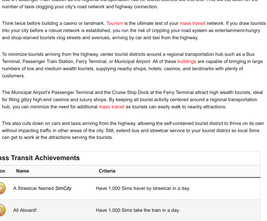
Put some thought into how each Sim gets around your city and construct a network of overlapping mass transit options to help all Sims reach their desired destination, whether it's in the city or region. To better understand the flow of commuters, it's helpful to click on a Sim and follow that Sim throughout a daily commute.

Did the Sim drive to work? If so, why? Sims usually only drive to places they can't reach on foot or by mass transit. If any low or medium wealth Sim is driving a car, view it as a potential failure of your mass transit system and work to correct the problem. Is there a Bus or Streetcar Stop near their residence and job? Or maybe the buses and streetcars servicing nearby stops were full?

If this is the case, expand service with additional stops, buses, and streetcars. In the case of regional commuters or tourists, you need to plan for local transportation options at regional hubs like the Bus Terminal, Passenger Train Station, Ferry Terminal, and Municipal Airport.

Once commuters and tourists are in your city, how will they get around? Place Bus and Streetcar Stops near each of these hubs to give commuters and tourists a way to transfer from one form of mass transit to another. Overall, mass transit is all about providing Sims with multiple options to reach their destination. Each layer of mass transit you apply gives them a more compelling reason to leave their car at home.

Wealth and Mass Transit



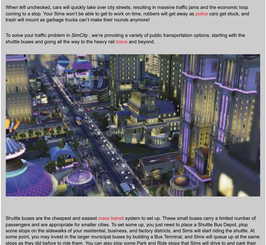
The high wealth Sims living in these mansions won't use mass transit. To save money, don't bother placing Bus or Streetcar Stops here.

Unfortunately, you can't get everyone to utilize your clean, efficient mass transit system. High wealth Sims turn their noses up at buses, streetcars, trains, and ferries—but they will travel by private jet and cruise ships when arriving in your city as tourists.

When it comes to getting around your city, high wealth Sims drive almost everywhere—they'll walk too, but only if their destination is within 400 meters of their current location. Keep this in mind when zoning residential in areas with high land value. There's no need to extend bus or streetcar services to such exclusive neighborhoods because the residents won't use them.

Even when it comes to commuting, high wealth Sims would rather drive to a neighboring city than mix with lower wealth Sims on municipal buses, trains, or ferries. Fortunately, high wealth Sims usually only make up a fraction of your city's total population. As long as your low and medium wealth Sims use mass transit, your road network should be able to handle the minimal traffic generated by high wealth Sims driving around in their fancy cars.

Tourism



Use a Passenger Train Station as the regional transportation hub for tourist districts like this one. This will cut down on the number of taxis clogging your city's road network and highway connection.

Think twice before building a casino or landmark. Tourism is the ultimate test of your mass transit network. If you draw tourists into your city before a robust network is established, you run the risk of crippling your road system as entertainment-hungry and shop-starved tourists clog streets and avenues, arriving by car and taxi from the highway.

To minimize tourists arriving from the highway, center tourist districts around a regional transportation hub such as a Bus Terminal, Passenger Train Station, Ferry Terminal, or Municipal Airport. All of these buildings are capable of bringing in large numbers of low and medium wealth tourists, supplying nearby shops, hotels, casinos, and landmarks with plenty of customers.

The Municipal Airport's Passenger Terminal and the Cruise Ship Dock at the Ferry Terminal attract high wealth tourists, ideal for filling glitzy high-end casinos and luxury shops. By keeping all tourist activity centered around a regional transportation hub, you can minimize the need for additional mass transit as tourists can easily walk to nearby attractions.

This also cuts down on cars and taxis arriving from the highway, allowing the self-contained tourist district to thrive on its own without impacting traffic in other areas of the city. Still, extend bus and streetcar service to your tourist district so local Sims can get to work at the attractions serving the tourists.

Mass Transit Achievements

Icon	Name	Criteria
	A Streetcar Named *SimCity*	Have 1,000 Sims travel by streetcar in a day.
	All Aboard!	Have 1,000 Sims take the train in a day.
	Cruisin' Along	Have 2,000 Sims take a cruise in a day.
	Llamahound	Have a municipal bus from a neighbor make 100 trips into your city within a year.
	What Goes Up Must Come Down (Secret)	Have 200 tourists arrive on flights at the Municipal Airport in a day to gain access to the Meteor Strike disaster.

Chat with the Developers

Owning the Streets of *SimCity*

Guillaume Pierre, Lead Gameplay Scripter

Hello SimCity fans! I'm Guillaume Pierre, Lead Gameplay Scripter on *SimCity*. My team and I build the game's simulation using the GlassBox Engine. Here I'm going to talk about something dear to my and transportation geeks' hearts: mass transit!

When left unchecked, cars will quickly take over city streets, resulting in massive traffic jams and the economic loop coming to a stop. Your Sims won't be able to get to work on time, robbers will get away as police cars get stuck, and trash will mount as garbage trucks can't make their rounds anymore!

To solve your traffic problem in *SimCity*, we're providing a variety of public transportation options, starting with the shuttle buses and going all the way to the heavy rail trains and beyond.

Shuttle buses are the cheapest and easiest mass transit system to set up. These small buses carry a limited number of passengers and are appropriate for smaller cities. To set some up, you just need to place a Shuttle Bus Depot, plop some stops on the sidewalks of your residential, business, and factory districts, and Sims will start riding the shuttle. At some point, you may invest in the larger municipal buses by building a Bus Terminal, and Sims will queue up at the same stops as they did before to ride them. You can also plop some Park and Ride stops that Sims will drive to and park their cars at before taking the bus.

In this *SimCity*, we're also introducing streetcars, which ride on a dedicated track in the middle of avenues, and carry more Sims than the shuttle or municipal buses. You can also connect two separate parts of town with rail tracks placed by themselves, without car lanes or sidewalks.

Some of the biggest vehicles going through your cities are trains, which come from the region and bring in tourists and neighbors into your city, more so than could ever drive in from the regional highway. Your Sims may even ride the train between two stations on opposite sides of town, or use them to go to neighboring cities. Rail is by far my favorite mode of transit; it really makes the city feels like a model train set.

Much like in real life, people will only walk so far to take public transportation, so when placing public transportation stops, we show you that distance as a green bar directly on the sidewalks via a data layer. As a result, you can easily tell which neighborhoods are accessible, and which ones Sims will have to drive out of.

Each stop is responsible for figuring out what kind of destination exists near it, be it a work place, a home, or even another stop that may lead Sims to their eventual destination. Your Sims may very well start their journey aboard a local shuttle bus, then transfer to a streetcar, and eventually to a train in order to work at the factory town next door.

You evaluate the performance of their systems by checking:

1. How many people are waiting to be picked up.
2. How long they have to wait on average.
3. How many passengers are currently riding in vehicles.
4. How many have been dropped off that day.

Each stop has similar information available, so it's possible to really drill down on the data and make decisions on whether to add more vehicles or turn off infrequently used stops.

Tourism
Tourism

Now that you have a mass transit system running, why not put it to the test?

Anyway, after all that work, it's time to have some fun—the Sims will surely appreciate more entertainment options. Build a casino, stadium, or landmark and watch as tourists rush into your city, eager to spend their money at local attractions and shops. As more and more tourists flood into the city, prepare for an increase in congestion along the highway and at regional transportation hubs.

If you're relying on casinos to draw in tourists, be ready to counter a rise in crime too. But as long as you address traffic and crime problems before they get out of hand, you'll be well on your way to nurturing a successful tourist industry. Now, where did I put my camera?

Tourist Flow

To better understand how tourism works, study the accompanying diagram illustrating how tourists flow in and out of your city. Every city has an attraction rating for each wealth class. This rating is based on commercial buildings, parks, and certain buildings such as casinos, stadiums, and landmarks.

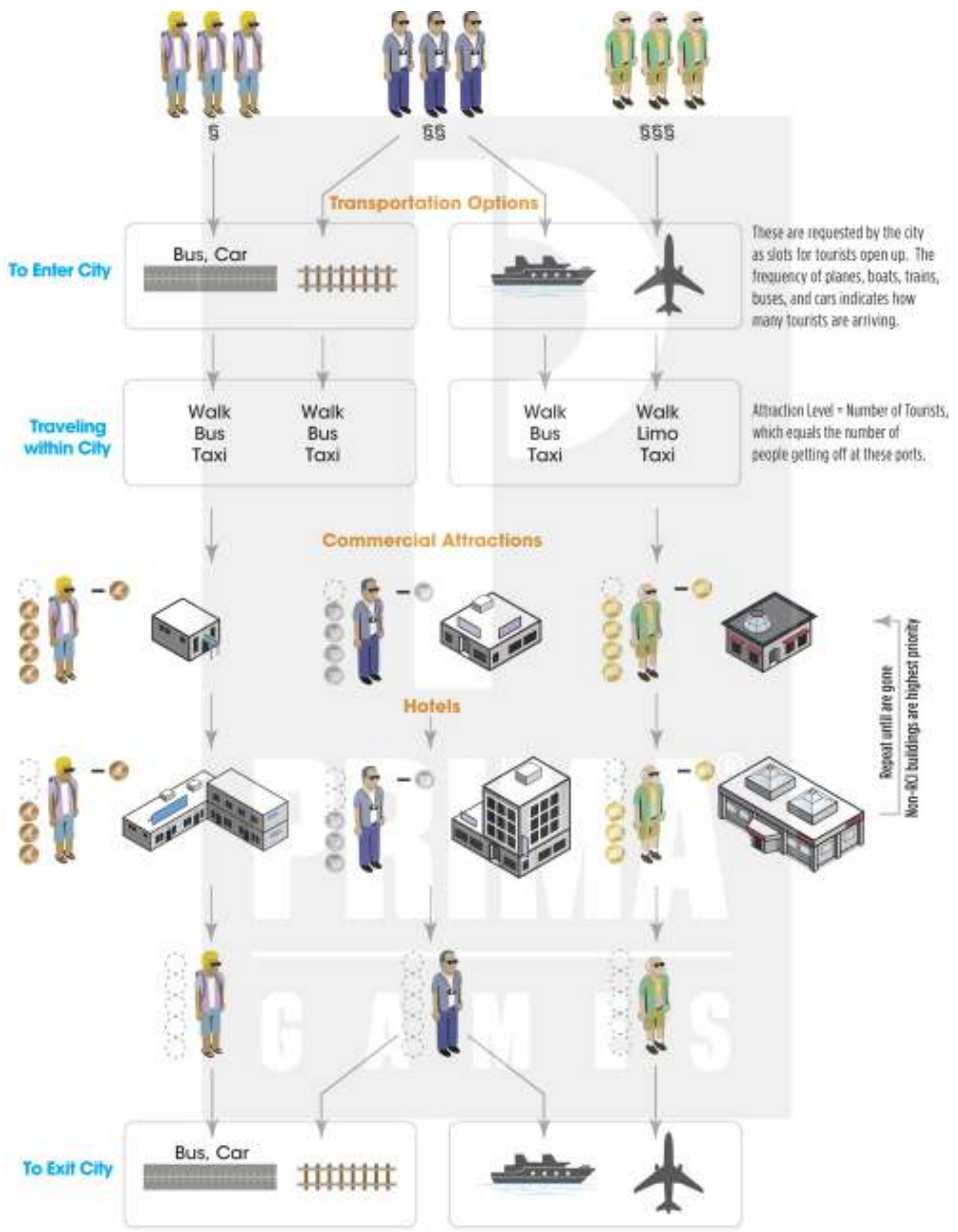
The higher the attraction rating, the more tourists. Not every tourist that wants to visit your city can make it there, so you need to provide sufficient transportation infrastructure to get them into your city. This is why mass transit is so important.

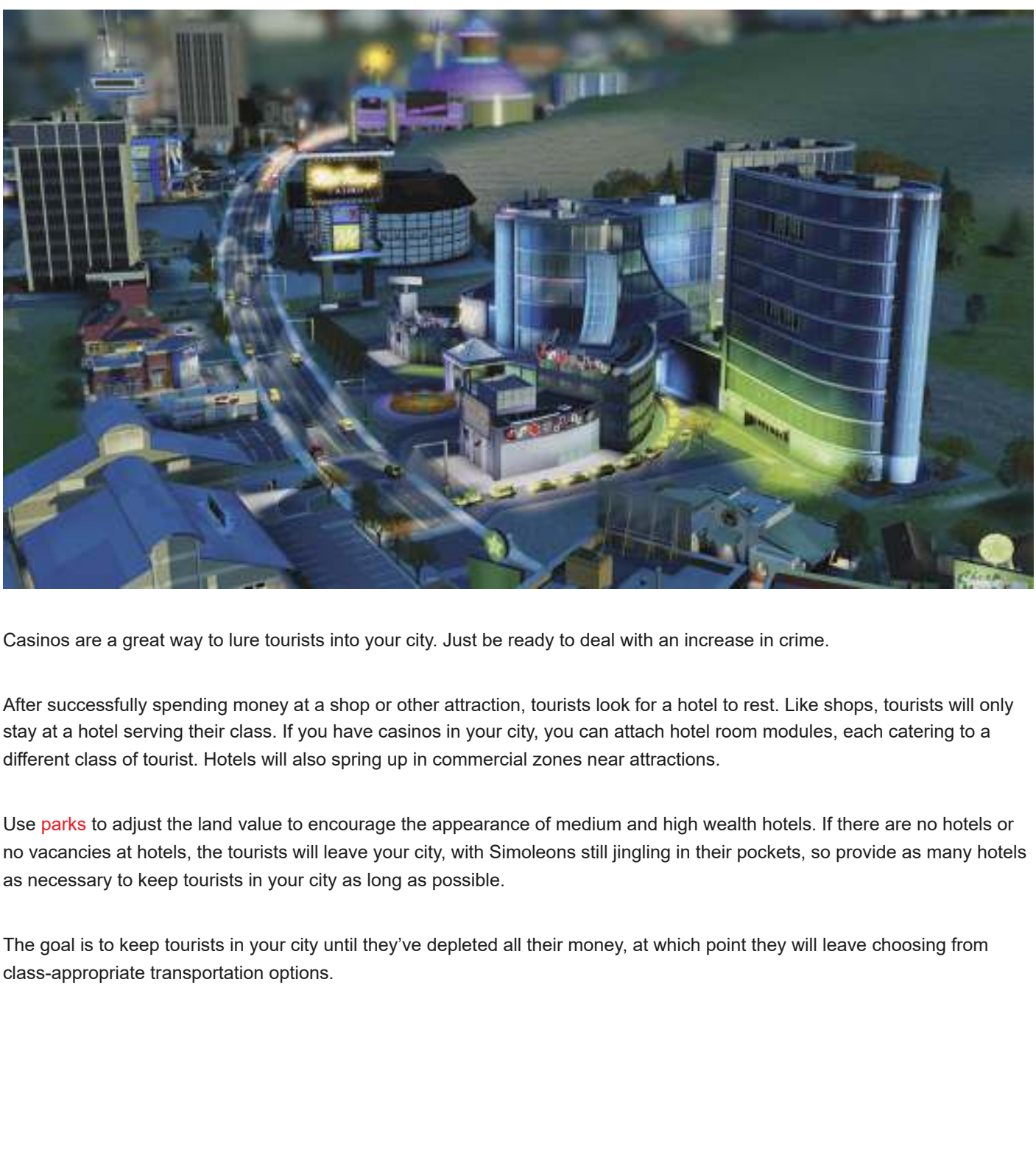
Low wealth tourists enter your city by train, bus, car, or taxi. Medium wealth tourists arrive the same way, but also have the option of taking a cruise ship. High wealth tourists only arrive by cruise ship or plane.

Once in your city, tourists will look for places to spend their money. At first, low and medium wealth tourists are the most common. But as you upgrade attractions, you may lure some high wealth tourists as well. Each day a tourist attempts to spend money at shops or buildings catering to their class.

Low wealth tourists will seek out low wealth establishments to spend their money while medium and high wealth tourists look for class-appropriate establishments to spend their Simoleons. This is why it's important to provide a wide mix of shops and attractions in your tourist districts, so there's something for everyone.

Tourists from region


$
$$
$$$
Transportation Options
To Enter City
Bus, Car
These are requested by the city as slots for tourists open up. The frequency of planes, boats, trains, buses, and cars indicates how many tourists are arriving.
Traveling within City
Walk Bus Taxi
Walk Bus Taxi
Walk Bus Taxi
Walk Limo Taxi
Attraction Level = Number of Tourists, which equals the number of people getting off at these ports.
Commercial Attractions
Hotels
Repeat until all are gone
Non-IRC buildings are highest priority
To Exit City
Bus, Car



Casinos are a great way to lure tourists into your city. Just be ready to deal with an increase in crime.

After successfully spending money at a shop or other attraction, tourists look for a hotel to rest. Like shops, tourists will only stay at a hotel serving their class. If you have casinos in your city, you can attach hotel room modules, each catering to a different class of tourist. Hotels will also spring up in commercial zones near attractions.

Use parks to adjust the land value to encourage the appearance of medium and high wealth hotels. If there are no hotels or no vacancies at hotels, the tourists will leave your city, with Simoleons still jingling in their pockets, so provide as many hotels as necessary to keep tourists in your city as long as possible.

The goal is to keep tourists in your city until they've depleted all their money, at which point they will leave choosing from class-appropriate transportation options.

Tourism

Culture

How about some Shakespeare? The Globe Theater may look a bit out of place among your flashy casinos, but it's yet another way to draw tourists into your city.

Let's face it. If you're not interested in gambling, there's not much to do or see in your city. It's time to change that by selecting one of the buildings in the Culture menu. Adding an Expo Center, Pro Stadium, or landmark to your city is just what you need to draw large numbers of tourists.

But don't get ahead of yourself. Prematurely constructing one of these attractions can put a major strain on your infrastructure. Your residents will be looking to citywide parameters as exterms of care and bad vibes descend from the regional highway, leading to gridlock.

For this reason, it's essential to provide a comprehensive mass transit system to accommodate large crowds. Once you've handled the transportation system, consider zoning commercial nearby to encourage the creation of shops and hotels, giving tourists something to do after attending an event or visiting a landmark.

The more shops and hotels in the area, the longer tourists are likely to stay in your city, spending their hard-earned Simoleons in the process.

Expo Center

- Cost: $ 150,000
- Operational Cost: $ 300 per hour
- Maximum Event Payout: $ 156,000
- Capacity: 3,000 Sims
- Prerequisites:
  - Town Hall
- Description: Invest in an Expo Center to turn your small town into a tourist destination! Schedule exciting events like football games and rock concerts, then prepare your city for tons of screaming fans!

Expo Center Events

Event	Event Cost	Max. Payout	Attracts	Description
Wrestlemania	$ 200,000	$ 68,000	Low-wealth residents and tourists	Gold! Make that jump! I loves me some mush
Sports Event	$ 200,000	$ 111,000	Low/medium wealth residents and tourists	Yeah, go local sports team! Woo!
Rock Concert	$ 200,000	$ 156,000	Low/medium wealth residents and tourists	Needs more pyrotechnics...and codiene! Definitely more codiene!

This arena serves as a popular entertainment hub, attracting low/medium-wealth residents and tourists. Like most attractions, build it within walking distance of a regional transportation hub such as the Passenger Train Station or Bus Terminal to accommodate large numbers of attendees.

Supplement it with Bus and Streetcar Stops nearby. Events held at the Expo Center must be scheduled by clicking on the building and selecting the Schedule Event option. This brings up the Event Scheduler window, allowing you to choose from three possible events: Motocross, Sports Event, and Rock Concert.

Each event costs a different amount to schedule. You'll only get your money back if enough local Sims and tourists attend the event. Click on the Expo Center to see attendance levels and the payout. The payout increases as more and more Sims enter the Expo Center.

You will only earn the maximum payout if the Expo Center is filled to its 3,000 Sim capacity. Rare events can be scheduled every day, but if you don't have enough money to schedule an event, consider shutting down the Expo Center to save money.

Modules

Expo Center Sign

- Cost: $ 3,000
- Operational Cost: $ 50 per hour
- New Low Wealth Tourists: 1,200
- New Medium Wealth Tourists: 1,200
- New High Wealth Tourists: 1,200
- Maximum Modules: 1
- Description: With an Expo Center, you have to let people know where to go.

Pro Stadium

- Cost: $ 225,000
- Operational Cost: $ 600 per hour
- Maximum Event Payout: $ 800,000
- Capacity: 15,000 Sims
- Prerequisites:
  - City hall in region
  - Department of Tourism in region
- Description: The Pro Stadium's generous size means even more tourists and huge profits around each event. Unfortunately, the mass transit needed to accommodate all of these tourists is also massive, and the stadium is very expensive to run. If they can't make it to the Pro Stadium, it's likely they won't make it to the Pro Stadium, so if

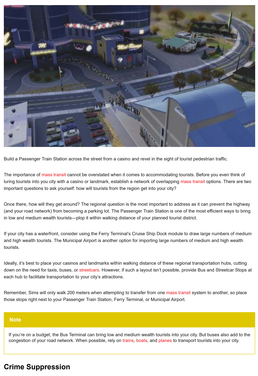
Tourism

Tourism Management

Establishing a successful and profitable tourist industry requires careful planning, patience, and constant monitoring of various moving pieces, so don't delve into the tourist trade until your city is ready for it, emphasizing mass transit and police coverage.

As your tourist districts thrive, expand to keep the flow of visitors coming into your city. Despite the challenges, creating a city specializing in tourism is fun and rewarding. But it's never boring—there's always something to do. Here's a few pointers to help get your tourist city up and running.

Mass Transit Fundamentals



Build a Passenger Train Station across the street from a casino and revel in the sight of tourist pedestrian traffic.

The importance of mass transit cannot be overstated when it comes to accommodating tourists. Before you even think of luring tourists into you city with a casino or landmark, establish a network of overlapping mass transit options. There are two important questions to ask yourself: how will tourists from the region get into your city?

Once there, how will they get around? The regional question is the most important to address as it can prevent the highway (and your road network) from becoming a parking lot. The Passenger Train Station is one of the most efficient ways to bring in low and medium wealth tourists—plop it within walking distance of your planned tourist district.

If your city has a waterfront, consider using the Ferry Terminal's Cruise Ship Dock module to draw large numbers of medium and high wealth tourists. The Municipal Airport is another option for importing large numbers of medium and high wealth tourists.

Ideally, it's best to place your casinos and landmarks within walking distance of these regional transportation hubs, cutting down on the need for taxis, buses, or streetcars. However, if such a layout isn't possible, provide Bus and Streetcar Stops at each hub to facilitate transportation to your city's attractions.

Remember, Sims will only walk 200 meters when attempting to transfer from one mass transit system to another, so place those stops right next to your Passenger Train Station, Ferry Terminal, or Municipal Airport.

Note

If you're on a budget, the Bus Terminal can bring low and medium wealth tourists into your city. But buses also add to the congestion of your road network. When possible, rely on trains, boats, and planes to transport tourists into your city.

Crime Suppression

This Police Precinct should be enough to handle the criminals pouring out of the nearby casinos.

Casinos don't attract criminals—they create them. The simulation produces one blue collar criminal at each casino at regular intervals, leading to a massive crime outbreak if your city isn't prepared. Open the Crime data map and notice the criminal activity around every casino.

When it comes to battling crime around casinos, spare no expense. The Police Precinct isn't cheap, but is well-equipped to deal with the escalation in crime, particularly if you're planning to build more than one casino. The mere presence of a nearby Police Precinct is usually enough to suppress crime around the nearby casinos.

But criminals may wander to other parts of your city, away from the police presence, to commit their crimes. Be ready to expand coverage with additional Patrol Car Lots and the Police Dispatch Tower. If you can afford it, the Police Helipad can make a big difference too.

Additional Police Stations posted throughout the city may be necessary as well to supplement your police force. As your police force maintains a criminals, they'll need a place to put them. Consider adding additional Jail Cells to prevent early releases due to overcrowding.

If crime is overtaking your city, consider shutting down your casinos until the police can make a dent. The revenue lost from the casinos may be painful, but it may be the only way to make headway in the city's fight against crime.

Casino Income

Open the Budget panel to see how much income your casinos are bringing in—look under the city specialization line in the ledger.

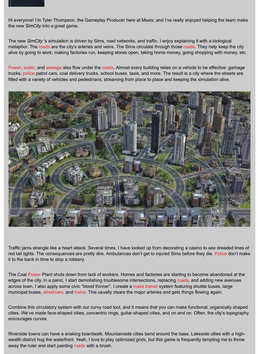
Casinos are a city specialization, similar to the metals, petroleum, trading, and electronics businesses. As a result, all expenses associated with casinos show up under the ledger's city specialization line in the Budget panel. But unlike the other city specializations, casinos generate profit on an hourly basis.

So instead of showing up in the recent transactions window, all profits appear in the ledger, just like tax revenue. This creates a unique situation within the ledger where you can see both the (net) expenses and (gross) income generated by city specialization.

This makes it easy to get a quick overview of how well your casinos are doing collectively. If for some reason expenses exceed income, click on the individual casinos in your city to see which ones aren't profitable. A unprofitable casino can be a major drain on your city's revenue as well as an indicator of a deficiency in your city's attraction rating or mass transit system.

If these issues cannot be identified and addressed in a timely fashion, shut down any unprofitable casinos until you can iron out the wrinkles. But keep in mind, it may take a few days for a casino to begin generating a profit. So be patient, particularly when beginning your casino empire.

Commercial Zones and Hotels



Cheap motels, like these, will appear in commercial zones near tourist attractions, giving visitors a place to spend the night.

Whether plopping casinos, stadiums, or landmarks, don't forget to zone commercial nearby. Tourist attractions can generate some revenue of their own, but their main purpose is to lure tourists into your city. Commercial buildings benefit greatly from tourism, resulting in higher profits for their business and increased tax revenue for the city.

Hotels appear in commercial zones after a number of tourists fail in an attempt to find lodging vacancies in your city: simple supply and demand at work. Hotels serve an important role in your tourist industry, giving visitors a place to spend the night so they can resume their spending the next day.

After spending money at a nearby attraction or shop, a tourist will seek out a nearby hotel to spend the night—and spend more Simoleons in the process. As long as there are enough hotel vacancies and appropriate wealth level shops or attractions to visit, a tourist will stay in your city until they've spent all their money.

In addition to staying at hotels in commercial zones, tourists can also find overnight accommodations at casinos equipped with hotel room modules. But hotels aren't the only commercial buildings tourists will visit, so make sure there's enough shops in the area too, preferably within walking distance of key attractions. The steadier the flow of tourists, the more profit generated by your commercial zones.

Tip

Utilize mass transit to bring large quantities of tourists to your casinos!

Tourism Achievements

Icon	Name	Criteria
	Main Attraction	Have 300 low wealth tourists leave your city satisfied in one day.
	Penny Slots	Generate §§ 200,000 in total revenue from casinos.
	Sunday! Sunday! Sunday!	Run a successful stadium event in your city.
	Sin City	Place one of each type of casino in a single city.

Chat with the Developers

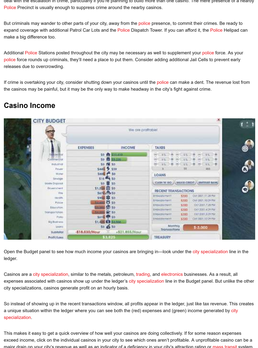
The Circulatory System of *SimCity*

Tyler Thompson, Gameplay Producer

Hi everyone! I'm Tyler Thompson, the Gameplay Producer here at Maxis, and I've really enjoyed helping the team make the new *SimCity* into a great game.

The new *SimCity*'s simulation is driven by Sims, road networks, and traffic. I enjoy explaining it with a biological metaphor. The roads are the city's arteries and veins. The Sims circulate through those roads. They help keep the city alive by going to work, making factories run, keeping shops open, taking home paychecks, going shopping with money, etc.

Power, water, and sewage also flow under the roads. Almost every building relies on a vehicle to be effective: garbage trucks, police patrol cars, coal delivery trucks, school buses, taxis, and more. The result is a city where the streets are filled with a variety of vehicles and pedestrians, streaming from place to place and keeping the simulation alive.



Traffic jams strangle like a heart attack. Several times, I have looked up from decorating a casino to see dreaded lines of red tail lights. The consequences are pretty dire. Ambulances don't get to injured Sims before they die. Police don't make it to the bank in time to stop a robbery.

The Coal Power Plant shuts down from lack of workers. Homes and factories are starting to become abandoned at the edges of the city. In a panic, I start demolishing troublesome intersections, replacing roads, and adding new avenues across town. I also apply some civic "blood thinner". I create a mass transit system featuring shuttle buses, large municipal buses, streetcars, and trains. This usually clears the major arteries and gets things flowing again.

Combine this circulatory system with our curvy road tool, and it means that you can make functional, organically shaped cities. We've made face-shaped cities, concentric rings, guitar-shaped cities, and on and on. Often, the city's topography encourages curves.

Riverside towns can have a snaking boardwalk. Mountainside cities bend around the base. Lakeside cities with a high-wealth district hug the waterfront. Yeah, I love to play optimized grids, but this game is frequently tempting me to throw away the ruler and start painting roads with a brush.

These curvy, organic cities can be effective because the simulation isn't about distances—it's about flow. When you start to understand this, it totally changes how you lay things out. When I place a Fire Station, I usually try to find a place that is central, well connected but not near heavy traffic.

When I create a central avenue, I often limit the number of intersections with it so that cars don't wait for light after light. I sprinkle commercial sectors at the ends of residential roads to encourage pedestrian traffic. As the city grows, I watch for the long line of red brake lights and plop down bus stops like crazy.

Many times, I find myself just sitting back and watching the flow.

Great Works

Great Works

Mayor, now that the city is a smashing success, perhaps it's time to expand your vision and enhance your legacy with the construction of a Great Works project? The Arcology, International Airport, Solar Farm, and Space Center benefit all connected cities in different ways. But it's inadvisable to undertake a Great Works project on your own.

That's where your phenomenal diplomatic leadership skills come in. Reach out to other mayors in the region and form a coalition of cities with one common goal. By contributing resources and workers these cities can collaborate on a mutually beneficial Great Works project, serving as a beacon of progress throughout the region.

Arcology

- **Cost:** 1,000,000
- **Operational Cost:** 300 per hour
- **Benefits:**
  - Workers
  - Shoppers
  - Students
- **Construction Resources:**
  - 2,800 tons of Metal
  - 1,000 tons of Alloy
  - 60,000 crates of TVs
- **Prerequisites:**
  - City in the region with 58,000 residents
- **Description:** Building this towering pinnacle of human architecture requires skilled workers and resources. This dense ecosystem contains everything necessary to sustain a massive community. Sims live here but many of them will commute to cities in the region to work, go to school, or shop.

Have a shortage of workers or shoppers? Don't like wasting space on residential zones?

Then perhaps the Arcology is a good fit for your region. This structure functions like a massive futuristic apartment building, providing cities in the region with a practically endless supply of workers, shoppers, and students.

These Sims travel to the connected cities in the region and fill vacant jobs, shop in commercial zones, and attend schools. This allows you to create bustling industrial and commercial cities without worrying about residential—at the end of the day, everybody goes home to the Arcology.

When it comes to producing metal and alloy, don't overlook the contributions of a Recycling Center. Every little bit helps.

When starting a game in a new region, the Arcology is likely the first Great Works project to be unlocked, only requiring a city with 58,000 residents. And as long as your region has a robust metals and electronics business underway, supplying the construction resources shouldn't be too difficult.

Cities with access to both raw ore and coal can produce the metal and alloy required by building a Smelting Factory. The TVs required will need to be produced at a Consumer Electronics Factory supplied with a steady flow of plastic and processors—consider importing the plastic while getting the processors from an existing Processor Factory.

Alternatively, all metal, alloy, and TVs can simply be purchased on the global market. This is easiest solution, particularly if the connected cities lack the raw materials necessary to complete construction. However, those TVs are really expensive!

Great Works
International Airport

- **Cost:** 1,000,000
- **Operational Cost:** 300 per hour
- **Benefits:**
  - Tourists
  - Accepts Freight
- **Construction Resources:**
  - 2,000 tons of Metal
  - 1,500 tons of Alloy
  - 250,000 barrels of Crude Oil
- **Prerequisites:**
  - Municipal Airport in the region
  - 100 tourists arrive at Municipal Airport in the region
- **Description:** Construction of the International Airport requires resources and workers from cities in the region. Once opened, the International Airport brings flights of tourists into the region and ships freight on cargo planes.

If one or more cities in your region rely on tourism, the International Airport is a worthwhile project, serving as a major hub for incoming medium and high wealth tourists and outgoing freight. This facility is similar to the Municipal Airport, but functions on a regional scale, serving all connected cities.

Beyond the obvious benefits, the International Airport also frees up space in cities currently relying on planes to bring in tourists. Individual cities no longer have to devote a huge portion of their city to a cumbersome Municipal Airport, allowing for the construction of more casinos, hotels, and landmarks. Getting rid of that noisy Municipal Airport is likely to make nearby residential neighborhoods happy as well.

If your city has vast oil reservoirs beneath the surface, supplying crude oil from an Oil Well should be no problem.

Before you can even select the International Airport as a Great Works project, at least one city in the region must have a Municipal Airport—a cumulative 100 tourists must also have arrived through Municipal Airports throughout the region.

Once these prerequisites are met, the International Airport can be selected at any Great Works site in the region. Like all projects, this one needs plenty of alloy as well as metal and crude oil. A robust mining city with access to large deposits of raw ore and coal can supply the alloy and metal from a Smelting Factory.

Meanwhile, an oil city should start setting aside thousands of barrels of crude oil. If two mining cities and two oil cities combine their resources, the construction materials will come together much faster, or you can augment production by purchasing resources on the global market. Although market values fluctuate, metal, alloy, and crude oil are relatively cheap to import.

Great Works
Solar Farm

- **Cost:** § 500,000
- **Operational Cost:** § 300 per hour
- **Benefits:**
  - Power
- **Construction Resources:**
  - 115,000 crates of Plastic
  - 600 tons of Alloy
  - 45,000 crates of Processors
- **Prerequisites:**
  - University with School of Science in the region
  - Complete Solar Farm research project at University in the region
- **Description:** This dazzling solar array requires advanced resources and workers from participating cities in the region. Cities connected to the Solar Farm can purchase large amounts of power at a discounted cost.

Tired of those frequent power outages? Running out of space for power plants of your own? Of all the Great Works projects, the Solar Farm is perhaps the most practical, supplying all connected cities with unlimited clean, cheap power. Once constructed, connected cities can purchase power directly from the Solar Farm, similar to purchasing power from neighboring cities.

But since this is a shared resource, all cities get a significant discount—after all, they built it! In addition to being cheap and dependable, the Solar Farm frees cities from the pollution/meltdown concerns associated with the Coal, Oil, and Nuclear Power Plants.

If all connected cities buy power from the Solar Farm, you also don't have to worry about power plant-generated air pollution drifting in from a neighboring city, helping make the region a much healthier place for all Sims.

Add all four Processor Assembly Line modules to your Processor Factory to increase the production of processors needed at the Solar Farm site.

Like any worthwhile endeavor, building a Solar Farm isn't easy—you'll need access to three separate city specializations as well as a University. For best results, divide the gathering of construction resources among a minimum of three specialized cities. An oil city is responsible for producing plastic at an Oil Refinery while a mining city cranks out alloy from a Smelting Factory.

Meanwhile, emphasize education in a third city with the construction of a University and electronics business. A University with a School of Science is required to complete the Solar Farm research project. Plus, the University can supply plenty of skilled workers for the Processor Factory.

When it comes to producing processors, instead of buying plastic and alloy from the global market, import it from the oil and mining cities as gifts—this cuts down on production costs significantly. Ramping up production across all three city specializations may take a while, particularly for the education/electronics city.

The gathering of resources and construction only adds to the timeline. But if your region has the patience and long-term vision, the Solar Farm is definitely worth the wait.

Great Works
Space Center

- **Cost:** § 1,000,000 Operational Cost: § 300 per hour
- **Benefits:**
  - Tourists
  - Education
- **Construction Resources:**
  - 170,000 barrels of Fuel
  - 1,400 tons of Alloy
  - 40,000 crates of Computers
- **Prerequisites:**
  - University with School of Engineering in the region
  - Complete Space Center research project at University in the region
- **Description:** This sprawling compound requires high tech resources from cities in the region. With the Space Center constructed, mayors in the region will reap the benefits of a more skilled workforce, resulting in more high tech industry. Mayors can schedule rocket launches, which draw tourists to the surrounding cities.

Reach for the stars with this dazzling monument to your region's commitment to higher education and mastery of extracting and refining natural resources. The Space Center has two primary benefits to the region, serving both as a tourist attraction and a higher learning institution, much like a University.

Rocket launches are scheduled similarly to events at the Expo Center or Pro Stadium, drawing in tons of tourists to the connected cities eager to witness the launch—upgrade your mass transit network to accommodate the crowds. An increase in tourism boosts the profits of your city's commercial buildings, not to mention those of casinos and other profit-generating attractions.

The Space Center also emits skill level to all connected cities, leading to the development of high tech (tech level 3) industry whether a city has a University or not. So if you want to get rid of all those polluting factories in the region while reaping the high profits of high tech, the Space Center is the Great Works project for you.

The Space Center requires lots of fuel. Maximize production at Oil Refineries by adding more Fuel Distillation Units.

Like the Solar Farm, achieving the benefits of a Space Center requires a great deal of effort and multi-city collaboration. Only attempt this project when you have a minimum of three cities with specializations in petroleum, metals, and electronics. Rely on the oil city to extract and refine crude oil into fuel with an Oil Refinery.

Elsewhere, a mining city with deposits of raw ore and coal can create alloy at a Smelting Factory. At least one city should pursue higher education, building a University as well as an electronics business—the two work well together. Skilled workers from the University are perfect for staffing the Processor and Consumer Electronics Factories, required for producing all those computers.

The University is also required to complete the Space Center research project—without it, the Space Center won't be available at a Great Works site.

Build a University in your electronics city to supply your Processor Factory and Consumer Electronics Factory with a steady supply of skilled workers needed to make all those computers.

Of all the resources required, supplying the computers is the most time consuming, largely due to the long-term process of ramping up a mature and profitable electronics business. Speed up the process by building out all Processor Assembly Line modules at the Processor Factory while supplying the facility with a skilled workforce from the University—use plastic and alloy gifted by the oil and metal cities to create processors.

At the earliest opportunity, plop a Consumer Electronics Division at your Electronics HQ so you can construct the Consumer Electronics Factory. Don't even bother producing TVs at this factory. Instead, build out all Computer Assembly Line modules to increase production of computers, shipping them straight to the Space Center site from the nearest Trade Depot or Trade Port. Little by little the computers will arrive at the Space Center, eventually allowing construction to commence.

Before long, Sims will enjoy the sight of rockets streaming skyward, entertaining tourists and inspiring a high tech future for the region.

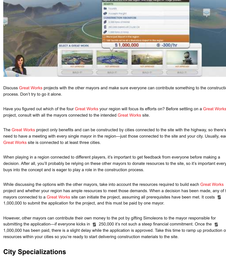
Great Works

Great Works Management

Ready to start your Great Works project? Well, hold on just a second. Great Works are long-term projects, requiring careful multi-city planning, coordination, and patience. Since you're working together with other mayors, it's crucial to decide on a mutually beneficial Great Works project appropriate for all participants.

You must also take into account the financial and logistical hurdles you'll face when producing or buying the required resources for each potential project. Like all things in SimCity, a little planning and asking yourself the right questions can go a long way. So before you get started, here's some advice to help get your grand vision off the ground.

Great Works Selection



Discuss Great Works projects with the other mayors and make sure everyone can contribute something to the construction process. Don't try to go it alone.

Have you figured out which of the four Great Works your region will focus its efforts on? Before settling on a Great Works project, consult with all the mayors connected to the intended Great Works site.

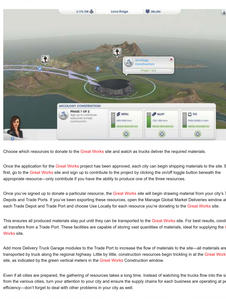
The Great Works project only benefits and can be constructed by cities connected to the site with the highway, so there's no need to have a meeting with every single mayor in the region—just those connected to the site and your city. Usually, each Great Works site is connected to at least three cities.

When playing in a region connected to different players, it's important to get feedback from everyone before making a decision. After all, you'll probably be relying on these other mayors to donate resources to the site, so it's important everyone buys into the overall project and is eager to play a role in the construction process.

While discussing the options with the other mayors, take into account the resources required to build each Great Works project and whether your region has ample resources to meet those demands. Also keep in mind that each Great Works has a Great Works size that dictates how many cities can initiate the project, assuming all prerequisites have been met. It costs $ 1,000,000 to submit the application for the project, and this must be paid by one mayor.

However, other mayors can contribute their own money to the pot by gifting Simoleons to the mayor responsible for submitting the application—if everyone kicks in $ 200,000 it's not such a steep financial commitment. Once the $ 1,000,000 has been paid, there is a slight delay while the application is approved. Take this time to ramp up production of resources within your cities so you're ready to start delivering construction materials to the site.

City Specializations



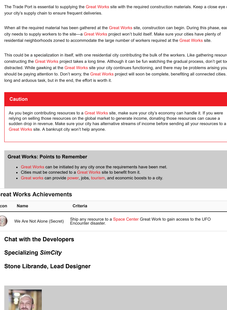
Every Great Works project requires alloy. Turn to the metals business and a city site with both raw ore and coal to begin producing this universal construction material at a Smelting Factory.

Due to the enormous amount of resources required to construct each Great Works project, it's a good idea to gear your cities toward producing only one or two types of construction materials. But such specializations should begin early on, not after submitting a Great Works application.

If you have raw ore and coal beneath your city, it's best to pursue the metals business and begin producing metal and alloy from a Smelting Factory. If your city has large oil reservoirs, pump that crude oil out of the ground and process it into plastic and fuel at an Oil Refinery. Both the Space Center and Solar Farm require the completion of a research project at a University.

If your city already has a University, pursue the electronics business using a Processor Factory and Consumer Electronics Factory to crank out processors, computers, or TVs—the University ensures these factories have a steady supply of skilled workers, helping boost production. With each connected city specializing in one city specialization, it reduces the amount of time required to gather the necessary construction materials to build each Great Works project.

Construction



Choose which resources to donate to the Great Works site and watch as trucks deliver the required materials.

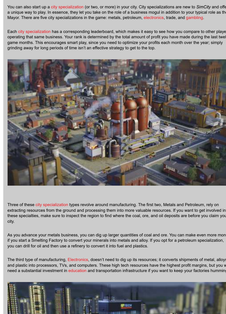
Once the application for the Great Works project has been approved, each city can begin shipping materials to the site. But first, go to the Great Works data and sign up for resources listed in the project by clicking the on/off toggle button next to the appropriate resource—only contribute if you have the ability to produce one of the three resources.

Once you've signed up to donate a particular resource, the Great Works site will begin drawing material from your city's Trade Depots and Trade Ports. If you've been exporting those resources, open the Message Global Market Deliveries window at each Trade Depot and Trade Port and choose Use Locally for each resource you're donating to the Great Works site.

The amounts of produced materials stay put until they can be transported to the Great Works site. For best results, conduct all transfers from a Trade Port. These facilities are capable of storing vast quantities of materials, ideal for supplying the Great Works site.

Add more Delivery Truck Garage modules to the Trade Port to increase the flow of materials to the site—all materials are transported by truck along the regional highway. Little by little, construction resources begin trickling in at the Great Works site, as indicated by the green vertical meters in the Great Works Construction window.

Even if all cities are prepared, the gathering of resources takes a long time. Instead of watching the trucks flow into the site from the various cities, turn your attention to your city and ensure the supply chains for each business are operating at peak efficiency—don't forget to deal with other problems in your city as well.



The Trade Port is essential to supplying the Great Works site with the required construction materials. Keep a close eye on your city's supply chain to ensure frequent deliveries.

When all the required material has been gathered at the Great Works site, construction can begin. During this phase, each city needs to supply workers to the site—a Great Works project won't build itself. Make sure your cities have plenty of residential neighborhoods zoned to accommodate the large number of workers required at the Great Works site.

This could be a specialization in itself, with one residential city contributing the bulk of the workers. Like gathering resources, constructing the Great Works project takes a long time. Although it can be sped up by watching the gradual process, don't get too distracted. While gawking at the Great Works site your city continues functioning, and there may be problems arising you should be paying attention to. Don't worry, the Great Works project will soon be complete, benefiting all connected cities. It's a long and arduous task, but in the end, the effort is worth it.

Caution

As you begin contributing resources to a Great Works site, make sure your city's economy can handle it. If you were relying on selling those resources on the global market to generate income, donating those resources can cause a sudden drop in revenue. Make sure your city has alternative streams of income before sending all your resources to a Great Works site. A bankrupt city won't help anyone.

Great Works: Points to Remember

- Great Works can be initiated by any city once the requirements have been met.
- Cities must be connected to a Great Works site to benefit from it.
- Great works can provide power, jobs, tourism, and economic boosts to a city.

Great Works Achievements

Icon	Name	Criteria
	We Are Not Alone (Secret)	Ship any resource to a Space Center Great Work to gain access to the UFO Encounter disaster.

Chat with the Developers

Specializing *SimCity*

Stone Librande, Lead Designer

Hello again! This is Stone Librande, the Lead Designer of *SimCity*. One of the great things about working on this game is seeing the incredible progress the team has made. Every day I'm treated to another exciting new addition to the game: a new glass and steel skyscraper, a group of skateboarding Sims in a park, or the sight of the moon reflecting on the water as the sun goes down. It is truly inspiring to be working here with the talented team at Maxis.

One feature of the game that I have been concentrating on is the area of city specialization. *SimCity* allows a single player—or a group of players if you choose to play with other aspiring city builders—to connect up multiple cities in a larger region and share services and resources.

This means that you don't need to put a power plant (or a Water Treatment Plant, or a Fire Station, or a school…) in every city in the region. Instead, you can focus on the types of buildings that make your city special and then have other cities supply the additional things you need. For example, you could make a completely suburban city with only houses and parks. Suppose it sells a neighboring industrial city and your Sims will commute down the highway each morning on their way to work and then return back again at night.

You can also start up a city specialization (or two, or more) in your city. City specializations are new to *SimCity* and offer a unique way to play. In essence, they let you take on the role of a business mogul in addition to your typical role as the Mayor. There are five city specializations in the game: metals, petroleum, electronics, trade, and gambling.

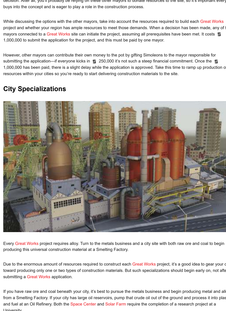
Each city specialization has a corresponding leaderboard, which makes it easy to see how you compare to other players operating that same business. Your rank is determined by the total amount of profit you have made during the last twelve hours of play. The leaderboards reset every twelve hours, so you're competing with folks each month over the year, simply grinding away for long periods of time isn't an effective strategy to get in the top 10.

The first type of manufacturing, Electronics, doesn't need to dig up its resources; it converts shipments of metal, silicon, and plastic into processors, TVs, and computers. These high tech resources have the highest profit margins, but you will need a substantial investment in education and transportation infrastructure if you want to keep your factories humming.

Three of these city specializations bypass resource amount manufacturing. The first two, Metals and Petroleum, rely on extracting resources from the ground and processing them into more valuable resources. If you want to get involved in these specialties, make sure to inspect the region to find where the coal, ore, and oil deposits are before you claim your city.

As you advance your metals business, you can dig up larger quantities of coal and ore. You can make even more money if you claim a Smelting Factory to convert your minerals into metals and alloy. If you opt for a petroleum specialization, you can drill for oil and then use a refinery to convert it into fuel and plastics.

The third type of manufacturing, Electronics, doesn't need to dig up its resources; it converts shipments of metal, silicon, and plastic into processors, TVs, and computers. These high tech resources have the highest profit margins, but you will need a substantial investment in education and transportation infrastructure if you want to keep your factories humming.



The Trade specialization is all about buying low and selling high. It typically means your city will have many trucks, freight trains, and cargo ships moving goods into and out of your city. The key to a successful city is to import when the global market price is low and export when the price is high. Around the office, a lot of us tend to specialize our cities around one form of manufacturing plus a little bit of trade. This helps us get our metals, petroleum, or electronics resources to the market more efficiently.

Finally, there is the Gambling city specialization. This one is my personal favorite. It is a great choice for players that want to focus on tourists instead of markets. Your goal with a gambling city is to attract as many tourists as possible, encouraging them to spend their money in your casinos. Of course, you'll also want to make sure they stay into your city to only half the battle. You need to keep them there by building hotels and other entertainment options. Watching a bustling neon-filled casino city come to life at night is mesmerizing.

No matter how you choose to specialize your city, it is important to remember that it is your choice. Feel free to mix and match traditional SimCity buildings (schools, parks, Police Stations, etc.) with city specializations. Decide your proportion of residential, commercial, and industrial by zoning. Make a simple town with trailer parks or maximize your density with skyscrapers.

Supply the region with power and water or buy it from someone else. There is no right way or wrong way to play. Discovering the benefits and drawbacks of the multitude of combinations is one of the hallmarks of SimCity!

Chapter 7
Disasters

Report, the city of Pitt is a great deal. But what if it just became rubble?

Are there enough Fire Stations to extinguish all the flame? Are there enough ambulances to treat every injured Sim? The city is prone to a number of random years not so random disasters, and it's not content for widespread devastation.

The disasters start from end of the world. Instead, they provide the city a second chance to come back healthier and stronger. Disasters are a way to test your city's ability to bring disaster. It is the aftermath of a disaster. Do you have what it takes to lead this city through its darkest days?

Major Disasters

Build a City Hall Level 3 Upper! This all-consuming boom can screw palm of clean-ups through your city and it those the maximal Damage Bonus.

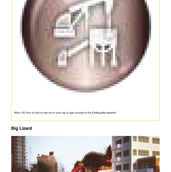
There are a total of six major disasters in the Disasters menu. However, some of the disasters are immediately available — they must be unlocked by completing achievements. Once unlocked, a disaster can either be triggered manually, by selecting it from the Disasters menu, or randomly. Random disasters can be switched off in the Disasters menu. Disasters such as earthquakes and tornadoes can occur in succession. Other similar disasters are more likely to occur in quick succession.

Although they're responsible for building buildings, each disaster has at least one beneficial perk. Here's a quick look at all of the disasters available, as well as some advice for using these disasters to your city's advantage.

Note

Random disasters are disasters when playing in Sandbox mode, but you can still create destruction on your own by choosing an unlocked disaster from the Disasters menu.

Earthquake

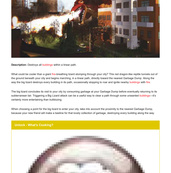


Description: Randomly destroys buildings within a large radius.

Did you feel that? The violent shaking of an earthquake will definitely get your attention as buildings crumble into piles of rubble and citizens scream and run for their lives. Only the strong survive. Can you help them through it? Is coverage in a certain part of the city more important than others? Only you can decide.

An earthquake won't destroy every building, but the sprawl of tiles each level is necessary disaster even more destructive than all the shaking. When triggering an earthquake of your own, be prepared for the widespread destruction to follow, knowing any buildings you wish to spare are outside the affected area. Garbage's not. Earthquakes can also occur randomly, particularly in mountainous areas.

Unlock - Drag Ten Unhealthy and Toxic Away



Mine 100 tons of coal or rare ore in your city to gain access to the Earthquake disaster!

Big Lizard

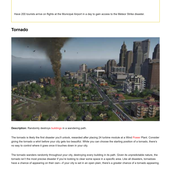
Description: Destroys all buildings within a short path.

What could an outer town of Lagom 5 is breathing it and reducing through your city? The red dragon-like reptile reveals out of the ground beneath you and begins trampling. In a frenzy path, destroying every tiles spotted and Garbage Piles. Bring in the Fire Department and Police Station to help you deal with the damage. Or, you can just let it run its course.

The big lizard sometimes will visit a city on its unlocking garbage of your Garbage Dump before eventually returning to its subterranean lair. Triggering a big Lizard attack can be a useful way to clear a path through some unwanted buildings—it's certainly more entertaining than bulldozing.

When choosing a point for the big lizard to enter your city, take into account the proximity to the nearest Garbage Dump. Natural also (see Plant Nail) make a beatrice for that extra collection of garbage, destroying every building along the way.

Unlock - What's Cooking?



Burn 100 tons of garbage in an Incinerator at the Garbage Dump to gain access to the Big Lizard disaster.

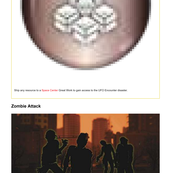
Meteor Strike

Description: Randomly destroys buildings within a large radius, sometimes creating a circle of ground pollution or radiation.

The randomly meteor strike is better than any Romantic show. Watch as swarms of meteorites descend on your city, crashing down from the sky and destroying everything in their path. Will you be able to help your citizens put together piece of your city and find ways to assist the destruction.

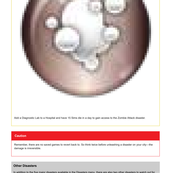
Regardless of how this disaster is triggered you'll need you'll be receiving to put out all those fires. Meteors also have a chance of releasing dormant ground pollution and radiation, potentially making the city unlivable.

Unlock - What Does Up Must Come Down



Have 250 tourists arrive at Flights at the Municipal Airport in a day to gain access to the Meteor Strike disaster.

Tornado



Description: Randomly destroys buildings in a wandering path.

The tornado is one of the most disaster, you'll certainly rewarded after placing 10 turbine results at a Wind Power Plant. Consider giving the tornado a wind before your city gets too beautiful. While you can choose the starting position of a tornado, there's no way to control where it goes once it touches down on your city.

The tornado wanders randomly throughout your city, destroying every building in its path. Given its unpredictable nature, the tornado can be a dangerous disaster to trigger. Be prepared to rebuild your city after the tornado has left. Or, if you're feeling lucky, have a network of engineers at the ready—if your city is set on an open plain, there's a greater chance of a tornado appearing.

Unlock - Breeze" in the Wind

UFO Encounter

Description: Randomly destroys a building, abducts Sims, or steals resources from storage bay.

Who are they? Where do they come from? It's unclear what these otherworldly visitors want from your city. The objective of the UFO Encounter disaster is unclear, as well. Are they here to destroy or to abduct a building. Either way, it's not a very pleasant time to have resources from storage bay.

But despite their mysterious behavior, sometimes by a UFO produces a touch of wild wonder to a University, encouraging the creation of high-tech level 5 buildings and buildings. But the mighty result all is reported to the mommy. Adding the number of unfortunate Sims who can't perceive Sim.

Unlock - Be the First Around

Ship any resources to a Space Center Great Work to gain access to the UFO Encounter disaster.

Zombie Attack

Description: Zombies roam the streets at night and feast on the brains of unsuspecting Sims.

Beware of ghost gathering zombies emerging from the hospital at night. These zombies have been eating grass feed on the flames of innocent Sims, leaving the creation of more zombies with each encounter. Run! Sims in flood will have their home destroyed by zombies, and they'll join the undead.

Fortunately, when the sun rises, all zombies crumble, turning an end to the terror. Unlike the other major disasters, zombie attacks do not damage any buildings. But the nightly death toll is reported to the mommy, making the number of unfortunate Sims who can't perceive Sim.

Unlock - Lieutenancy Outbreak

Add a Diagnostic Lab to a Hospital and have 10 Sims die in a day to gain access to the Zombie Attack disaster.

Caution

Remember, there are no saved games to revert back to. No timid time before unleashing a disaster on your city—the damage is irreversible.

Other Disasters

In addition to the six major disasters available in the Disasters menu, there are also two other disasters to watch out for. You cannot trigger these disasters directly. Instead, they occur randomly based on certain conditions.

- Nuclear Meltdown: If a Nuclear Power Plant is staffed by uneducated workers, there's an increased chance of a nuclear meltdown occurring. Nuclear meltdowns are extremely destructive, destroying all buildings in the immediate area. Any Sims caught in the blast are killed instantly. Fortunately, nuclear meltdowns are relatively rare.
- Alien Abduction: Sims can be abducted by aliens from a UFO Encounter disaster. Abducted Sims are never seen again.

Disasters

Disaster Management

For the most part, disasters are bad for your city. Sure, they all have their perks, but the widespread random destruction usually isn't worth any benefit. However, maybe your city needs an overhaul? And disasters are much more efficient for leveling large swaths of your city than a bulldozer.

Plus, they're fun to watch. Whether you trigger a disaster yourself or one randomly occurs, it's important to be prepared for the aftermath by planning ahead and fostering relationships with neighboring cities to assist in disaster relief.

Triggering Disasters

Some disasters, like the earthquake and meteor, have a wide impact radius, dishing out destruction over a large area.

So you still want to unleash a disaster on your city? First, you must complete the secret achievements associated with each disaster. Once a disaster is unlocked, it appears within the Disaster menu. Simply select the desired disaster from the menu and then choose where in your city you want the disaster to begin.

The cursor becomes a transparent glowing red circle, showing you where the disaster will be centered. For radius-based disasters like the earthquake and meteor, this red circle is large, indicating the area that will be affected—this is a good way to target specific areas of your city you want to demolish.

For the unpredictable disasters like the tornado or UFO, you can choose an area where the disaster will first appear. But for the tornado, you have no idea where it will travel, potentially carving a destructive path through areas you never intended to destroy.

And as for the UFO, you can give it an approximate appearance site, but there's no telling what it will do when it arrives—it may destroy a building, abduct Sims, or simply steal resources from a nearby storage lot. The big lizard is a bit more predictable, traveling in a straight line from the starting point to the nearest Garbage Dump, clearing a path along the way.

But no disaster allows the control of a bulldozer, so don't expect scalpel-like precision when it comes to demolishing parts of your city. Be prepared to tolerate unforeseen collateral damage.

Caution

Avoid triggering disasters near a Trade Depot or Trade Port. The destruction of storage lots at these facilities can mean the loss of precious resources worth hundreds of thousands.

Emergency Response

You'll need some help putting out all those fires. Ask neighboring cities to volunteer fire trucks and other emergency vehicles.

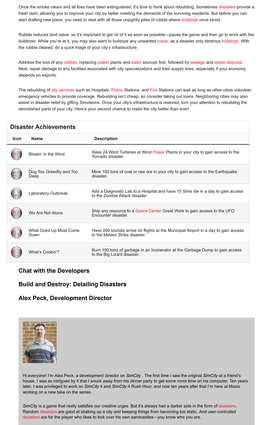
The occurrence of a random disaster can be completely demoralizing. But there's no time to shed a tear for Sims and buildings lost in the destruction. Chances are buildings are burning and injured Sims are scattered about requiring urgent treatment. It's time to jump into action and salvage what's left of your fallen city.

Any untrusted Fire Stations and Large Fire Stations will immediately jump into action, dispatching trucks to fires. Clinics and Hospitals will do the same, sending out ambulances to gather injured Sims. But your city's emergency services may not be enough. If you haven't already, reach out to neighboring cities and request ambulances and fire trucks to assist in the aftermath of a disaster.

Your fellow mayors should be more than happy to help—plus they earn fees for each fire they extinguish and each injured Sim they treat. In the chance your entire emergency infrastructure has been destroyed, you'll need to rely solely on assistance from other cities to stop the spread of fires. For this reason, it's a good idea to plan ahead, long before a disaster strikes.

Volunteer your emergency vehicles to other cities and other mayors are likely to do the same. All volunteered emergency vehicles automatically respond when needed, providing some comfort in knowing that you're not in this alone.

Cleanup



Look at all that rubble! Bulldoze those rubble piles as soon as possible. New construction can't begin until the rubble is gone.

Once the smoke clears and all fires have been extinguished, it's time to think about rebuilding. Sometimes disasters provide a fresh start, allowing you to improve your city by better meeting the demands of the surviving residents. But before you can start drafting new plans, you need to deal with all those unsightly piles of rubble where buildings once stood.

Rubble reduces land value, so it's important to get rid of it as soon as possible—pause the game and then go to work with the bulldozer. While you're at it, you may also want to bulldoze any unwanted roads, as a disaster only destroys buildings. With the rubble cleared, be a quick hedge of your city's infrastructure.

Address the loss of any utilities, replacing power plants and water sources first, followed by sewage and waste disposal. Next, repair damage to any facilities associated with city specializations and their supply lines, especially if your economy depends on exports.

The rebuilding of city services such as Hospitals, Police Stations, and Fire Stations can wait as long as other cities volunteer emergency vehicles to provide coverage. Rebuilding isn't cheap, so consider taking out loans. Neighboring cities may also assist in disaster relief by gifting Simoleons. Once your city's infrastructure is restored, turn your attention to rebuilding the demolished parts of your city. Here's your second chance to make the city better than ever!

Disaster Achievements

Icon	Name	Description
	Blowin' in the Wind	Have 24 Wind Turbines at Wind Power Plants in your city to gain access to the Tornado disaster.
	Dug Too Greedily and Too Deep	Mine 100 tons of coal or raw ore in your city to gain access to the Earthquake disaster.
	Laboratory Outbreak	Add a Diagnostic Lab to a Hospital and have 15 Sims die in a day to gain access to the Zombie Attack disaster.
	We Are Not Alone	Ship any resource to a Space Center Great Work to gain access to the UFO Encounter disaster.
	What Goes Up Must Come Down	Have 200 tourists arrive on flights at the Municipal Airport in a day to gain access to the Meteor Strike disaster.
	What's Cookin'?	Burn 100 tons of garbage in an Incinerator at the Garbage Dump to gain access to the Big Lizard disaster.

Chat with the Developers

Build and Destroy: Detailing Disasters

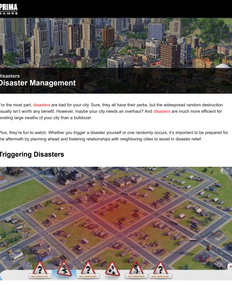
Alex Peck, Development Director

Hi everyone! I'm Alex Peck, a development director on SimCity. The first time I saw the original SimCity at a friend's house, I was so intrigued by it that I snuck away from his dinner party to get some more time on his computer. Ten years later, I was privileged to work on SimCity 4 and SimCity 4 Rush Hour, and now ten years after that I'm here at Maxis working on a new take on the series.

SimCity is a game that really satisfies our creative urge. But it's always had a darker side in the form of disasters, which have been a staple of the series since the very first version. Who hasn't been tempted to click, "Add user-controlled disasters" are for the player who likes to kick over his own sandcastles—you know who you are.

Our first prototype disaster is the new SimCity was the meteor shower. It started out as just a single meteorite smacking into a residential suburb, but upon seeing it in action, we immediately decided to dial it up to see what would happen. We added some tension by having most of the meteors burn up before they hit the ground—we call these "fizzlers"—but an unpredictable amount of larger, damaging meteorites may appear during the sequence.

While we were creating this, out of sheer curiosity I checked to see how often meteorites actually cause damage, and it seems rather rare. Wikipedia only notes a few human injuries, a dog in Egypt, and one extremely unfortunate cow. Guess the solar system that SimCity is located in must have far more debris than our own!



UFOs in particular resulted in a fun brainstorming session. Rather than simply wantonly raining destruction from above, we thought UFOs should have a bit of a mysterious flavor to them. They will enter your city with various agendas to carry out, perhaps simply leaving if they can't find what they are looking for. What are the aliens going to do with that poor Sim they abducted? I leave it to your imagination.

For this incarnation of the game we also decided to add some physics to the mix, resulting in buildings that shatter into pieces and fall to the ground. This paid off when someone said "Can the UFO just a building in half?" and our physics programmer Robert Perry said, "Sure!" (Check out Robert's discussion on physics next.)

Whether it's an earthquake, a meteor shower, a tornado, or even the simple demolition tool, we have provided a number of tools to cater to your darker side.

Chat with the Developers

Shaking it Up: SimCity 's Physics

Robert Perry, Physics Engineer

Hey everyone! I'm Robert Perry and I'm the engineer in charge of physics for SimCity . The two things I enjoy most are building things and solving problems. SimCity is a fun way for me to do both.

When we use the phrase, "what you see is what we sim," we really mean it. With that said, why should physics get left out? Physics provides another tool to simulate what happens in a city. We've coupled physics with the GlassBox engine to create an even deeper simulation.

Every building in SimCity is simulated in the physics engine. Buildings are attached to the ground with a physics model that simulates the forces that act on that building. When a module is stacked on a building, the building reacts. If multiple modules are stacked on a building, they all react. If an object strikes a building, the building reacts—modules included.

Disasters are where the physics system is put to best use. Disasters are able to affect the game physics in a variety of ways. A small meteorite will set a building rocking; a large one will reduce it to a pile of rubble on the blackened, scorched ground. Physics is a great simulation tool and it adds depth and nuance to the game, but there are some things we don't solve using physics.

One example is vehicles. The transport team has done a great job with the vehicles and there's not a lot the physics would add there. Vehicles turn, merge, and navigate with detailed behavior. At the scale the vehicles operate at the physics system wouldn't add enough benefit to justify the cost in performance.

Earthquakes, on the other hand, make for great use of physics, as triggering this particular disaster will shake buildings to the ground (as one would expect). And UFOs, besides abducting Sims and stealing resources, will slice buildings in two with a laser. Typical alien behavior.

What I've talked about here is just a small taste of what to expect in the new SimCity . As you know, disasters have always been a big part of SimCity and they're better than ever. Make no mistake, buildings will crumble, debris will fly, and stuff will explode. This SimCity is a simulation with great depth and detail. Physics allows us to layer on more detail and ultimately bring more fun to SimCity . I'm looking forward to hearing what everyone thinks of the disasters.

SimCity World

Now that you have a good grasp on what it takes to be a successful Mayor, look to *SimCity* World for a deeper and more rewarding experience.

Did your friend just pass you on the Crime leaderboard? Then get busy filling your city with criminals to reclaim your position. Or perhaps you're ready to take on a challenge, requiring you to work with other mayors in your region to complete a specific goal in a short span of time? Did you just buy some alloy this morning?

Check its current price on the global market—if the price has gone up, consider exporting that alloy to net an easy profit. The ever-changing dynamics offered by *SimCity* World ensure there's always new ways to interact with the game and the community, creating a fresh gameplay experience no matter how long you've been sitting in the Mayor's chair.

CityLog

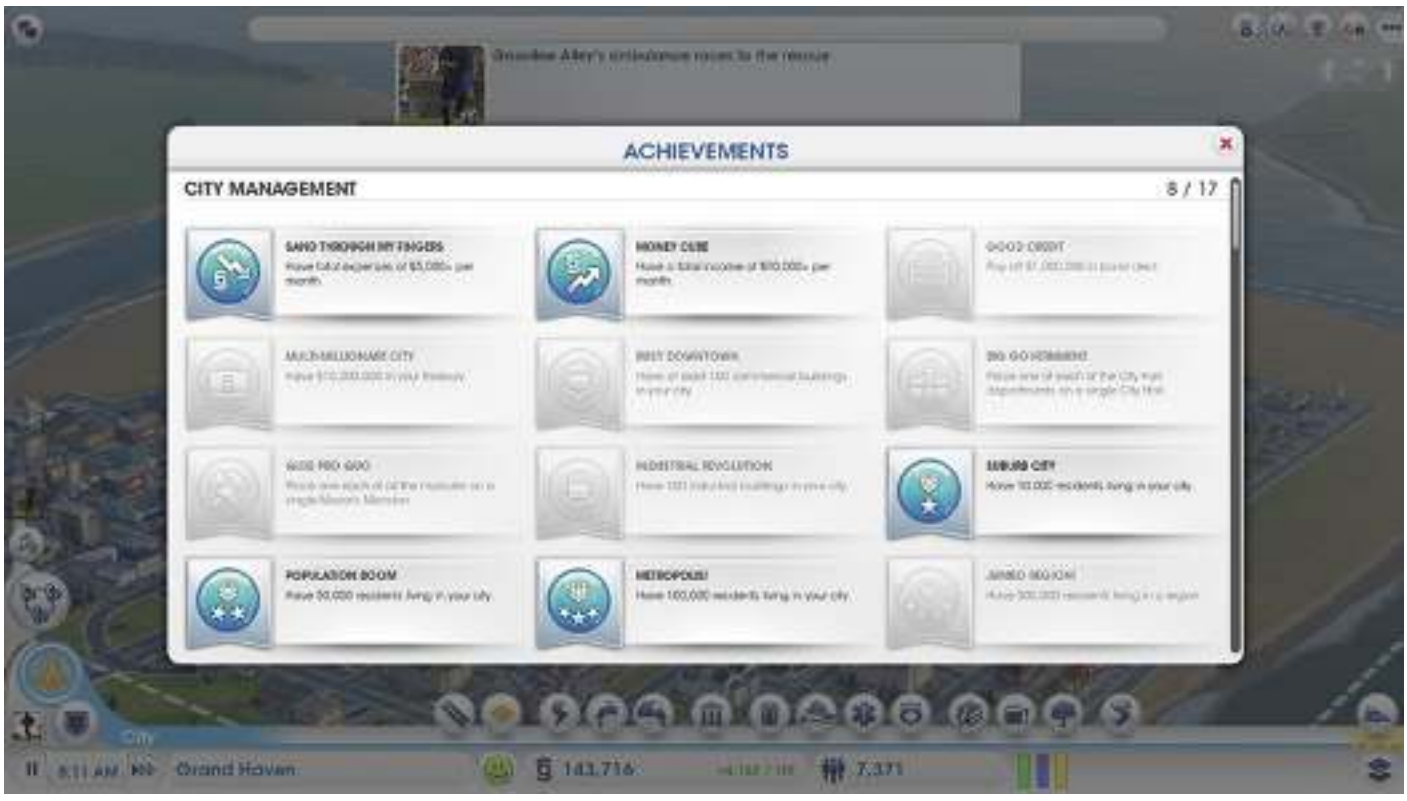
Access the CityLog feed directly from the main menu. This is a great way to receive updates of recent activity while you were away from the game.

CityLog is the pipeline to your fellow mayors, feeding you messages and updates from the *SimCity* community. A popup appears whenever you have a new message. Click on the CityLog button in the lower left corner to view the latest message feed.

The CityLog lists your friends' latest activities, including whenever they start a new region, their achievements, notable rankings, and invitations to play in their region. The CityLog also displays challenge updates, announcing the start of a challenge and the eventual winner. Click any of these messages to be taken to view details of the message or update.

SimCity World

Achievements



In the Achievements window, the grayed-out entries represent achievements you haven't earned yet. Time to get to work!

Want to work toward a specific goal? Then turn to the game's numerous achievements. For the most part, *SimCity* is an open world gaming experience, allowing you to define and complete your own goals. Achievements are optional tasks with clearly defined criteria.

For example, the Medical Miracle achievement requires you to treat 200 Sims at a Hospital within a day. Achievements sometimes require you to play the game in counterintuitive ways that may not benefit your city or its residents. For Medical Miracle, it may be helpful to pollute your water source to produce the 200 sick Sims required to complete the achievement.

Other achievements are more easy to attain and occur naturally through gameplay by accumulating resources—you get the King Coal achievement for extracting 100,000 tons of coal. Playing to earn achievements adds an addictive element to the game, allowing for a more focused gameplay experience.

There's also a competitive factor, since all achievements earned are shared on the CityLog, updating your friends on your latest successes.

Note

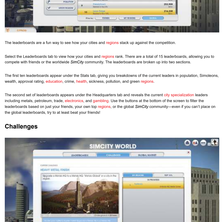
For a list of achievements, click to the Quick Reference chapter.

SimCity World

SimCity World Interface

From the game's main menu, click on the SimCity World button to open a window giving you access to the leaderboards, challenges, and global market. Use the information here to guide your gameplays and interact with friends and the community in new ways.

Leaderboards



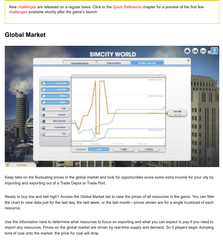
The leaderboards are a fun way to see how your cities and regions stack up against the competition.

Select the Leaderboards tab to view how your cities and regions rank. There are a total of 15 leaderboards, allowing you to compete with friends or the worldwide SimCity community. The leaderboards are broken up into two sections.

The first ten leaderboards appear under the Stats tab, giving you breakdowns of the current leaders in population, Simoleons, wealth, approval rating, education, crime, health, wellness, pollution, and green regions.

The second set of leaderboards appears under the Contributions tab and rewards the current city specialization leaders including metals, petroleum, trade, electronics, and gambling. Use the buttons at the bottom of the screen to filter the leaderboards based on just your friends, your own top regions, or the global SimCity community—even if you can't place on the global leaderboards, try to at least beat your friends!

Challenges



The Challenges tab shows the current challenge available to all players. But the clock is ticking—better get started!

Choose the Challenges tab to view the current community challenge. Challenges add a competitive and goal-oriented element to a game that otherwise has no defined victory conditions. Take on these challenges to earn unique achievements, not to mention bragging rights. But completing challenges often requires the cooperation of your fellow mayors in the region.

For instance, the Black Gold challenge requires your region to sell 2,200,000 barrels of crude oil. But it's not simple. You must complete the challenge goal in the fastest time possible. The top 10% fastest regions will win the exclusive challenge achievement. Replay the challenge in different regions throughout the challenge period to see if you can improve your time. Each of the challenges is supported from challenges are super exclusive, instantly showing off your whole mayoral skills to friends and the community.

Note

New challenges are released on a regular basis. Click to the Quick Reference chapter for a preview of the first few challenges available shortly after the game's launch.

Global Market

Keep tabs on the fluctuating prices in the global market and look for opportunities score some extra income for your city by importing and exporting out of the fastest goods or Trade Port.

Ready to buy low and sell high? Access the Global Market tab to view the prices of all resources in the game. You can filter the chart to view data just for the last day, the last week, or the last month—prices shown are for a single truckload of each resource.

Use the information here to determine what resources to focus on exporting and what you can expect to pay if you need to import any resources. Prices on the global market are driven by real-time supply and demand. So if players begin dumping tons of coal onto the market, the price for coal will drop.

Likewise, if a resource like plastic becomes scarce as demand increases, the market price for plastic will rise. By playing the global market you can carve out a nice profit for your city through the trade business. Importing and exporting resources from a Trade Depot or Trade Port.

Note

Global market prices are updated approximately every hour, so keep checking back frequently to identify potential profit-making opportunities.

Online Resources

SimCity Official Website

www.simcity.com

Make this your first stop for all things SimCity, including all the latest news, media, and community updates. Also, don't forget to check out the forums, frequented by developers and some of the most knowledgeable players around the world.

SimCity Blog

www.simcity.com/blog

Head over to the SimCity Blog for more information directly from the game's designers, including plenty of gameplay tips as well as an insider look at the game's development.

SimCityEDU

www.simcityedu.org

SimCityEDU serves as a resource for classroom teachers who have a strong interest in utilizing digital platforms as a learning tool to drive student interest in STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics) subjects.

Simtropolis

www.simtropolis.com

Simtropolis is a SimCity fan site with a very active and passionate community. Come here to find friends by participating in the forums or learn more about SimCity by browsing through the extensive wireless or wiki.

Chat with the Developers

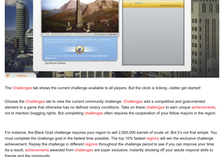
Popping the Bubble: Exploring *SimCity* World

Meghan McDowell, Producer

Hi everyone! My name is Meghan McDowell and I'm a producer on SimCity. I've worked at Maxis for eight years and I'm really pleased to be part of the new SimCity. Part of my role here at the studio is to shape the SimCity World feature.

SimCity World is a collection of features that enhance a player's game experience by connecting them with one another. SimCity World includes leaderboards, challenges, and a global market. All of these features are designed to help different ways, connect and engage with each other, and contribute to a global SimCity community.

We built the SimCity World features as a way to surface that interconnected world to the player and show them how their gameplay can be complemented by being a part of it.



Part of our way of doing that is through CityLog, the tool that allows players to connect, notify, and act on events in SimCity. CityLog does a lot of things. It allows you to see if your friends have founded new cities in regions that you can join. Or it tells you that your friends have passed you on a leaderboard. If there's a challenge going on in a region, it shows you your progress.

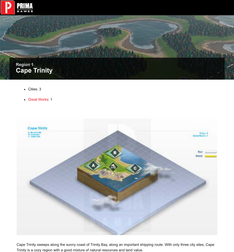
It even messages any global market changes you may want to take advantage of. Lastly, it lets you know about any achievements your friends are earning in case you want to strive to achieve the same ones. All of the messages you see in CityLog have an action you can take. You don't have to act, but if you are looking for new and interesting ways to play (or just want to keep tabs on what your friends are doing), CityLog can help keep you up to date.

One of the new ways to play is through our regular challenges. Challenges are competitive, where regions compete against each other and vie to win exclusive rewards. Challenges are completely optional, but are a great way to prove to your friends that you're the best mayor in SimCity. They require strategy and coordination to succeed at. You can work alone, with your region, or with the entire community to complete them.

To coincide with challenges we also have leaderboards. There are many different types of leaderboards in the game and they encourage you to compete or simply to see how you compare to the rest of the mayors in SimCity. They range from leaderboards that measure the size of your population to leaderboards that measure the amount of pollution you produce to the most profitable casino city. You can compare yourself to the global SimCity community or to your friends. Right now, I'm gunning for the top of the Crime leaderboards in the studio. I'm quite the lawless Mayor!

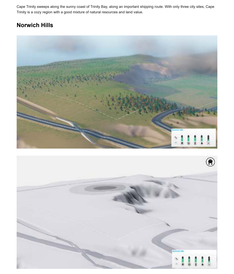
The global market makes up the last piece of *SimCity* World, and it is here where goods and resources can be bought and sold. The market fluctuates depending on how our players are playing. Players can affect the global market by how they play. So if oil prices are up, players may decide to invest in oil drilling in their city so that they can profit from it by selling the goods to other players.

Before I go, I just wanted to say I'm having a lot of fun playing SimCity and every day something fun, unexpected, and amazing goes on in the game. I'm excited for all of you to get your hands on it. See you on the leaderboard!



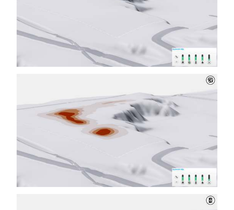
Region 1
Cape Trinity

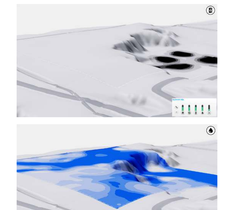
- Cities: 3
- Great Works: 1

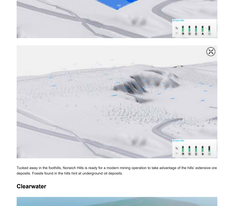


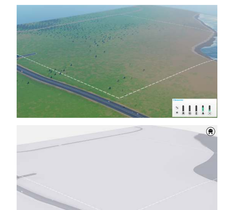
Cape Trinity sweeps along the sunny coast of Trinity Bay, along an important shipping route. With only three city sites, Cape Trinity is a cozy region with a good mixture of natural resources and land value.

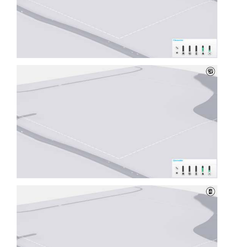
Norwich Hills

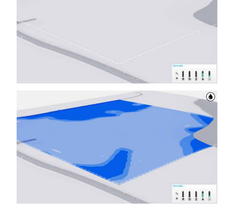






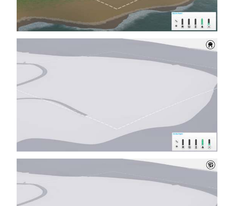


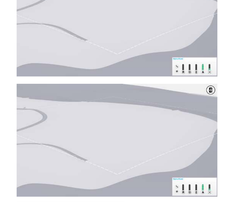


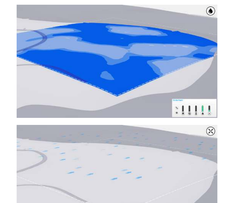


Tucked away in the foothills, Norwich Hills is ready for a modern mining operation to take advantage of the hills' extensive ore deposits. Fossils found in the hills hint at underground oil deposits.

Clearwater







Clearwater is an important connection between Norwich Hills and Trinity Point. Clearwater is poised to become a major trade port, shipping resources to the Global Market from Cape Trinity.

Trinity Point

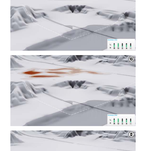
Jutting into Trinity Bay, gorgeous views make Trinity Point prime real estate for a coastal resort town.

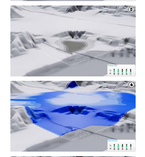
Whitewater Valley

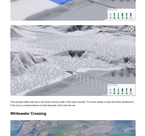
- Home
- Great Rivers >

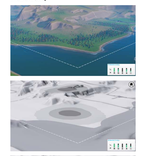
Deep in the valley of a nameless mountain range, the water blesses the confluence of two rivers into one large river. Fine, dry dirt is the first layer of the river valley as we network our way through the layer of the mountains.

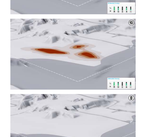
Brakeman's Folly

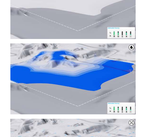






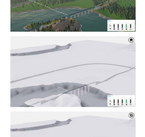


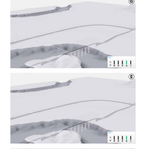


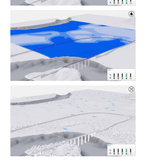


The cascade folding rolls has a tall overall crossing under Front side Crossfall. The final rolling is down the Horse. Brakeman's Folly has the characteristics of small diameter, both are not low.

Whitewater Crossing

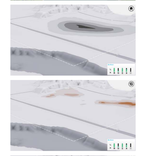


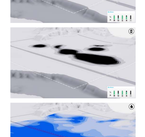


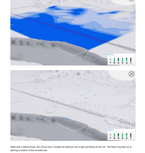


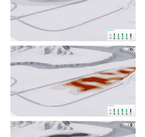
Located at the confluence of two great rivers, Whitewater Crossing has copious over-ten-deputies ready to be activated and helped along the river.

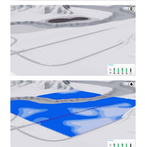
Twain





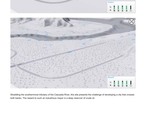






When the paddling site there is natural resources. It makes up for it in ease of use. Entering into the Tuyere. These sessions have the most beautiful rapids and the most difficult of the Grand Whitewater Run-off.

Elm Grove



Filled with a decent feeder, Elm Grove has a mellow yet elegant spiralling of fast-run. The Park recreates at a moderate speed of the actual ride.

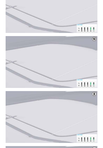
Riverbend

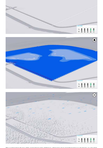
Straddling the southernmost tributary of the Cascades River, this site overcomes the challenge of developing a city from crowds and chaos. The project is built on an exceptional maze to a deep reservoir of small set.

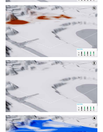
Table of Contents

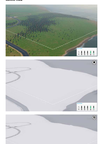
This is a quick animation test I did to see how I could animate the water. I wanted to see how I could make it look realistic and how I could make the water interact with the buildings and the ground. I also wanted to see how long it would take me to animate.

Bamba Sounds



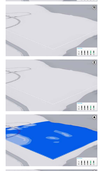


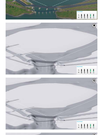


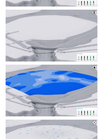


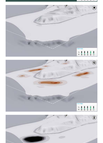
This is the first test I did to see how I could animate the water. I wanted to see how I could make it look realistic and how I could make the water interact with the buildings and the ground. I also wanted to see how long it would take me to animate.

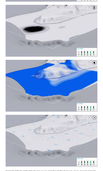
Hyper Lanching





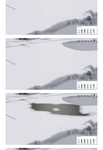


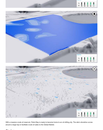


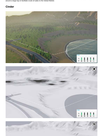


This is the second test I did to see how I could animate the water. I wanted to see how I could make it look realistic and how I could make the water interact with the buildings and the ground. I also wanted to see how long it would take me to animate.

Sunset Vista







I used this test to see how I could animate the water. I wanted to see how I could make it look realistic and how I could make the water interact with the buildings and the ground. I also wanted to see how long it would take me to animate.

Island Haven

This is the third test I did to see how I could animate the water. I wanted to see how I could make it look realistic and how I could make the water interact with the buildings and the ground. I also wanted to see how long it would take me to animate.

Trader's Ridge

This is the fourth test I did to see how I could animate the water. I wanted to see how I could make it look realistic and how I could make the water interact with the buildings and the ground. I also wanted to see how long it would take me to animate.

Forest Bay

This is the fifth test I did to see how I could animate the water. I wanted to see how I could make it look realistic and how I could make the water interact with the buildings and the ground. I also wanted to see how long it would take me to animate.

Cruise

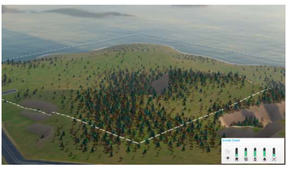
This is the sixth test I did to see how I could animate the water. I wanted to see how I could make it look realistic and how I could make the water interact with the buildings and the ground. I also wanted to see how long it would take me to animate.

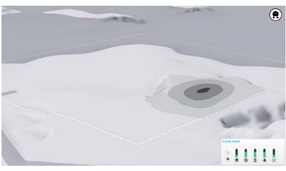
Region 5
Sunrunner Bay

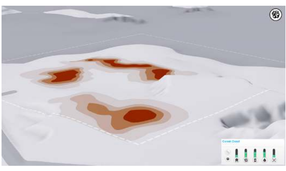
- Cities: 2
- Great Works: 1

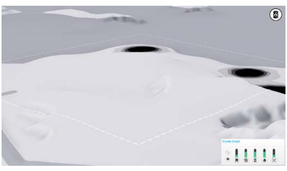
Attached to the mainland by only a narrow highway, this small island projects into Sunrunner Bay. This sunny island is a getaway for free spirits and artists. A pair of city sites share this island and all its natural splendor.

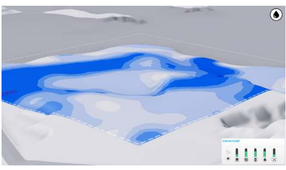
Corsair Coast





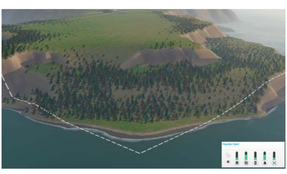


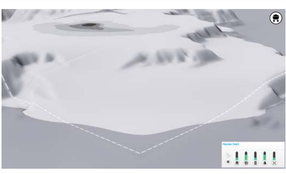


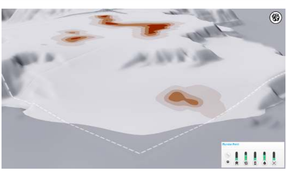


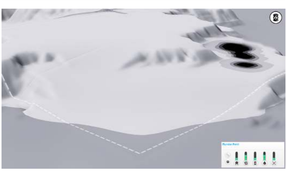
With its serene shoreline, the Corsair Coast is ideal for a wealthy tourist destination. Take advantage of bountiful crude oil deposits to amass your city's treasure.

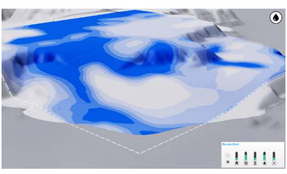
Plunder Point

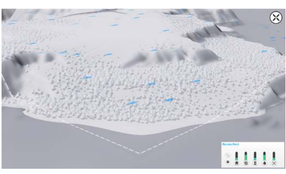












Dangling from the southern tip of the island chain, Plunder Point is the last chance for a port of trade before ships head to sea. Sea shanties tell of the abundant ore deposits in the cliffs of this coastal site.

Behind the Scenes

Maxis: A Closer Look

The *SimCity* development team at the Maxis studio in Emeryville, California.

Maxis, originally founded in 1987 and now an Electronic Arts label with studios in Emeryville, Redwood Shores, and Salt Lake City, has created some of the world's most popular franchises including *SimCity* , Spore, and The Sims—one of the best selling franchises in gaming history.

Maxis games exemplify deep simulations that encourage player-driven creativity.

Soon after entering the office, visitors are greeted by a familiar logo set against the backdrop of a massive cityscape, clearly a nod to the *SimCity* franchise.

These simulations, often referred to as "god games," allow players to create the environments and stories of the games themselves. Will Wright, co-founder of Maxis, says that what players really like about games like *SimCity* and The Sims is exploring what he calls "possibility space."

"I believe both games (*SimCity* and The Sims) deliver an experience that is uniquely Maxis," says Lucy Bradshaw, Senior Vice President of Maxis. "We take real world systems, deconstruct them, and then put them back together again in a fashion that invites our players to tinker, experiment, explore, and master these systems—from urban planning to family dynamics.

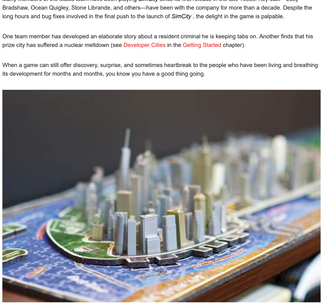
Through play and experimentation, you begin to understand how the game system works, and as you begin to master that system, you get to decide how you want to play."

Lead Designer Stone Librande lays out a prototype city consisting of tiny papercraft buildings.

Many members of the Maxis team have been playing *SimCity* since its first release in the late 1980s. Key staff—Lucy Bradshaw, Ocean Quigley, Stone Librande, and others—have been with the company for more than a decade. Despite the long hours and bug fixes involved in the final push to the launch of *SimCity* , the delight in the game is palpable.

One team member has developed an elaborate story about a resident criminal he is keeping tabs on. Another finds that his prize city has suffered a nuclear meltdown (see Developer Cities in the Getting Started chapter).

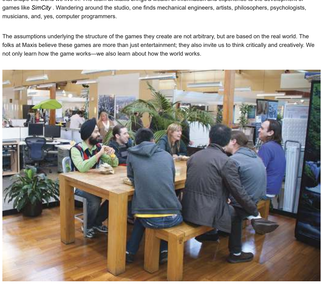
When a game can still offer discovery, surprise, and sometimes heartbreak to the people who have been living and breathing its development for months and months, you know you have a good thing going.



When creating the new *SimCity* , the team drew inspiration from many sources. The office is filled with numerous artifacts from this process, including tiny city models as well as walls covered with reference photography.

The games developed at Maxis are built to be fun, and they are. They also give players glimpses into systems and theories that shape the world we live in. The team at Maxis brings a wealth of information and experience to the development of games like *SimCity* . Wandering around the studio, one finds mechanical engineers, artists, philosophers, psychologists, musicians, and, yes, computer programmers.

The assumptions underlying the structure of the games they create are not arbitrary, but are based on the real world. The folks at Maxis believe these games are more than just entertainment; they also invite us to think critically and creatively. We not only learn how the game works—we also learn about how the world works.



Here a few team members enjoy a quick lunch break before getting back to work, helping make this the best *SimCity* yet!

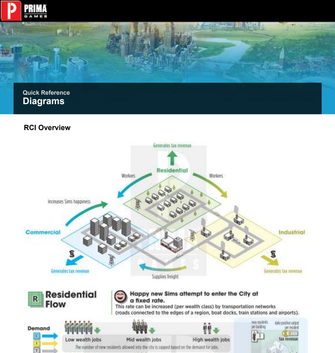
SimCity Classic, The Ultimate Series

SimCity Classic, The Ultimate Series is a compilation of the first four SimCity games released for Windows.

SimCity Classic, The Ultimate Series was released on CD-ROM in 1999 and contains SimCity, SimCity 2000, SimCity 3000 and SimCity 4. It was released by Electronic Arts and developed by Maxis.

SimCity

SimCity is a city building simulation game released in 1989 for Windows, Macintosh, Amiga, Atari ST, Commodore 64, DOS, Game Boy, Game Gear, NES, SNES, Sega Genesis, Sega 32X, Sega CD, PlayStation, Saturn, Game Boy Advance, iOS, Android, Windows Phone, Windows 8, Windows RT, Windows 10, Linux, Mac OS X, Mac OS 9, Mac OS X Lion, Mac OS X Mountain Lion, Mac OS X Mavericks, Mac OS X Yosemite, Mac OS X El Capitan, Mac OS X Sierra, Mac OS X High Sierra, Mac OS X Mojave, Mac OS X Catalina, Mac OS X Big Sur, Mac OS X Monterey, Mac OS X Ventura, Mac OS X Sonoma, Mac OS X Sequoia, Mac OS X Tahoe, Mac OS X Redwood

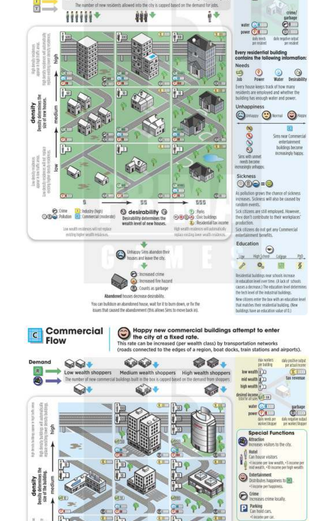


Quick Reference
Diagrams

RCI Overview

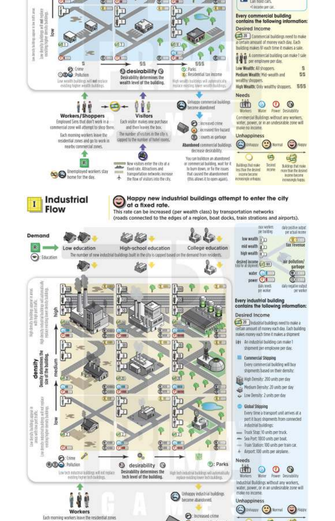
R Residential Flow

Happy new Sims attempt to enter the City at a fixed rate.
This rate can be increased (per wealth class) by transportation networks (roads connected to the edges of a region, boat docks, train stations and airports).


Demand
Low wealth jobs
Mid wealth jobs
High wealth jobs
The number of new residents allowed into the city is capped based on the demand for jobs.
density
Increased density (out of new tracts)
Crime
Pollution
desirability
Desirability determines the wealth level of new houses.
Parks
Civic buildings
Residential tax income
Low wealth residences will replace existing higher wealth residences.
Increased crime
Increased fire hazard
Courts at garbage
Abandoned houses decrease desirability.
You can bulldoze an abandoned house, wait for it to burn down, or fix the issues that caused the abandonment (this allows Sims to move back in).
Every residential building contains the following information:
Needs
Job
Power
Water
Desirability
Every house keeps track of how many residents are informed and whether the building has enough water and power.
Unhappiness
Crime
Pollution
Taxes
Sims near Commercial entertainment buildings become increasingly happy.
Sickness
Pollution
Garbage
Sickness
Air pollution grows the chance of sickness increases. Sickness will also be caused by random events.
Sick Sims will get employed. However, Sims don't contribute to their workplace's production.
Sick citizens do not get any Commercial entertainment benefits.
Education
Low
High Level
College
PhD
Residential buildings will increase in wealth level when the land value is high enough. Land value is increased by education level residences: the tech level of the industrial buildings.
New citizens will move in with an education level that matches their residential building. (New buildings have an education value of 0.5.)

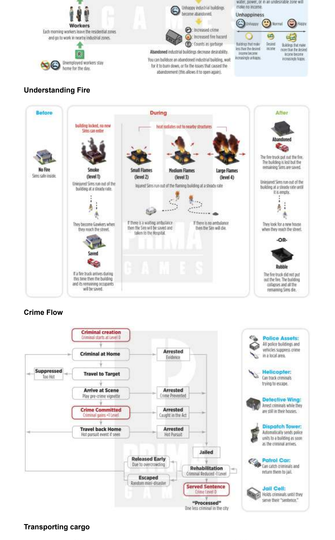
C Commercial Flow

Happy new commercial buildings attempt to enter the city at a fixed rate.
This rate can be increased (per wealth class) by transportation networks (roads connected to the edges of a region, boat docks, train stations and airports).

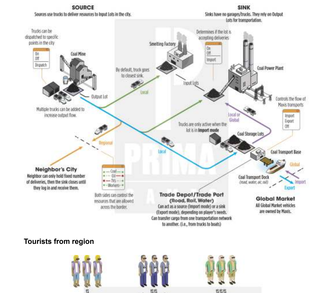

Demand
Low wealth shoppers
Medium wealth shoppers
High wealth shoppers
The number of new commercial buildings built in the city is capped based on the demand for shoppers.
density
Increased density (out of new tracts)
Crime
Pollution
desirability
Desirability determines the wealth level of the building.
Parks
Recreational tax income
Low wealth residences will replace existing higher wealth residences.
Workers/Shoppers
Each morning workers leave the residential zones and go to work in nearby commercial zones.
Each morning workers leave the residential zones and go to work in nearby commercial zones.
Unemployed workers stay home for the day.
Visitors
Each morning visitors leave the residential zones and go to work in nearby commercial zones.
Each morning visitors leave the residential zones and go to work in nearby commercial zones.
Unemployed workers stay home for the day.
New customers enter the city at a boat dock, determined by transportation networks increase the flow of visitors into the city.
Increased crime
Increased fire hazard
Courts at garbage
Abandoned commercial buildings decrease desirability.
You can bulldoze an abandoned commercial building, wait for it to burn down, or fix the issues that caused the abandonment (this allows it to open again).
Every commercial building contains the following information:
Desired Income
Commercial buildings need to make a certain amount of money each day. Each building makes money each time a customer is present.
An individual building can make 1 customer per employee per day.
Low Wealth: 40 employees per day
Medium Wealth: 80 employees per day
High Wealth: 120 employees per day
Needs
Power
Water
Desirability
Commercial Buildings without any workers, water, power, or an undesirable zone will make no income.
Unhappiness
Crime
Pollution
Taxes
Buildings that make more than the desired income will increase in wealth level.
Buildings that make more than the desired income will increase in wealth level.
Buildings that make less than the desired income will decrease in wealth level.

I Industrial Flow

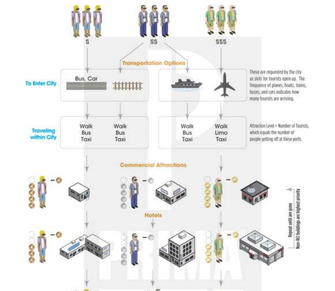
Happy new industrial buildings attempt to enter the city at a fixed rate.
This rate can be increased (per wealth class) by transportation networks (roads connected to the edges of a region, boat docks, train stations and airports).


Demand
Low education
High-school education
College education
Education
The number of new industrial buildings built in the city is capped based on the demand for workers.
density
Increased density (out of new tracts)
Crime
Pollution
desirability
Desirability determines the tech level of the building.
Parks
Recreational tax income
Low education buildings will not require a high tech level of the building.
Workers
Each morning workers leave the residential zones and go to work in nearby industrial zones.
Unemployed workers stay home for the day.
Unemployed workers will not be hired.
Increased crime
Increased fire hazard
Courts at garbage
Abandoned industrial buildings decrease desirability.
You can bulldoze an abandoned industrial building, wait for it to burn down, or fix the issues that caused the abandonment (this allows it to open again).
Every industrial building contains the following information:
Desired Income
Industrial buildings need to make a certain amount of money each day. Each building makes money each time a shipment is planned.
An individual building can make 1 shipment per employee per day.
Low Density: 20 employees per day
Medium Density: 20 units per day
High Density: 2 units per day
Needs
Power
Water
Desirability
Industrial Buildings without any workers, water, power, or an undesirable zone will make no income.
Unhappiness
Crime
Pollution
Taxes
Buildings that make more than the desired income will increase in wealth level.
Buildings that make more than the desired income will increase in wealth level.
Buildings that make less than the desired income will decrease in wealth level.

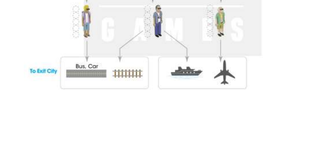
Understanding Fire


Before
No fire
Sims safe inside.
During
Spread to nearby structures
building locked, no new Sims can enter
Smoke
(Level 1)
Unexposed Sims run out of the building at a steady rate.
They become Lookers when they reach the street.
Small Flames
(Level 2)
Injured Sims run out of the burning building at a steady rate
If there is a waiting ambulance Sims like Tom will be saved and taken to the Hospital.
Medium Flames
(Level 3)
If there is no ambulance Sims like Tom will die.
Large Flames
(Level 4)
High tech level of building will help reduce building burn down time.
Saved
If a fire truck arrives during the Small Flames stage, all remaining occupants will be saved.
Dead
After
Abandoned
Rubble
The fire truck will not put out the fire. The building is lost but the remaining Sims are saved.
Unexposed Sims run out of the building at a steady rate while it is empty.
They look for a new house when they reach the street.
-OR-
The fire truck will not put out the fire. The building collapses and all the remaining Sims die.

Crime Flow



Transporting cargo


SOURCE
Sources use trucks to deliver resources to Input Lots in the city.
Trucks can be dispatched to specific points in the city
Coal Mine
Coal
Output Lot
Multiple trucks can be added to increase output flow.
Neighbor's City
Neighbor can only build fixed number of deliveries. Then the rule closes until they log in and resolve them.
SINK
Sinks have no garage/trucks. They rely on Output Lots for transportation.
Determines if the lot is accepting deliveries
Smelting Factory
Input
Input Lot
Coal Power Plant
Controls the flow of Waves transports
Import
Export
Load or Unload
Trucks are only active when the lot is in Import mode.
Coal Storage Lots
Import
Export
Coal Transport Base
Import
Export
Coal Transport Dock
Road, water, or rail
Global Market
All Global Market vehicles are owned by Maxis.
Both sides can control the resources that are delivered across the borders.
Trade Depot/Trade Port
(Road, Rail, Water)
Can act as a source (Import mode) or a sink (Export mode), depending on player's needs. Can transfer cargo from one transportation network to another. (i.e., from trucks to boats)

Tourists from region

Quick Reference

Effects on Happiness

Effects on Happiness

	Residential			Commercial			Industrial		
Causes	Low Wealth	Medium Wealth	High Wealth	Low Wealth	Medium Wealth	High Wealth	Low Tech	Medium Tech	High Tech
Low Land Value	—	😞	😞	—	😞	😞	—	—	—
No Power	😞	😞	😞	😐	😞	😞	😐	😞	😞
No Water	😞	😞	😞	😐	😞	😞	😐	😞	😞
Can't Pay Rent	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞
Uncollected Garbage	—	😐	😞	—	😐	😞	—	😐	😞
Sewage Back-up	—	😐	😞	—	😐	😞	—	😐	😞
Pollution	—	—	😐	—	—	😐	—	—	—
Germs	—	😐	😐	—	😐	😐	—	—	—
Sickness	😐	😞	😞	—	—	—	—	—	—
Injury	😐	😐	😐	—	—	—	😐	😞	😞
Death	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞
Successful Shopping	🙂	🙂	🙂	🙂	🙂	🙂	—	—	—
Tourist Shopping	—	—	—	🙂	🙂	🙂	—	—	—
Student Shopping	—	—	—	🙂	🙂	🙂	—	—	—
Visiting Parks	🙂	🙂	🙂	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lack of Any Education	—	😐	😞	—	—	—	—	😞	😞
Traffic	😐	😐	—	😐	😐	😐	—	—	—
Mass Transit	😐	😐	—	😐	😐	😐	—	—	—
Crime at Building	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞
Crime in Area	😐	😞	😞	😐	😞	😞	—	😐	😞
Crime Suppression	—	—	🙂	—	—	🙂	—	—	—
Low Taxes	🙂	🙂	—	🙂	🙂	—	🙂	🙂	—
Medium Taxes	—	—	😞	—	—	😞	—	—	😞
High Taxes	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞	😞
Low Wealth Plops	🙂	—	—	🙂	—	—	—	—	—
Medium Wealth Plops	—	🙂	—	—	🙂	—	—	—	—
High Wealth Plops	—	🙂	🙂	—	🙂	🙂	—	—	—
Fire Marshal Visits	—	—	🙂	—	—	🙂	—	—	🙂
Health Outreach Visits	—	—	🙂	—	—	🙂	—	—	🙂
Police Outreach Visits	—	—	🙂	—	—	🙂	—	—	—
Homeless	—	—	—	—	😐	😞	—	—	—
Freight Deliveries	—	—	—	—	—	—	🙂	🙂	🙂

Quick Reference

Challenges

Note

These are just a few of the challenges you can expect after launch. New challenges are released regularly, so check the game or here for details on past and current challenges. And remember, these optional tasks are timed—you need to finish in the top 10% to earn the achievement associated with each challenge, so don't waste any time.

Icon	Name	Criteria
	500 Alarm Fire	Watch out, it's dry out there. Extreme fire hazard! Extinguish 500 fires in the region.
	Another Sim Rides the Bus	Not everyone can take a limo to work, Moneybags. Some honest, hard workin' Sims have to take the bus. Pick up 100,000 Sims on buses in the region.
	Black Gold	Get those other regions over a barrel with your oil empire! Sell 100,000 barrels of the region's crude oil.
	Blinded by Science	Build the region of tomorrow, today! Have 100 high tech industry buildings in the region.
	Gone Fission	Split the atom to harness the ultimate power! Maintain 10 gigawatts of power in the region using only Nuclear Power Plants.
	Heavy Metal Finish	Muster your mettle to master metal! Upgrade a Metals HQ to a Metals Global in a city in the region.
	Lockdown!	There are too many criminals on the loose! Time to crack down on crime! Lock up 500 criminals in holding cells throughout the region.
	Population Explosion	Encourage a baby boom in the region! Reach 150,000 population in the region.
	Soak the Rich	Concerned the wealthy aren't paying their fair share? Bleed § 1,000,000 in tax revenue from the rich throughout the region!
	Soot Yourself	Environment schmenvironment, coal is plentiful. Let it burn! Burn 1,000,000 tons of coal in Coal Power Plants throughout the region.
	The Final Frontier	Build some expensive technology and launch it into orbit! Launch a satellite!
	Time to Crate	Let's get SimWorld working again. Ship 100,000 crates from industry throughout the region.
	Vacation Destination	It's vacation time! Get ready for busloads of out of place tourists! Welcome the 100,000th tourist to the region.
	What a Waste	It smells, it's gross, but you have to deal with it. Treat 1,000,000 gallons of the region's sewage.

Quick Reference
Achievements

City Management

Icon	Name	Criteria
	Best Mayor Ever!	Have an approval rating of 95% or more.
	Big Government	Place one of each of the City Hall departments on a single City Hall.
	Busy Downtown	Have at least 100 commercial buildings in your city.
	Good Credit	Pay off 1,000,000 in bond debt.
	Industrial Revolution	Have 100 industrial buildings in your city.
	Jumbo Region!	Have 1,000,000 residents living in a region.
	Mega-Region!	Have 2,000,000 residents living in a region.
	Metropolis!	Have 100,000 residents living in your city.
	Money Cube	Have a total income of 15,000+ per hour.
	Multi-Millionaire City	Have 10,000,000 in your treasury.
	My Favorite Mayor	Have 24 hours of a 75% or better approval rating.
	Population Boom	Have 50,000 residents living in your city.
	Quid Pro Quo	Place one each of all the modules on a single Mayor's Mansion.
	Sand Through My Fingers	Have total expenses of 15,000+ per hour.
	Suburb City	Have 10,000 residents living in your city.
	Suburbtopia	Have 500 residential buildings in your city.
	Worst. Mayor. Ever.	Hold an approval rating of below 50% for 24 hours.

City Specialization

Icon	Name	Criteria
	A Lot of Lots	Place 6 unique storage lot types on any Trade Depot or Trade Port.
	All Oiled Up	Pump 10,000 barrels of crude oil in a day.
	Blast Furnace	Smelt a total of 100 tons of metal.
	Electrical Magic	Assemble 4,000 crates of processors in a day.
	King Coal	Extract a total of 100 tons of coal.
	Moving Pictures	Assemble 100 crates of TVs in one day in a single city.
	Penny Slots	Generate 200,000 in total revenue from casinos.
	Refined Tastes	Refine 40 barrels of fuel and 40 crates of plastic in a single city in one hour.
	Sin City	Place one of each type of casino in a single city.
	Specialist First Class	Select "Guide Me" for any city specialization.
	To Be, Ore Not To Be	Extract a total of 100 tons of raw ore.
	Trading Empire	Ship 250,000 global market export shipments.
	You Mean Business!	Plop every City Specialization HQ in the game.

RCI

Icon	Name	Criteria
	Apartment Rows	Have 50 high density, low wealth residential buildings in your city.
	Billionaire's Playground	Have 10 high density, high wealth residential buildings in your city.
	Elite Estates	Have 50 low density, high wealth residential buildings in your city.
	Office Parks	Have 50 low density, high wealth commercial buildings in your city.
	Skyscraper Magnet	Have 10 high density, high wealth commercial buildings.
	Technophile	Have 40 high density, high tech industrial buildings in your city.
	The Big (Insert Fruit Here)	Have 50 high density, low wealth commercial buildings in your city.

City Services

Icon	Name	Criteria
	A Streetcar Named SimCity	Have 1,000 Sims travel by streetcar in a day.
	All Aboard!	Have 1,000 Sims take the train in a day.
	Aqua Max	Have a city that has over 100 kgal of water needed per hour.
	Bad Move, Creeps	Have your police capture their first criminal.
	Cruisin' Along	Have 2,000 Sims take a cruise in a day.
	Dump City!	Have 560 tons of garbage in your Garbage Dumps.
	EMT ASAP	Pick up and treat 50 injured Sims in one day.
	Garbage Man!	Pick up 10 tons of garbage in a day.
	Green Plumbobs	Pick up 10 tons of recyclables in your city in a day.
	High Tech Fire Fightin'	Add the hazmat Garage, the Fire Helipad, and the Fire Marshal Office to a Large Fire Station in your city.
	Ick or Treat!	Treat 200 kgal/hr of sewage at a Sewage Treatment Plant.
	Main Attraction	Have 300 low wealth tourists leave your city satisfied in one day.
	Medical Miracle	Plop a Hospital and treat 200 sick Sims in a day.
	No Child Left Behind	Plop 20 School Bus Stops in one city.
	Only You Can Prevent City Fires	Put out more than 10 fires in a day.
	Redemption of the Sims	Rehabilitate 50 Criminals in a day.
	Revolving Doors	Have 25 criminals released from jail cells in one day due to overcrowding.
	Sewage Stuffing	With 10,000 or more residents, prevent sewage issues using only Sewage Outlet Pipes.
	SimCity University!	Have a University with each School module.
	Sludge-free H-2-O!	Pump 500 kgal of fresh, clean water in an hour.
	Sunday! Sunday! Sunday!	Run a successful stadium event in your city.
	Super-Powered	Have a city that has over 300 MW of power needed per hour.
	You're on Fire!	Extinguish 1 Hazmat fire in your city in a day!

Region

Icon	Name	Criteria
	A Burning Region of Fire	Have 50 fires extinguished in your region in a day.
	All-Powerful City	Produce power from one of each type of power plant in a city in the region (Coal, Oil, Wind, Solar and Nuclear).
	Extraditions	Have your police capture 50 criminals in neighbors' cities.
	Godfather	Have 50 crimes in one month in a region of 5,000+ residents.
	Llamahound	Have a municipal bus from a neighbor make 100 trips into your city within a year.
	Make Sure You're Grounded...	Provide both power and water to a neighbor, at the same time.
	Team Mayor	Grant approvals for 10 buildings for the region.
	The Philanthropist	Gift 200,000 or more to a neighbor.
	Time to Relocate	Have 200+ garbage issues at once in a region.
	Field Trip!	Have at least 8,000 high school students commute between cities in the region.

Secret

Icon	Name	Criteria
	2 Kilometer Island!	Have a nuclear meltdown in your city.
	Blowin' in the Wind	Have 24 Wind Turbines at Wind Power Plants in your city to gain access to the Tornado disaster.
	Bronze Anniversary	Play a city for 10 years.
	Dug Too Greedily and Too Deep	Mine 100 tons of coal or raw ore in your city to gain access to the Earthquake disaster.
	Golden Anniversary	Play a city for 50 years! Take a break!
	Laboratory Outbreak	Add a Diagnostic Lab to a Hospital and have 15 Sims die in a day to gain access to the Zombie Attack disaster.
	Mayor Yuck	Have 500 Sims complaining about dirty water in a day.
	Silver Anniversary	Play a city for 25 years!
	We Are Not Alone	Ship any resource to a Space Center Great Work to gain access to the UFO Encounter disaster.
	What Goes Up Must Come Down	Have 200 tourists arrive on flights at the Municipal Airport in a day to gain access to the Meteor Strike disaster.
	What's Cookin'?	Burn 100 tons of garbage in an Incinerator at the Garbage Dump to gain access to the Big Lizard disaster.

Deluxe Edition

Icon	Name	Criteria
	French Authority	Lock up 10 criminals at the French Police Station.
	German Efficiency	Have 5,000 Sims take trips on trains from the German High-Speed Rail Station.
	UK Character	Have 1,000 Sims get picked up by buses from the Bus Terminal.

Epic Battle Fight Tube - Official Multiplayer & Player Battles

Welcome to the Power Grid wiki! Here you will find information about all the buildings, resources, and other features in the game. Power Grid is a game about building and managing a power grid. You can build power plants, transmission lines, and substations to generate and distribute electricity to your customers. You can also trade resources with other players and compete for the most powerful grid.

Coal

Coal is a fossil fuel that is formed from the remains of plants that lived millions of years ago. It is a black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is composed mainly of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. Coal is used as a fuel source for power plants and industrial processes. It is also used to make coke, which is a fuel that is used in the production of steel. Coal is found in many parts of the world, but the largest deposits are in China, the United States, and India. Coal mining can be dangerous, and it can also have a negative impact on the environment. However, coal is a relatively inexpensive fuel source, and it is likely to remain an important part of the energy mix for many years to come.

Wind Power Plant

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Construction time: 10 minutes
- Energy output: 1 MW
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Wind power plants are a renewable energy source that uses the wind to generate electricity. They are made up of a tower, a nacelle, and a rotor. The nacelle contains the generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the rotor into electrical energy. The rotor is made up of three blades that are attached to the nacelle. The blades are designed to catch the wind and turn the rotor. Wind power plants are a clean and sustainable way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be noisy. They are also not always reliable, as the wind does not always blow.

Battery

Battery Car Sign

- Cost: $1,000
- Capacity: 100 kWh
- Maximum charge rate: 50 kW
- Maximum discharge rate: 50 kW

Battery car signs are a type of battery that is used to power electric vehicles. They are made up of a number of individual cells that are connected together in series and parallel. The cells are typically made of lithium-ion, which is a type of rechargeable battery that is known for its high energy density and long lifespan. Battery car signs are typically mounted on the roof of a vehicle, and they can be charged using a standard electrical outlet or a dedicated charging station. They can also be charged using regenerative braking, which is a process that converts the kinetic energy of the vehicle into electrical energy. Battery car signs are a relatively new technology, but they are becoming increasingly popular as the demand for electric vehicles grows. They are a clean and efficient way to power vehicles, and they can help to reduce our reliance on fossil fuels.

Nuclear Power Plant

- Cost: $10,000,000
- Construction time: 10 years
- Energy output: 1,000 MW
- Maintenance cost: $1,000,000 per year

Nuclear power plants are a type of power plant that uses nuclear reactions to generate electricity. They are made up of a reactor, a steam generator, and a turbine. The reactor contains the nuclear fuel, which is typically uranium. The steam generator heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Nuclear power plants are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Solar Panels

- Cost: $1,000
- Energy output: 100 W
- Lifespan: 25 years
- Maintenance cost: $10 per year

Solar panels are a renewable energy source that uses the sun to generate electricity. They are made up of a number of individual cells that are connected together in series and parallel. The cells are typically made of silicon, which is a semiconductor that is able to absorb sunlight and convert it into electrical energy. Solar panels are typically mounted on the roof of a building, and they can be connected to the grid or to a battery. They can also be used to power off-grid systems, such as remote cabins or boats. Solar panels are a clean and sustainable way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to install, and they can be affected by weather conditions. They are also not always reliable, as they can only generate electricity when the sun is shining.

Large Pulverizer Turbine

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 1,000 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Large pulverizer turbines are a type of turbine that is used to generate electricity from the kinetic energy of wind. They are made up of a tower, a nacelle, and a rotor. The nacelle contains the generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the rotor into electrical energy. The rotor is made up of three blades that are attached to the nacelle. The blades are designed to catch the wind and turn the rotor. Large pulverizer turbines are a clean and sustainable way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be noisy. They are also not always reliable, as the wind does not always blow.

Small Pulverizer Turbine

- Cost: $100,000
- Capacity: 100 kW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 20 years
- Maintenance cost: $10,000 per year

Small pulverizer turbines are a type of turbine that is used to generate electricity from the kinetic energy of wind. They are made up of a tower, a nacelle, and a rotor. The nacelle contains the generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the rotor into electrical energy. The rotor is made up of three blades that are attached to the nacelle. The blades are designed to catch the wind and turn the rotor. Small pulverizer turbines are a clean and sustainable way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be noisy. They are also not always reliable, as the wind does not always blow.

Nuclear Turbine

- Cost: $10,000,000
- Capacity: 1,000 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $1,000,000 per year

Nuclear turbines are a type of turbine that is used to generate electricity from the heat of nuclear reactions. They are made up of a reactor, a steam generator, and a turbine. The reactor contains the nuclear fuel, which is typically uranium. The steam generator heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Nuclear turbines are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Coal Power Plant

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 30%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Coal power plants are a type of power plant that uses coal to generate electricity. They are made up of a boiler, a steam turbine, and a generator. The boiler heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Coal power plants are a relatively inexpensive way to generate electricity, but they are also a major source of pollution. They emit a variety of pollutants, including sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, and particulate matter. These pollutants can cause a variety of health problems, including respiratory illnesses and heart disease. Coal power plants are also a major source of greenhouse gas emissions, which contribute to climate change.

Biofuel

Biofuel Storage Tank

- Cost: $1,000
- Capacity: 100 liters
- Material: Steel
- Maintenance cost: $10 per year

Biofuel storage tanks are used to store biofuel, which is a renewable energy source that is made from plant materials. Biofuel storage tanks are typically made of steel or plastic, and they can be found at gas stations, power plants, and other facilities that use biofuel. Biofuel storage tanks are important because they allow biofuel to be stored safely and efficiently. They also help to prevent biofuel from spoiling or evaporating. Biofuel storage tanks are a relatively simple technology, but they are an important part of the biofuel industry.

Wide Fuel Generator

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 30%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Wide fuel generators are a type of power plant that uses biofuel to generate electricity. They are made up of a boiler, a steam turbine, and a generator. The boiler heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Wide fuel generators are a relatively clean way to generate electricity, but they are also a major source of pollution. They emit a variety of pollutants, including sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, and particulate matter. These pollutants can cause a variety of health problems, including respiratory illnesses and heart disease. Wide fuel generators are also a major source of greenhouse gas emissions, which contribute to climate change.

Nuclear

Advanced Nuclear Generator

- Cost: $10,000,000
- Capacity: 1,000 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $1,000,000 per year

Advanced nuclear generators are a type of nuclear power plant that uses a more efficient and safer design than traditional nuclear power plants. They are made up of a reactor, a steam generator, and a turbine. The reactor contains the nuclear fuel, which is typically uranium. The steam generator heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Advanced nuclear generators are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Nuclear Fuel Generator

- Cost: $10,000,000
- Capacity: 1,000 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $1,000,000 per year

Nuclear fuel generators are a type of nuclear power plant that uses nuclear fuel to generate electricity. They are made up of a reactor, a steam generator, and a turbine. The reactor contains the nuclear fuel, which is typically uranium. The steam generator heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Nuclear fuel generators are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Mini Fuel Generator

- Cost: $1,000
- Capacity: 100 W
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 10 years
- Maintenance cost: $10 per year

Mini fuel generators are a type of small power plant that uses fuel to generate electricity. They are made up of a boiler, a steam turbine, and a generator. The boiler heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Mini fuel generators are a relatively clean way to generate electricity, but they are also a major source of pollution. They emit a variety of pollutants, including sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, and particulate matter. These pollutants can cause a variety of health problems, including respiratory illnesses and heart disease. Mini fuel generators are also a major source of greenhouse gas emissions, which contribute to climate change.

Mini Nuclear Generator

- Cost: $10,000,000
- Capacity: 1,000 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $1,000,000 per year

Mini nuclear generators are a type of small nuclear power plant that uses nuclear fuel to generate electricity. They are made up of a reactor, a steam generator, and a turbine. The reactor contains the nuclear fuel, which is typically uranium. The steam generator heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Mini nuclear generators are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Fuel Power Plant

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 30%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Fuel power plants are a type of power plant that uses fuel to generate electricity. They are made up of a boiler, a steam turbine, and a generator. The boiler heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Fuel power plants are a relatively inexpensive way to generate electricity, but they are also a major source of pollution. They emit a variety of pollutants, including sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, and particulate matter. These pollutants can cause a variety of health problems, including respiratory illnesses and heart disease. Fuel power plants are also a major source of greenhouse gas emissions, which contribute to climate change.

Nuclear Power Plant

- Cost: $10,000,000
- Capacity: 1,000 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $1,000,000 per year

Nuclear power plants are a type of power plant that uses nuclear reactions to generate electricity. They are made up of a reactor, a steam generator, and a turbine. The reactor contains the nuclear fuel, which is typically uranium. The steam generator heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Nuclear power plants are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Oil

Oil Derrick

- Cost: $1,000
- Capacity: 100 barrels per day
- Maintenance cost: $10 per day

Oil derricks are used to drill for oil. They are typically made of steel and can be found on land or offshore. Oil derricks are important because they allow oil to be extracted from the ground. They also help to prevent oil from spilling or leaking. Oil derricks are a relatively simple technology, but they are an important part of the oil industry.

Oil Refinery

- Cost: $10,000,000
- Capacity: 100,000 barrels per day
- Maintenance cost: $1,000,000 per year

Oil refineries are used to refine crude oil into gasoline, diesel, and other products. They are typically made of steel and can be found on land or offshore. Oil refineries are important because they allow crude oil to be processed into useful products. They also help to prevent oil from spilling or leaking. Oil refineries are a relatively complex technology, but they are an important part of the oil industry.

Oil Storage Tank

- Cost: $1,000
- Capacity: 100 barrels
- Material: Steel
- Maintenance cost: $10 per year

Oil storage tanks are used to store oil. They are typically made of steel and can be found at gas stations, power plants, and other facilities that use oil. Oil storage tanks are important because they allow oil to be stored safely and efficiently. They also help to prevent oil from spoiling or evaporating. Oil storage tanks are a relatively simple technology, but they are an important part of the oil industry.

Oil Power Plant

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 30%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Oil power plants are a type of power plant that uses oil to generate electricity. They are made up of a boiler, a steam turbine, and a generator. The boiler heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Oil power plants are a relatively inexpensive way to generate electricity, but they are also a major source of pollution. They emit a variety of pollutants, including sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, and particulate matter. These pollutants can cause a variety of health problems, including respiratory illnesses and heart disease. Oil power plants are also a major source of greenhouse gas emissions, which contribute to climate change.

Water

Hydro Generator

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Hydro generators are a type of power plant that uses water to generate electricity. They are made up of a dam, a reservoir, and a turbine. The dam holds back the water in the reservoir, which creates a head of water. The water flows through the turbine, which is connected to a generator. The generator converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Hydro generators are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Pressurized Water Reactor

- Cost: $10,000,000
- Capacity: 1,000 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $1,000,000 per year

Pressurized water reactors are a type of nuclear power plant that uses water to cool the reactor. They are made up of a reactor, a steam generator, and a turbine. The reactor contains the nuclear fuel, which is typically uranium. The steam generator heats water to create steam, which then drives the turbine. The turbine is connected to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Pressurized water reactors are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Pumped Water Power Plant

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Pumped water power plants are a type of power plant that uses water to generate electricity. They are made up of a dam, a reservoir, and a turbine. The dam holds back the water in the reservoir, which creates a head of water. The water flows through the turbine, which is connected to a generator. The generator converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Pumped water power plants are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Water Power Plant

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Water power plants are a type of power plant that uses water to generate electricity. They are made up of a dam, a reservoir, and a turbine. The dam holds back the water in the reservoir, which creates a head of water. The water flows through the turbine, which is connected to a generator. The generator converts the mechanical energy of the turbine into electrical energy. Water power plants are a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be dangerous if they are not operated properly. They are also not always reliable, as they can be shut down for maintenance or repairs.

Wind

Wind Turbine

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Wind turbines are a type of power plant that uses wind to generate electricity. They are made up of a tower, a nacelle, and a rotor. The nacelle contains the generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the rotor into electrical energy. The rotor is made up of three blades that are attached to the nacelle. The blades are designed to catch the wind and turn the rotor. Wind turbines are a clean and sustainable way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be noisy. They are also not always reliable, as the wind does not always blow.

Mini Wind Turbine

- Cost: $1,000
- Capacity: 100 W
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 10 years
- Maintenance cost: $10 per year

Mini wind turbines are a type of small power plant that uses wind to generate electricity. They are made up of a tower, a nacelle, and a rotor. The nacelle contains the generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the rotor into electrical energy. The rotor is made up of three blades that are attached to the nacelle. The blades are designed to catch the wind and turn the rotor. Mini wind turbines are a clean and sustainable way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be noisy. They are also not always reliable, as the wind does not always blow.

Wind Power Plant

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Wind power plants are a type of power plant that uses wind to generate electricity. They are made up of a tower, a nacelle, and a rotor. The nacelle contains the generator, which converts the mechanical energy of the rotor into electrical energy. The rotor is made up of three blades that are attached to the nacelle. The blades are designed to catch the wind and turn the rotor. Wind power plants are a clean and sustainable way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to build and maintain, and they can be noisy. They are also not always reliable, as the wind does not always blow.

Solar Panels

- Cost: $1,000
- Energy output: 100 W
- Lifespan: 25 years
- Maintenance cost: $10 per year

Solar panels are a renewable energy source that uses the sun to generate electricity. They are made up of a number of individual cells that are connected together in series and parallel. The cells are typically made of silicon, which is a semiconductor that is able to absorb sunlight and convert it into electrical energy. Solar panels are typically mounted on the roof of a building, and they can be connected to the grid or to a battery. They can also be used to power off-grid systems, such as remote cabins or boats. Solar panels are a clean and sustainable way to generate electricity. They do not produce any emissions, and they do not require any fuel. However, they can be expensive to install, and they can be affected by weather conditions. They are also not always reliable, as they can only generate electricity when the sun is shining.

Power Grid Overview

- Cost: $1,000,000
- Capacity: 100 MW
- Efficiency: 90%
- Lifespan: 30 years
- Maintenance cost: $100,000 per year

Power grid overview is a type of power plant that uses a variety of renewable energy sources to generate electricity. It is made up of a number of different power plants, including wind turbines, solar panels, and hydro generators. The power plants are connected to a grid, which distributes the electricity to homes and businesses. Power grid overview is a clean and efficient way to generate electricity. It does not produce any emissions, and it does not require any fuel. However, it can be expensive to build and maintain, and it can be affected by weather conditions. It is also not always reliable, as it can only generate electricity when the sun is shining and the wind is blowing.

Other Power Plants

- Coal Power Plant
- Nuclear Power Plant
- Oil Power Plant
- Water Power Plant
- Wind Power Plant
- Solar Panels
- Power Grid Overview